Audio ICs

LED level meter driver, 12-point, linear scale, dot or bar display BA689

The BA689 is a monolithic IC for LED level meter applications. The display level range is 0mV_{rms} to 300mV_{rms} (typ.) divided into 12 equally-spaced points with 25mV_{rms} steps. The constant current outputs can be set using external resistors to allow use of different color LEDs in various combinations.

Applications

Signal meters, parity checkers, and air conditioner temperature displays

Features

- 1) 12-point level meter driver for bar/dot displays.
- 2) Fixed-current outputs that can directly drive LEDs.
- Output current can be set using external resistors allowing different types of LEDs to be used in combination.
- 4) Built-in half-wave rectifier amplifier.
- 5) LED on and off timing can be set using an external capacitor and resistor.
- 6) With bar-type display, by connecting four LEDs in series, power consumption is reduced.

Block diagram



648

<u>rohm</u>

●Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25℃)

Parameter	Symbol	' Limits	Unit V mW	
Supply voltage	Vcc	15		
Power dissipation	Pd	1100*		
Operating temperature	Topr	-20~60	°C	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-55~125	ĉ	

* Reduced by 11.0mW for each increase in Ta of 1°C over 25°C.

•Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise specified $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$, Vcc = 12V, and f = 1kHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement Circuit
Supply voltage range	Vcc	10	12	14	V	When VF (LED) = 2V	. Fig.1
Quiescent current	lo	-	5	10	mA	V _{IN} =0V	Fig.1
LED current setting range	ILED	-	_	20	mA	Set using R1 (see Fig. 3)	Fig.1
Pin 5 LED current	LED	12	16	20	mA	R1=27kΩ	Fig.1
LED current deviation	∆l _{LED}	-2.0	0	2.0	mA	$R_1 = 27k\Omega$, With respect to the pin 5 LEO value.	Fig.1
Sensitivity	Vin	160	250	320	mV₀ms	f = 1kHz, pin 7 output on level	Fig.1
Comparator level 1	V _{C1}	0.05	0.10	0.15	-	Pin 17 output with respect to Vc10	Fig.1
Comparator level 2	V _{C2}	0.15	0.20	0.25	-	Pin 16 output with respect to Vc10	Fig.1
Comparator level 3	Vc3	0.25	0.30	0.35	_	Pin 15 output with respect to Voto	Fig.1
Comparator level 4	V _{C4}	0.35	0.40	0.45	-	Pin 14 output with respect to Vc10	Fig.1
Comparator level 5	V _{C5}	0.45	0.50	0.55	-	Pin 13 output with respect to Vc10	Fig.1
Comparator level 6	V _{C6}	0.55	0.60	0.65	-	Pin 12 output with respect to Vc10	Fig.1
Comparator level 7	V _{C7}	0.65	0.70	0.75	_	Pin 11 output with respect to Vc10	Fig.1
Comparator level 8	V _{CB}	0.75	0.80	0.85	-	Pin 10 output with respect to Vc10	Fig.1
Comparator level 9	Vce	0.85	0.90	0.95	-	Pin 8 output with respect to Vc10	Fig.1
Comparator level 10	Vcto	—	1	-	-	Pin 7 output (Vc10 level is 1)	Fig.1
Comparator level 11	Vçıı	1.05	1.10	1.15	-	Pin 6 output with respect to Vc10	Fig.1
Comparator level 12	Vc12	1.15	1.20	1.25	-	Pin 5 output with respect to Vc10	Fig.1

Notes: (1) The input must be adjusted at the point that the 10th LED lights. If the input is not adjusted, the measurements may differ slightly from those given above. (2) If component values other than those recommended are used, the circuit current and voltage measurements will differ from those given above.

ROHM

649

i

Measurement circuit





ROHM

Application example



Note: Ensure that the voltage on the LED current output pins (5 to 8 and 10 to 17) is always 2V of more. If the voltage is below 2V, the current may drop significantly. Take particular care when using high VF LEDs in bar display applications.



(2) Dot display connections

Recommended values $H_1 = 27k\Omega$ (green LED) or 39 to $47k\Omega$ (red LED) $VR_2 = 10k\Omega$, C1 = 2.2 μ F R3 = 10kΩ, C2 = 10 μ F $C_3 = 10 \ \mu F$ (these values are the same for both bar and dot display)

Fig.2 Basic application examples

External components

(1) LED current setting resistor (R₁)

This resistor sets the LED current value. Refer to Fig. 3 for the relationship between the value of this resistor and the current value. The recommended value is $27k\Omega$ for green LEDs, and $39k\Omega$ for red LEDs. If the LED current is set too high, the allowable power dissipation of the package may be exceeded, so exercise due caution.

(2) Input coupling capacitor (C1)

This capacitor connects the BA689 to external input circuits. The recommended value is 2.2 μ F.

(3) Input bias resistor (R2)

This resistor is the input impedance. If the value is set too large, the DC bias voltage will increase, and the input offset will increase and have an effect on the comparators. The recommended value is $10k\,\Omega$.

(4) Resistor and capacitor that set the LED operation level discharge time constant (R₃ and C₂)

These components set the discharge time constant for LED operation level. The recommended values are R_{ϑ} = $10k\Omega$ and $C_2 = 10 \mu F$.

(5) Power supply capacitor (C₃)

This capacitor stabilizes the power supply line. The recommended value is 10 µ F. This capacitor will have no effect if its value is 1 μ F or less.

Audio accessory components





Fig. 3 LED current vs. R₁ setting

Operation notes

(1) LED connection

Connect the LEDs as indicated in Fig. 2. Note that the connection methods are different for bar and dot displays, and that in the case of bar display, pin 18 is open, while for dot display, pin 18 is connected to GND.

When using different color LEDs that have different current values (e.g. green for the lower 10 LEDs and red for the top two) set the value of the current to the larger LED current using the external resistor, and adjust the current value for LEDs that require a smaller current by connecting resistors in parallel them.

If you wish to remove LEDs, be certain to short unused LEDs.

(2) LED current adjustment

The LED current is set using R_1 . The relationship between the value of R_1 and the typical LED current is given in Fig. 3.

(3) Comparator voltage

In the case of the BA689, the comparator voltage is the input voltage when about half LED current setting value (typ.) is flowing in an LED.

Therefore, if the LED current is set to 16mA, the comparator voltage is the value when 8mA is flowing in the LED.

Application example (DC input)

DC input is input directly to pin 3 (see Fig. 4). However, when the input level is high, connect the input directly to the amplifier output (pin 4) as shown in Fig. 5. When this is done dispersion of the rectifier amplifier gain ceases to be a factor, and the comparator dispersion becomes extremely small.



Fig. 4

If the resistance of the 100k Ω VR shown in Fig. 5 becomes too small, the discharge time constant determined by R₁ and C₁ will change, and the response time will vary. The maximum input level to pin 4 is 6V.



Fig. 5

rohm



Level meter drivers

Audio accessory components

External dimensions (Unit: mm)





ROHM

Notes

- The contents described in this catalogue are correct as of March 1997.
- No unauthorized transmission or reproduction of this book, either in whole or in part, is permitted.
- The contents of this book are subject to change without notice. Always verify before use that the contents are the latest specifications. If, by any chance, a defect should arise in the equipment as a result of use without verification of the specifications, ROHM CO., LTD., can bear no responsibility whatsoever.
- Application circuit diagrams and circuit constants contained in this data book are shown as examples of standard use and operation. When designing for mass production, please pay careful attention to peripheral conditions.
- Any and all data, including, but not limited to application circuit diagrams, information, and various data, described in this catalogue are intended only as illustrations of such devices and not as the specifications for such devices. ROHM CO., LTD., disclaims any warranty that any use of such device shall be free from infringement of any third party's intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights, and further, assumes absolutely no liability in the event of any such infringement, or arising from or connected with or related to the use of such devices.
- Upon the sale of any such devices; other than for the buyer's right to use such devices itself, resell or otherwise dispose of the same; no express or implied right or license to practice or commercially exploit any intellectual property rights or other proprietary rights owned or controlled by ROHM CO., LTD., is granted to any such buyer.
- The products in this manual are manufactured with silicon as the main material.
- The products in this manual are not of radiation resistant design.

The products listed in this catalogue are designed to be used with ordinary electronic equipment or devices (such as audio-visual equipment, office-automation equipment, communications devices, electrical appliances, and electronic toys). Should you intend to use these products with equipment or devices which require an extremely high level of reliability and the malfunction of which would directly endanger human life (such as medical instruments, transportation equipment, aerospace machinery, nuclear-reactor controllers, fuel controllers, or other safety devices) please be sure to consult with our sales representatives in advance.

Notes when exporting

- It is essential to obtain export permission when exporting any of the above products when it falls under the category of strategic material (or labor) as determined by foreign exchange or foreign trade control laws.
- Please be sure to consult with our sales representatives to ascertain whether any product is classified as a strategic material.