

SLUS118A-MAY 1999-REVISED MAY 2007

32 k \times 8 NONVOLATILE SRAM (5 V, 3.3 V)

FEATURES

- Data Retention for at least 10 Years Without
 Power
- Automatic Write-Protection During Power-up/Power-down Cycles
- Conventional SRAM Operation, Including
 Unlimited Write Cycles
- Internal Isolation of Battery before Power Application
- 5-V or 3.3-V Operation
- Industry Standard 28-Pin DIP Pinout

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The CMOS bq4011/Y/LY is a nonvolatile 262,144-bit static RAM organized as 32,768 words by 8 bits. The integral control circuitry and lithium energy source provide reliable nonvolatility coupled with the unlimited write cycles of standard SRAM.

The control circuitry constantly monitors the single supply for an out-of-tolerance condition. When V_{CC} falls out of tolerance, the SRAM is unconditionally write-protected to prevent an inadvertent write operation.

At this time the integral energy source is switched on to sustain the memory until after V_{CC} returns valid.

The bq4011/Y/LY uses extremely low standby current CMOS SRAMs, coupled with small lithium coin cells to provide nonvolatility without long write-cycle times and the write-cycle limitations associated with EEPROM.

The bq4011/Y/LY requires no external circuitry and is compatible with the industry-standard 256-kb SRAM pinout.

PIN CONNECTIONS

28–Pin DIP Module (TOP VIEW)

	(,	
A ₁₄ [10	28	V _{CC}
A ₁₂	2	27	WE
А7 [3	26	A ₁₃
А ₆ [4	25	
A ₅ [5	24	
Α ₄ [6	23	A ₁₁
A ₃ [7	22	OE
A ₂ [8		A ₁₀
A ₁ [9	20	CE
A ₀ [10	19	DQ7
DQ_0	11	18	DQ_6
DQ1	12	17	DQ_5
DQ ₂	13	16	DQ_4
V _{SS} [14	15	DQ_3

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Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



DEVICE INFORMATION

Table 1. TERMINAL FUNCTIONS

Т	ERMINAL		DECODIDITION
NAME	NUMBER		DESCRIPTION
A ₀	10	I	
A ₁	9	I	
A ₂	8	I	
A ₃	7	I	
A ₄	6	I	
A ₅	5	I	
A ₆	4	I	
A ₇	3	I	Address inputs
A ₈	25	I	
A ₉	24	I	
A ₁₀	21	I	
A ₁₁	23	I	
A ₁₂	2	I	
A ₁₃	26	I	
A ₁₄	1	I	
CE	20	I	Chip-enable input
DQ ₀	11	I/O	
DQ ₁	12	I/O	
DQ ₂	13	I/O	
DQ ₃	15	I/O	Data input/output
DQ ₄	16	I/O	
DQ ₅	17	I/O	
DQ ₆	18	I/O	
DQ ₇	19	I/O	
OE	22	I	Output enable input
V _{CC}	28	I	Supply voltage input
V _{SS}	14	-	Ground
WE	27	I	Write enable input

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

When power is valid, the bq4011/Y/LY operates as a standard CMOS SRAM. During power-down and power-up cycles, the bq4011/Y/LY acts as a nonvolatile memory, automatically protecting and preserving the memory contents.

Power-down/power-up control circuitry constantly monitors the V_{CC} supply for a power-fail-detect threshold V_{PFD}. The bq4011 monitors for V_{PFD} = 4.62 V typical for use in 5-V systems with 5% supply tolerance. The bq4011Y monitors for V_{PFD} = 4.37 V typical for use in 5-V systems with 10% supply tolerance. The bq4011LY monitors for V_{PFD} = 2.90 V (typ) for use in 3.3-V systems.

When V_{CC} falls below the V_{PFD} threshold, the SRAM automatically write-protects the data. All outputs become high impedance, and all inputs are treated as *don't care*. If a valid access is in process at the time of power-fail detection, the memory cycle continues to completion. If the memory cycle fails to terminate within time t_{WPT} , write-protection takes place.

As V_{CC} falls past V_{PFD} and approaches V_{SO} , the control circuitry switches to the internal lithium backup supply, which provides data retention until valid V_{CC} is applied.



When V_{CC} returns to a level above the internal backup cell voltage, the supply is switched back to V_{CC} . After V_{CC} ramps above the V_{PFD} threshold, write-protection continues for a time t_{CER} (120 ms maximum in 5-V system, 85 ms maximum in 3.3-V system) to allow for processor stabilization. Normal memory operation may resume after this time.

The internal coin cells used by the bq4011/Y/LY have an extremely long shelf life and provide data retention for more than 10 years in the absence of system power.

As shipped from TI, the integral lithium cells of the MT-type module are electrically isolated from the memory. (Self-discharge in this condition is approximately 0.5% per year.) Following the first application of V_{CC} , this isolation is broken, and the lithium backup provides data retention on subsequent power-downs.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



TRUTH TABLE

MODE	CE	WE	ŌĒ	I/O OPERATION	POWER
Not selected	Н	Х	Х	High-Z	Standby
Output disable	L	Н	Н	High-Z	Active
Read	L	Н	L	D _{OUT}	Active
Write	L	L	Х	D _{IN}	Active



ORDERING INFORMATION

For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of the datasheet, or see the TI website at www.ti.com.

SELECTION GUIDE MAXIMUM **NEGATIVE SUPPLY** NOMINAL INPUT TEMPERATURE **DEVICE NUMBER** TOLERANCE ACCESS VOLTAGE (°C) TIME (ns) V_{CC} (V) (%) bq4011MA-70 70 bq4011MA-150 150 -5 bq4011MA-200 200 bq4011YMA-70 70 0 to 70 bq4011YMA-100 100 5 bq4011YMA-150 150 bq4011YMA-200 200 -10 bq4011YMA-70N 70 bq4011YMA-150N 150 -40 to 85 bq4011LYMA-70N 70 3.3

PART NUMBERING

PRODUCT LINE	MEMORY DENSITY	INPUT VOLTAGE (V)	NEGATIVE SUPPLY TOLERANCE (%)	PACKAGE	SPEED (ns)	TEMPERATURE °C
bq40	11	L	Y	MA	70	Ν
	10 = 8 k × 8	Blank = 5	Blank = 5%	MA = DIP	70	Blank = Commercial
	11 = 32 k × 8	L= 3.3	Y = 10%		85	(0 to 70)
	13 = 128 k × 8				100	
	14 = 256 k × 8				120	N = Industrial
	15 = 512 k × 8				150	(-40 to 85)
	16 = 1024 k × 8				200	
	17 = 2048 k × 8					

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS⁽¹⁾

	PARAMETER	CONDITI	ION	VALUE	UNIT	
		bq4011Y		-0.3 to 7.0		
V _{CC}	DC voltage applied on VCC relative to VS	SS	bq4011	-0.3 to 7.0	V	
					-	
	DC voltage applied on any pin excluding VCC relative to VSS		bq4011Y	-0.3 to 7.0		
V _T		$V_{VT} \le V_{CC}$ +0.3 V	bq4011	-0.3 to 7.0	V	
			bq4011LY	–0.3 to (V _{CC} + 0.3)		
-		Commercial		0 to 70		
T _{OPR}	Operating temperature	Industrial		-40 to 85		
-		Commercial		-10 to 70		
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	Industrial		-40 to 85	°C	
-	Taura and una condex bias	Commercial		-10 to 70		
T _{BIAS}	Temperature under bias	Industrial		-40 to 85		
T _{SOLDER}	Soldering temperature	For 10 seconds		260		

(1) Permanent device damage may occur if Absolute Maximum Ratings are exceeded. Functional operation should be limited to the Recommended DC Operating Conditions detailed in this data sheet. Exposure to conditions beyond the operational limits for extended periods of time may affect device reliability.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (T_A = T_{OPR})

			MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
	_	bq4011Y	4.50	5.00	5.50	
V_{CC}	Supply voltage	bq4011	4.75	5.00	5.50	
		bq4011LY	3.00	3.30	3.60	V
V_{SS}	Supply voltage		0	0	0	v
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage		-0.3		0.8	
V_{IH}	High-level Input voltage		2.2		$V_{CC} + 0.3$	

(1) Typical values indicate operation at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$T_A = T_{OPR}, V_{CC(min)} \le V_{CC} \le V_{CC(max)}$

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
ILI	Input leakage current		$V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC}			±1	۸
I _{LO}	Output leakage current		$\overline{CE} = V_{IH} \text{ or } \overline{OE} = V_{IH} \text{ or } \overline{WE} = V_{IL}$			±1	μA
V _{OH}	Output high voltage		I _{OH} = -1.0 mA	2.4			V
V _{OL}	Output low voltage		I _{OL} = 2.1 mA			0.4	v
I _{SB1}	Standby supply current		CE = V _{IH}		1	2	μA
I _{SB2}	Standby supply current		$\label{eq:cell} \begin{array}{l} \overline{\text{CE}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \ 0\text{V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \leq 0.2 \text{ V}, \\ \text{or} \ \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \end{array}$		0.1	1	mA
		bq4011				50	
I _{CC}	Operating supply current	current bq4011Y Minimum cycle, duty = 100%, $\overline{CE} = V_{II}$, $I_{I/O} = 0$ mA			50	mA	
		bq4011LY				30	
		bq4011		4.55	4.62	4.75	
V _{PFD}	Power-fail-detect voltage	bq4011Y		4.30	4.37	4.50	
		bq4011LY		2.85	2.90	2.95	V
	Supply switch-over voltage	bq4011			3		v
V _{SO}		bq4011Y			3		
		bq4011LY			2.9		

(1) Typical values indicate operation at T_A = 25°C, V_{CC} = 5.0 V or V_{CC} = 3.3 V.



CAPACITANCE ($T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, f = 1 MHz, $V_{CC} = 5.0$ V or $V_{CC} = 3.3$ V)

	PARAMETER ⁽¹⁾	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
C _{I/O}	Input/output capacitance	Output voltage = 0 V			8	۶E
C _{IN}	Input capacitance	Input voltage = 0 V			10	р⊦

(1) Ensured by design. Not production tested.

AC TEST CONDITIONS

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS					
PARAMETER	5 V	3.3 V				
Input pulse levels	0 V to 3.0 V	0 V to V _{CC}				
Input rise and fall times	5 ns	5 ns				
Input and output timing reference levels	1.5 V (unless otherwise specified)	50 %				
Output load (including scope and jig)	See Figure 1 and Figure 2	See Figure 3 and Figure 4				



Figure 1. 5-V Output Load A



Figure 3. 3.3-V Output Load A



Figure 2. 5-V Output Load B



Figure 4. 3.3-V Output Load B



	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	-7	-70		-100		50	-200		UNIT
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNII
t _{RC}	Read cycle time		70		100		150		200		
t _{AA}	Address access time			70		100		150		200	
t _{ACE}	Chip enable access time	Output load A		70		100		150		200	1
t _{OE}	Output enable to output valid			35		50		70		90	
t _{CLZ}	Chip enable to output in low Z		5		5		5		5		ns
t _{OLZ}	Output enable to output in low Z	Output load D	0		0		0		0		
t _{CHZ}	Chip disable to output in high Z	Output load B	0	25	0	25	0	25	0	25	1
t _{OHZ}	Output disable to output in high Z		0	25	0	25	0	25	0	25	1
t _{OH}	Output hold from address change	Output load A	10		10		10		10		1





(1) $\overline{\text{WE}}$ is held high for a read cycle.

(2) Device is continuously selected: $\overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL}$.





(1) $\overline{\text{WE}}$ is held high for a read cycle.

(2) Device is continuously selected: $\overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL}$.

(3) Address is valid prior to or coincident with \overline{CE} transition low.





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- (1) $\overline{\text{WE}}$ is held high for a read cycle.
- (2) Device is continuously selected: $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$.

Figure 7. Read Cycle No. 3 (OE Access) (1)(2)

		1		~(IIIII)			111ax)/				
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	-7	0	-10	00	-1:	50	-20	00	UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	0.111
t _{WC}	Write cycle time		70		100		150		200		
t _{CW}	Chip enable to end of write	See ⁽¹⁾	65		90		100		150		
t _{AW}	Address valid to end of write	See ⁽¹⁾	65		80		90		150		
t _{AS}	Address setup time	Measured from address valid to beginning of write. ⁽²⁾	0		0		0		0		
t _{WP}	Write pulse width	Measured from beginning of write to end of write. ⁽¹⁾	55		75		90		130		
t _{WR1}	Write recovery time (write cycle 1)	Measured from $\overline{\text{WE}}$ going high to end of write cycle. ⁽³⁾	5		5		5		5		
t _{WR2}	Write recovery time (write cycle 2)	Measured from CE going high to end of write cycle. ⁽³⁾	15		15		15		15		ns
t _{DW}	Data valid to end of write	Measured to first low-to- high transition of either $\overrightarrow{\text{CE}}$ or $\overrightarrow{\text{WE}}$.	30		40		50		70		
t _{DH1}	Data hold time (write cycle 1)	Measured from $\overline{\text{WE}}$ going high to end of write cycle. ⁽⁴⁾	0		0		0		0		
t _{DH2}	Data hold time (write cycle 2)	Measured from $\overline{\text{CE}}$ going high to end of write cycle. ⁽⁴⁾	0		0		0		0		
t _{WZ}	Write enbled to output in high Z	I/O pins are in output state. ⁽⁵⁾	0	25	0	30	0	50	0	70	
t _{OW}	Output active from end of write	I/O pins are in output state. (5)	5		5		5		5		

Table 3. WRITE CYCLE (T_A = T_{OPR}, $V_{CC(min)} \le V_{CC} \le V_{CC(max)}$)

A write ends at the earlier transition of CE going high and WE going high.
 A write occurs during the overlap of a low CE and a low WE. A write begins at the later transition of CE going low and WE going low.

(3) Either t_{WR1} or t_{WR2} must be met.

Either t_{DH1} or t_{DH2} must be met. (4)

(5) If CE goes low simultaneously with WE going low or after WE going low, the outputs remain in high-impedance state.



- (1) \overline{CE} or \overline{WE} must be high during address transition.
- Because I/O may be active (OE low) during this period, data input signals of opposite polarity to the outputs must not (2) be applied.
- (3) If \overline{OE} is high, the I/O pins remain in a state of high impedance.

Figure 8. Write Cycle No. 1 (WE-Controlled) (1)(2)(3)



- (1) \overline{CE} or \overline{WE} must be high during address transition.
- (2) Because I/O may be active (OE low) during this period, data input signals of opposite polarity to the outputs must not be applied.
- (3) If \overline{OE} is high, the I/O pins remain in a state of high impedance.
- (4) Either t_{WR1} or t_{WR2} must be met.
- (5) Either t_{DH1} or t_{DH2} must be met.

Figure 9. Write Cycle No. 2 (CE-Controlled) (1)(2)(3)(4)(5)

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PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
t _{PF}	V_{CC} slew, 4.75 to 4.25 V		300			μs
t _{FS}	V_{CC} slew, 4.25 to V_{SO}		10			μs
t _{PU}	V_{CC} slew, V_{SO} to $V_{PFD (max.)}$		0			μs
t _{CER}	Chip enable recovery time	Time during which SRAM is write-protected after V_{CC} passes V_{PFD} on power-up.	40	80	120	ms
t _{DR}	Data-retention time in absence of V_{CC}	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C^{(2)}$	10			years
t _{WPT}	Write-protect time	Delay after V_{CC} slews down past V_{PFD} before SRAM is writeprotected.	40	100	150	μs

Table 4. 5-V POWER-DOWN/POWER-UP ($T_A = T_{OPR}$)

(1)

Typical values indicate operation at $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, $V_{CC} = 5$ V. Batteries are disconnected from circuit until after V_{CC} is applied for the first time. t_{DR} is the accumulated time in absence of power beginning when power is first applied to the device. (2)



Figure 10. 5-V Power-Down/Power-Up Timing



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Table 5. 3.3-V POWER-DOWN/POWER-UP (T_A = T_{OPR})

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
t _F	V _{CC} slew, 3 V to 0 V		300			
t _R	V_{CC} slew, V_{SO} to $V_{PFD (max)}$		100			μs
t _{CER}	Chip enable recovery time	Time during which SRAM is write-protected after V_{CC} passes V_{PFD} on power-up.	10		85	ms
t _{DR}	Data-retention time in absence of V_{CC}	$T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C^{(2)}$	10			years

(1)

Typical values indicate operation at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$. Batteries are disconnected from circuit until after V_{CC} is applied for the first time. Data retention time (t_{DR}) is the accumulated time in (2) absence of power beginning when power is first applied to the device.



Figure 11. 3.3-V Power-Down/Power-Up Timing

CAUTION:

Negative undershoots below the absolute maximum rating of -0.3 V in battery-backup mode may affect data integrity.



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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/ Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾	Samples (Requires Login)
BQ4011LYMA-70N	NRND	DIP MODULE	MA	28	12	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
BQ4011MA-100	NRND	DIP MODULE	MA	28	14	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
BQ4011MA-150	NRND	DIP MODULE	MA	28	14	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
BQ4011YMA-100	NRND	DIP MODULE	MA	28	14	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
BQ4011YMA-150	NRND	DIP MODULE	MA	28	14	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
BQ4011YMA-200	NRND	DIP MODULE	MA	28	14	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
BQ4011YMA-70	NRND	DIP MODULE	MA	28	14	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	
BQ4011YMA-70N	NRND	DIP MODULE	MA	28	14	Pb-Free (RoHS)	Call TI	N / A for Pkg Type	

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

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⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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MECHANICAL DATA

MPDI061 - MAY 2001

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE

MA (R-PDIP-T**) 28 PINS SHOWN



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (mm). B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



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	DLP® Products	www.dlp.com	Energy and Lighting	www.ti.com/energy
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