# **Multimedia ICs**

# Audio digital key controller BU9260FS

The BU9260FS is designed for key control, an essential feature for karaoke systems.

### Applications

Mini-component stereos, radio cassette recorders, karaoke and other audio devices

#### Features

- 1) Internal I / O filter and mixing operational amplifier.
- 2) Internal ADC and DAC.

- 3) 16 k bit of internal RAM.
- 4) Controls serial data.

#### Block diagram



## Pin descriptions

| Pin No. | Pin name | Function                                     | Туре |
|---------|----------|--|------|
| 1       | TESTOUT  | Low-level test output                        | LO   |
| 2       | N.C.     | No connected                                 |      |
| 3       | TEST1    | Test input (the low level is normally input) | LIP  |
| 4       | CLKI     | Connecting the clock resistor                | CLK  |
| 5       | SCK      | Serial clock input                           | LI   |
| 6       | SI       | Serial data input                            | LI   |
| 7       | SLT      | Serial latch input                           | LI   |
| 8       | MT       | Input of output control muting               | LIP  |
| 9       | TEST2    | Test input (the low level is normally input) | LIP  |
| 10      | Vref     | Analog reference voltage                     | VRO  |
| 11      | GND      | Ground                                       | _    |
| 12      | Vdd      | Power supply                                 |      |
| 13      | AMPDO    | Operational emplifier input / output         | AO   |
| 14      | AMPDI    | Operational amplifier input / output         | AI   |
| 15      | AMPCO    |  | AO   |
| 16      | AMPCI    | Operational amplifier input / output         | AI   |
| 17      | AMPBO    |  | AO   |
| 18      | AMPBI    | Operational amplifier input / output         | AI   |
| 19      | AMPAO    |  | AO   |
| 20      | AMPAI    | Operational amplifier input / output         | AI   |
| 21      | ADI      |  | ADMI |
| 22      | ADO      | Connecting the ADC capacitor                 | ADMO |
| 23      | DAI      |  | ADMI |
| 24      | DAO      | Connecting the DAC capacitor                 | ADMO |

## ●Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25°C)

| Parameter             | Symbol | Limits                | Unit |
|-----------------------|--------|-----------------------|------|
| Applied voltage       | Vdd    | - 0.3 ~ + 7.0         | V    |
| Input voltage         | Vin    | GND - 0.3 ~ Vdd + 0.3 | V    |
| Power dissipation     | Pd     | 650                   | mW   |
| Operating temperature | Topr   | - 10 ~ + 70           | °C   |
| Storage temperature   | Tstg   | - 55 ~ + 125          | °C   |

\* Reduced by 6.5mW for each increase in Ta of 1°C over 25°C.

# •Recommended operating conditions (Ta = $25^{\circ}$ C)

| Parameter            | Symbol | Limits    | Unit |
|----------------------|--------|-----------|------|
| Power supply voltage | Vdd    | 4.5 ~ 5.5 | V    |





# Input / output circuits

## Pin types

Type: Logic input and output (LI, LO and LIP - LIP has pull-down)





Type: Amplifier input and output (AI and AO)



Type: ADM input and output (ADMI and ADMO)



Type: Reference voltage pin (VRO)



Type: Clock pin (CLK)





| Parameter                     | Symbol             | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Conditions              |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|------|------|------|------|-------------------------|
| Operating supply current      | loo                | _    | 7    | 14   | mA   | No signal               |
| <pre> <linear></linear></pre> |                    |      |      |      |      | •                       |
| Input / output gain           | GV                 | - 3  | 0    | + 3  | dB   | _                       |
| Output distortion             | THD                | _    | 1.3  | 3.0  | %    | 30kHz – LPF             |
| Output noise voltage          | No                 | _    | - 80 | - 65 | dBV  | DIN – Audio             |
| Maximum output voltage        | V <sub>Max</sub> . | 0.7  | 1.5  | _    | Vrms | THD = 10%, LPF gain = 1 |
| (Logic)                       |                    |      |      |      |      | •                       |
| Input voltage, High level     | Vін                | 3.8  | _    | _    | V    | _                       |
| Input voltage, Low level      | VIL                | _    | _    | 1.2  | V    | _                       |
| Pull-down resistance          | Rd                 | 12   | 25   | 50   | kΩ   | V <sub>IN</sub> = 5V    |
| (Serial data)                 |                    |      |      |      |      |                         |
| Clock width                   | twCK               | 2.0  | _    | _    | μs   | _                       |
| Latch width                   | twLT               | 2.0  | _    | _    | μs   | _                       |
| Data setup                    | tdsu               | 1.0  | _    | _    | μs   | _                       |
| Data hold                     | th                 | 1.0  | _    | _    | μs   | _                       |
| Latch setup                   | tlsu               | 1.0  | _    | _    | μs   | _                       |

●Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted, Ta = 25°C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 5V, f<sub>IN</sub> = 1kHz, f + 0 mode, V<sub>IN</sub> = 100mVrms)

### Application example



## Operation notes

(1) Operating mode

1) Serial data mode

Function: Setting the key according to SCK, SI and SLT

1. Serial data

The signal value is input with the rise of SCK. Input data are latched with the fall of SLT. However, data are canceled unless D6 = high and D7 = low.



### 2. Serial timing

For standard values, refer to "Electrical Characteristics."





## 3. Serial data

| Key setting | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |
|-------------|----|----|----|----|----|
| + 8         | Н  | Н  | L  | L  | L  |
| + 7         | Н  | L  | н  | н  | н  |
| + 6         | Н  | L  | н  | н  | L  |
| + 5         | Н  | L  | н  | L  | н  |
| + 4         | Н  | L  | н  | L  | L  |
| + 3         | Н  | L  | L  | Н  | н  |
| + 2         | Н  | L  | L  | н  | L  |
| + 1         | Н  | L  | L  | L  | н  |
| 0           | Н  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| - 1         | L  | Н  | н  | н  | н  |
| - 2         | L  | Н  | Н  | Н  | L  |
| - 3         | L  | Н  | н  | L  | н  |
| - 4         | L  | Н  | н  | L  | L  |
| - 5         | L  | Н  | L  | Н  | Н  |
| - 6         | L  | н  | L  | н  | L  |
| - 7         | L  | Н  | L  | L  | Н  |
| - 8         | L  | Н  | L  | L  | L  |

| D5 | Output mute control   |
|----|---|
| L  | Output is not muted.<br>When MT = high, output is forcibly muted. |
| Н  | Output is muted.  |

| D6               | D7 | Data latch control                              |  |  |
|------------------|----|---|--|--|
| Н                | L  | Data is latched with the rise of SLT.           |  |  |
| Other than above |    | Data is not latched, even with the rise of SLT. |  |  |

# (2) Output mute

Output can be forcibly muted according to MT.

| MT | Output mute control   |
|----|---|
| L  | Output is not muted.<br>However, output is muted when muting is activated by the serial data. |
| Н  | Output is muted.  |



•External dimensions (Units: mm)



