CLC423

CLC423 Single Supply, Wideband Voltage Feedback Op Amp



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Comlinear CLC423 94MHz, Single Supply Voltage Feedback Op Amp

General Description

The Comlinear CLC423 is a wideband voltage-feedback operational amplifier that is uniquely designed to provide high performance from a single power supply. The CLC423 provides near rail-to-rail operation and the common-mode input range includes the negative rail. The CLC423 offers plenty of head-room for single-supply applications as evidenced by its $4.3V_{pp}$ output voltage from a single 5V supply.

Fabricated with a high-speed complementary bipolar process, the CLC423 delivers a wide 94MHz unity-gain bandwidth, 7.5ns rise/fall time and 150V/ μ s slew rate. For single supply applications such as video distribution or desktop multimedia, the CLC423 offers low 0.35%, 0.55° differential gain and phase errors.

The CLC423 provides high signal fidelity with -74/-94dBc 2nd/3rd harmonics ($1V_{pp}$, 1MHz, R_L=150 Ω). Combining this high fidelity performance with CLC423's quick 46ns settling time to 0.1% makes it an excellent choice for ADC buffering.

With its traditional voltage-feedback architecture and high-speed performance, the CLC423 is the perfect choice for composite signal conditioning circuit functions such as active filters, integrators, differentiators, simple gain blocks and buffering.

Features

- Single +5V supply
- Input includes V_{EE}
- 94MHz unity-gain bandwidth
- -74/-94dBc HD2/HD3
- 60mA output current
- 7.5ns rise/fall time (1V_{pp})
- 46ns settling time to 0.1%

Applications

- Video ADC driver
- Desktop multimedia
- Single supply cable driver
- Instrumentation
- Video cards
- Wireless IF amplifiers
- Telecommunications

Frequency Response vs. Vout





PARAMETERS CONDITIONS		TYP MIN/MAX RATINGS			IGS	UNITS	NOTES
	CLC423AJ	25°	25°	0° to +70°	-40° to +85°		
FREQUENCY DOMAIN RESPON	SE						
-3dB bandwidth	$V_o < 1.0 V_{pp}$	48	32	28	27	MHz	В
-3dB bandwidth	$V_0 < 3.0 V_{pp}$	26	16	14	11	MHz	_
-3dB bandwidth $A_V = +1V/V$	V < 1.0V	94				MHz	
rolloff	$V_o < 1.0V_{pp}^{rr}$ <10MHz	0.1	0.5	0.7	0.8	dB	В
peaking	DC to 200MHz	0	0.5	0.7	0.8	dB	B
linear phase deviation	<15MHz	0.3	0.6	0.8	0.9	deg	
differential gain	NTSC, $R_L=150\Omega$	0.35	0.7	-	-	%	2
differential phase	NTSC, $R_L=150\Omega$	0.55	2	_	_	deg	2
TIME DOMAIN RESPONSE	· <u> </u>						
rise and fall time	1V step	7.5	13	14	16	ns	
settling time to 0.1%	1V step	46	70	-	-	ns	
overshoot	1V step	5	13	_	_	%	
slew rate $A_V = +2$	2V step	150	90	83	65	ν/μs	
DISTORTION AND NOISE RESP	•						
2 nd harmonic distortion	1V _{pp} , 1MHz	74	_	_	_	-dBc	
	1V _{pp} , 5MHz	62	55	52	52	-dBc	В
3 rd harmonic distortion	$1V_{pp}$, $3WH_{7}$	94		52	52	-dBc	
5 Trannonic distortion	1V _{pp} , 1MHz 1V _{pp} , 5MHz	75	65	63	62	-dBc	В
equivalent input noise	r pp, orm 12				02	420	
voltage	>1MHz	10	12.5	13.6	14	nV∕√Hz	
current	>1MHz	4	5	5.5	5.7	pA∕√Hz	
STATIC DC PERFORMANCE							
input offset voltage		2	7	8	10	mV	A
average drift		4	_	22	35	μV/°C	
input bias current		17	30	36	45	μA	A
average drift		80	_	145	175	nÅ/°C	
input offset current		0.2	5	6	7.5	μA	
average drift		10	_	22	27	nÅ/°C	
power supply rejection ratio	DC	82	65	64	60	dB	В
common-mode rejection ratio	DC	82	55	53	50	dB	
supply current	no load	7	8.5	8.5	8.5	mA	A
MISCELLANEOUS PERFORMAN	NCE						
input capacitance		1	2	2	2	pF	
input resistance		700	500	450	360	kΩ	
output impedance	@DC	0.07	0.15	0.24	0.7	Ω	
input voltage range, high	800	3.7	3.45	3.25	3.15	V	
input voltage range, low		0	0	0	0	v	
output voltage range, high	R _I = 150Ω	4.5	4.35	4.3	4.2	v	
output voltage range, low	$R_{\rm I} = 150\Omega$	0.35	0.5	0.5	0.55	v	
output voltage range, high	$n_{L} = 150s_2$	4.8	4.6	4.55	4.45	V	
output voltage range, high	no load	4.0 0.45	0.65	0.7	0.75	V	
		0.45 60	50	40	0.75 34	-	
output current	source					mA mA	
output current	sink	36	20	16	10	mA	4
supply voltage, maximum			7	7	7	V	
supply voltage, minimum			4	4	4	V	1

Min/max ratings are based on product characterization and simulation. Individual parameters are tested as noted. Outgoing quality levels are determined from tested parameters.

Absolute	Maximum	Ratings	
voltage (V _s)			

supply voltage (V _s)	+7V
Iout is short circuit protected to ground	
common-mode input voltage	V_{EE} to V_{CC}
maximum junction temperature	+175°C
storage temperature range	-65°C to +150°C
lead temperature (soldering 10 sec)	+260°C
differential input voltage	±2V
EDS tolerance (Note 3)	4000V

Notes

A) J-level: spec is 100% tested at 25°C, sample tested at 85°C. B) J-level: spec is sample tested at 25°C.

transistor count

MTBF

1) $V_s = V_{CC} - V_{EE}$. 2) Tested with R_L tied to +2.5V. 3) Human body model, 1.5k Ω in series with 100pF.

Reliability Information

	62
823N	1hr

Typical Performance Characteristics ($V_s = +5V^1$, $V_{cm} = +2.5V$, $A_v = +2$, $R_f = 250\Omega$, $R_L = 150\Omega$ to GND; unless specified)



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CLC423 OPERATIONS

Description

The CLC423 is a voltage feedback amplifier designed for single supply operation. The CLC423 is a single version of the CLC427 with the following features:

- Operates from a single +5V supply
- Maintains near rail-to-rail performance
- Includes the negative rail (0V) in the Common Mode Input Range (CMIR)
- Offers low -74/-94dBc 2nd and 3rd harmonic distortion
- Provides BW > 20MHz and 1MHz distortion < -50dBc at V_o = 4V_{pp}

Single Supply Operation ($V_{CC} = +5V$, $V_{EE} = GND$) The CLC423 is designed to operate from 0 and 5V supplies. The specifications given in the *Electrical*

Characteristics table are measured with a common mode voltage (V_{cm}) of 2.5V. V_{cm} is the voltage around which the inputs are applied and the output voltages are specified.

Operating from a single +5V supply, the CMIR of the CLC423 is typically 0V to +3.7V. The typical output range with $R_L = 150\Omega$ is +0.35V to +4.5V.

For DC coupled single supply operation, it is recommended that input signal levels remain above ground. For input signals that drop below ground, AC coupling and level shifting the signal are possible remedies. For input signals that remain above ground, no adjustments need to be made. The non-inverting and inverting configurations for both input conditions are illustrated in the following 2 sections.

DC Coupled Single Supply Operation

Figures 1 and 2 show the recommended non-inverting and inverting configurations for purely positive input signals.



Figure 1: Non-inverting Configuration



Figure 2: Inverting Configuration

AC Coupled Single Supply Operation

Figures 3 and 4 show possible non-inverting and inverting configurations for input signals that go below ground. The input is AC coupled to prevent the need for level shifting the input signal at the source. The resistive voltage divider biases the non-inverting input to $V_{CC} \div 2 = 2.5V$.



Figure 3: AC Coupled Non-inverting Configuration



Figure 4: AC Coupled Inverting Configuration

Load Termination

Since the CLC423 design has been optimized for Single Supply Operation, it is more capable of sourcing rather than sinking current. For optimum performance, the load should be tied to V_{EE} . When the load is tied to V_{EE} , the output always sources current.

Output Overdrive Recovery

When the output range of an amplifier is exceeded, time is required for the amplifier to recover from this over driven condition. Figure 5 illustrates the overload recovery of the CLC423 when the output is overdriven. An input was applied in an attempt to drive the output to twice the supply rails ($2 \cdot (V_{CC} - V_{EE}) = 10V$), but the output limits. An inverting gain topolgy was used, see Figure 2. As indicated, the CLC423 recovers within 25ns on the rising edge and within 10ns on the falling edge.



Figure 5: Overdrive Recovery

Driving Cables and Capacitive Loads

When driving cables, double termination is used to prevent reflections. For capacitive load applications, a small series resistor at the output of the CLC423 will improve stability and settling performance. The *Frequency Response vs.* C_L plot, in the typical performance section, gives the recommended series resistance value for optimum flatness at various capacitive loads.

Transmission Line Matching

One method for matching the characteristic impedance (Z_o) of a transmission line or cable is to place the appropriate resistor at the input or output of the amplifier. Figure 6 shows typical inverting and non-inverting circuit configurations for matching transmission lines.



Figure 6: Transmission Line Matching

Non-inverting gain applications:

- Connect R_a directly to ground.
- Make R_1 , R_2 , R_6 , and R_7 equal to Z_0 .
- Use R₃ to isolate the amplifier from reactive loading caused by the transmission line, or by parasitics.

Inverting gain applications:

- Connect R₃ directly to ground.
- Make the resistors R_4 , R_6 , and R_7 equal to Z_0 .
- Make $R_5 \parallel R_g = Z_0$.

The input and output matching resistors attenuate the signal by a factor of 2, therefore additional gain is needed. Use C_6 to match the output transmission line over a greater frequency range. C_6 compensates for the increase of the amplifier's output impedance with frequency.

Power Dissipation

Follow these steps to determine the power consumption of the CLC423:

- 1. Calculate the quiescent (no-load) power: $P_{amp} = I_{CC} (V_{CC} - V_{EE})$
- 2. Calculate the RMS power at the output stage: $P_o = (V_{CC} - V_{load}) (I_{load})$, where V_{load} and I_{load} are the RMS voltage and current across the external load.
- 3. Calculate the total RMS power:

$$P_t = P_{amp} + P_o$$

The maximum power that the DIP and SOIC packages can dissipate at a given temperature is illustrated in Figure 7. The power derating curve for any package can be derived by utilizing the following equation:

)

where:

T_{amb} = Ambient temperature (°C)

 θ_{ja} = Thermal resistance, from junction to ambient, for a given package (°C/W)



Figure 7: Power Derating Curves

Layout Considerations

A proper printed circuit layout is essential for achieving high frequency performance. Comlinear provides evaluation boards for the CLC423 (730013 - DIP, 730027-SOIC) and suggests their use as a guide for high frequency layout and as an aid for device testing and characterization.

General layout and supply bypassing play major roles in high frequency performance. Follow the steps below as a basis for high frequency layout:

- Include 6.8µF tantalum and 0.1µF ceramic capacitors on both supplies.
- Place the 6.8µF capacitors within 0.75 inches of the power pins.
- Place the 0.1µF capacitors less than 0.1 inches from the power pins.
- Remove the ground plane under and around the part, especially near the input and output pins to reduce parasitic capacitance.
- Minimize all trace lengths to reduce series inductances.
- Use flush-mount printed circuit board pins for prototyping, never use high profile DIP sockets.

Evaluation Board Information

A data sheet is available for the CLC730013 and CLC730027 evaluation boards. This 8-pin op amp evaluation board data sheet provides:

- Evaluation board schematics
- Evaluation board layouts for both DIP and SOIC boards
- General information about the boards

The data sheet also contains tables of recommended components to evaluate several of Comlinear's high speed amplifiers. This table for the CLC423 is illustrated below. Refer to the evaluation board data sheet for schematics and further information.

Components Needed to Evaluate the CLC423 on the Evaluation Board:

- R_f, R_a Use this product data sheet to select values
- R_{in}, R_{out} Typically 50Ω (Refer to the Basic) Operation section of the evaluation board data sheet for details)
- R_t Optional resistor for inverting gain configurations (Select Rt to yield desired input impedance = $R_g \parallel R_t$)
- C_1 , C_2 0.1µF ceramic capacitors C_3 , C_4 6.8µF tantalum capacitors

Components not used:

- C₅, C₆, C₇, C₈
- R₁ thru R₈

The evaluation boards are designed to accommodate dual supplies. The boards can be modified to provide single supply operation. For best performance; 1) do not connect the unused supply, 2) provide a wide jumper across C₂. Use a jumper that is equal in width to the trace connecting pin 4 to C2. This will minimize any additional inductance caused by the jumper.

SPICE Models

SPICE models provide a means to evaluate amplifier designs. Free SPICE models are available for Comlinear's monolithic amplifiers that:

- Support Berkeley SPICE 2G and its many derivatives
- Reproduce typical DC, AC, Transient, and Noise performance
- Support room temperature simulations

The *readme* file that accompanies the diskette lists released models, and provides a list of modeled parameters. The application note OA-18, Simulation SPICE Models for Comlinear's Op Amps, contains schematics and a reproduction of the readme file.

Applications Circuits

Typical Application Circuit

The typical application shown on the front page illustrates the near rail-to-rail performance of the CLC423.

Single Supply Cable Driver

Figure 8 illustrates the CLC423 in a typical single supply cable driving application. The CLC423 is set for a gain of +2V/V to compensate for the divide-by-two voltage drop at V_0 .



Figure 8: Single Supply Cable Driver

Multiple Feedback Bandpass Filter

Figure 9 illustrates a bandpass filter and design equations. The circuit operates from a single supply of +5V. The voltage divider biases the non-inverting input to 2.5V. The input is AC coupled to prevent the need for level shifting the input signal at the source. Use the design equations to determine R1 and R2 based on the desired Q and center frequency.

This example illustrates a bandpass filter with Q = 4 and center frequency $f_c = 1$ MHz. Figure 10 indicates the filter response.



Figure 9: Bandpass Filter Topology



Figure 10: Bandpass Response

Ordering Information			
Model	Temperature Range	Description	
CLC423AJP CLC423AJE	-40°C to +85°C -40°C to +85°C	8-pin PDIP 8-pin SOIC	

Package Thermal Resistance

Package	θ _{JC}	θ _{JA}	
Plastic (AJP)	100°C/W	15°C/W	
Surface Mount (AJE)	145°C/W	165°C/W	

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