

## 128K x 8 Static RAM

#### **Features**

- High speed -t<sub>AA</sub> = 10 ns
- CMOS for optimum speed/power
- · Center power/ground pinout
- · Automatic power-down when deselected
- Easy memory expansion with  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  and  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  options

#### **Functional Description**

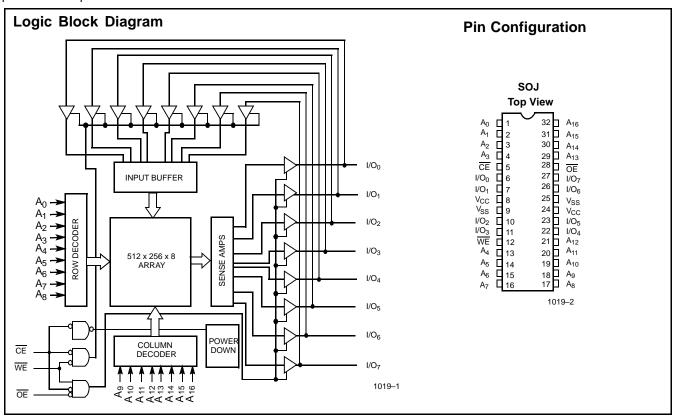
The CY7C1019 is a high-performance CMOS static RAM organized as 131,072 words by 8 bits. Easy memory expansion is provided by an active LOW chip enable ( $\overline{CE}$ ), an active LOW output enable (OE), and three-state drivers. This device has an automatic power-down feature that significantly reduces power consumption when deselected.

Writing to the device is accomplished by taking chip enable (CE) and write enable (WE) inputs LOW. Data on the eight I/O pins (I/O<sub>0</sub> through I/O<sub>7</sub>) is then written into the location specified on the address pins ( $A_0$  through  $A_{16}$ ).

Reading from the device is accomplished by taking chip enable (CE) and output enable (OE) LOW while forcing write enable (WE) HIGH. Under these conditions, the contents of the memory location specified by the address pins will appear on the I/O pins.

The eight input/output pins (I/O<sub>0</sub> through I/O<sub>7</sub>) are placed in a high-impedance state when the device is deselected (CE HIGH), the outputs are disabled (OE HIGH), or during a write operation ( $\overline{CE}$  LOW, and  $\overline{WE}$  LOW).

The CY7C1019 is available in standard 400-mil-wide SOJs.



### **Selection Guide**

		7C1019-10	7C1019-12	7C1019-15
Maximum Access Time (ns)		10	12	15
Maximum Operating Current (mA)		240	220	200
	L	210	190	175
Maximum Standby Current (mA)		10	10	10
	L	1	1	1

Shaded areas contain advance information.



## **Maximum Ratings**

(Above which the useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.) Storage Temperature ......-65°C to +150°C Ambient Temperature with Power Applied......–55°C to +125°C Supply Voltage on  $\rm V_{CC}$  to Relative  $\rm GND^{[1]}$  .... –0.5V to +7.0V DC Voltage Applied to Outputs in High Z State  $^{[1]}$ ......-0.5V to  $V_{CC}$  + 0.5V DC Input Voltage<sup>[1]</sup> .....-0.5V to  $V_{CC}$  + 0.5V

Current into Outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static Discharge Voltage(per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)	>2001V
Latch-Up Current	>200 mA

## **Operating Range**

Range	Ambient Temperature <sup>[2]</sup>	V <sub>CC</sub>
Commercial	0°C to +70°C	5V ± 10%

## **Electrical Characteristics** Over the Operating Range

				7C10	)19-10	7C10	)19-12	7C10	)19-15	
Parameter	Description	Test Conditions		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage	$V_{CC} = Min., I_{OH} = -4.0 n$	nΑ	2.4		2.4		2.4		V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW Voltage	$V_{CC} = Min., I_{OL} = 8.0 \text{ m/s}$	١		0.4		0.4		0.4	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Voltage			2.2	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	2.2	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	2.2	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
$V_{IL}$	Input LOW Voltage <sup>[1]</sup>			-0.3	0.8	-0.3	0.8	-0.3	0.8	V
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input Load Current	$GND \leq V_1 \leq V_{CC}$		-1	+1	-1	+1	-1	+1	μΑ
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output Leakage Current	$GND \le V_1 \le V_{CC}$ , Output Disabled		<b>-</b> 5	+5	<b>-</b> 5	+5	-5	+5	μА
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Operating	V <sub>CC</sub> = Max.,			240		220		200	mA
	Supply Current	$I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mÅ},$ $f = f_{MAX} = 1/t_{RC}$	L		210		190		175	
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Automatic CE	Max. $V_{CC}$ , $\overline{CE} \ge V_{IH}$			40		40		40	mA
	Power-Down Current —TTL Inputs	$V_{IN} \ge V_{IH}$ or $V_{IN} \le V_{IL}$ , $f = f_{MAX}$			20		20		20	
I <sub>SB2</sub>	Automatic CE	Max. V <sub>CC</sub> ,			10		10		10	mA
	$ \begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Power-Down Current} & \overline{CE} \geq \mbox{V}_{CC} - 0.3\mbox{V}, \\ \mbox{-CMOS Inputs} & \mbox{V}_{IN} \geq \mbox{V}_{CC} - 0.3\mbox{V}, \\ \mbox{or V}_{IN} \leq 0.3\mbox{V}, \mbox{f=0} \end{array} $		L		1		1		1	

Shaded areas contain advance information.

## Capacitance<sup>[3]</sup>

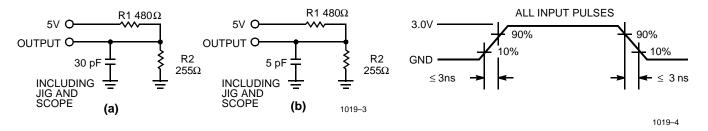
Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max.	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, f = 1 \text{ MHz},$	6	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Capacitance	$V_{CC} = 5.0V$	8	pF

#### Notes:

- 1.  $V_{IL}$  (min.) = -2.0V for pulse durations of less than 20 ns.
- T<sub>A</sub> is the "instant on" case temperature.
   Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.



#### **AC Test Loads and Waveforms**



Equivalent to: THÉVENIN EQUIVALENT

### Switching Characteristics<sup>[4]</sup> Over the Operating Range

		7C10	19-10	7C1019-12		7C1019-15		
Parameter	Description	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit
READ CYC	LE			I.	l	I	l	
t <sub>RC</sub>	Read Cycle Time	10		12		15		ns
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address to Data Valid		10		12		15	ns
t <sub>OHA</sub>	Data Hold from Address Change	3		3		3		ns
t <sub>ACE</sub>	CE LOW to Data Valid		10		12		15	ns
t <sub>DOE</sub>	OE LOW to Data Valid		5		6		7	ns
t <sub>LZOE</sub>	OE LOW to Low Z	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>HZOE</sub>	OE HIGH to High Z <sup>[5, 6]</sup>		5		6		7	ns
t <sub>LZCE</sub>	CE LOW to Low Z <sup>[6]</sup>			3		3		ns
t <sub>HZCE</sub>	CE HIGH to High Z <sup>[5, 6]</sup>		5		6		7	ns
t <sub>PU</sub>	CE LOW to Power-Up	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>PD</sub>	CE HIGH to Power-Down		10		12		15	ns
WRITE CYC	CLE <sup>[7,8]</sup>	<u> </u>	•		•		•	
t <sub>WC</sub>	Write Cycle Time	10		12		15		ns
t <sub>SCE</sub>	CE LOW to Write End	8		9		10		ns
t <sub>AW</sub>	Address Set-Up to Write End	7		8		10		ns
t <sub>HA</sub>	Address Hold from Write End	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>SA</sub>	Address Set-Up to Write Start	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>PWE</sub>	WE Pulse Width	7		8		10		ns
t <sub>SD</sub>	Data Set-Up to Write End	5		6		8		ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	Data Hold from Write End	0		0		0		ns
t <sub>LZWE</sub>	WE HIGH to Low Z <sup>[6]</sup>	3		3		3		ns
t <sub>HZWE</sub>	WE LOW to High Z <sup>[5, 6]</sup>		5		6		7	ns

Shaded areas contain advance information.

#### Note:

- Test conditions assume signal transition time of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5V, input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0V, and output loading of the specified  $I_{\mbox{\scriptsize OL}}/I_{\mbox{\scriptsize OH}}$  and 30-pF load capacitance.
- t<sub>HZOE</sub>, t<sub>HZCE</sub>, and t<sub>HZWE</sub> are specified with a load capacitance of 5 pF as in part (b) of AC Test Loads. Transition is measured ±500 mV from steady-state voltage.
- At any given temperature and voltage condition, t<sub>HZCE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZCE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZCE</sub>, and t<sub>HZWE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZWE</sub> for any given device.

  The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of CE LOW and WE LOW. CE and WE must be LOW to initiate a write, and the transition of any of these signals can terminate the write. The input data set-up and hold timing should be referenced to the leading edge of the signal that terminates the write.

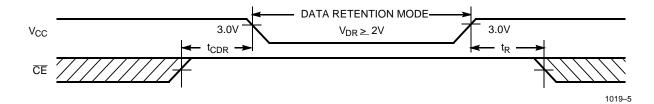
  The minimum write cycle time for Write Cycle no. 3 (WE controlled, OE LOW) is the sum of t<sub>HZWE</sub> and t<sub>SD</sub>.



## Data Retention Characteristics Over the Operating Range (L Version Only)

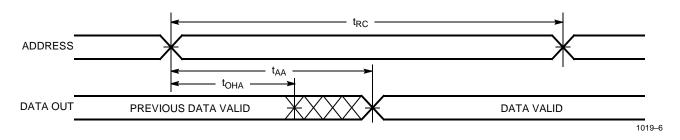
Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min.	Max	Unit
$V_{DR}$	V <sub>CC</sub> for Data Retention	No input may exceed V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5V	2.0		V
I <sub>CCDR</sub>	Data Retention Current	$\frac{V_{CC}}{CE_1} = V_{DR} = 3.0V,$ $CE_1 \ge V_{CC} - 0.3V,$		300	μΑ
t <sub>CDR</sub> <sup>[3]</sup>	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time	$V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.3V$ or $V_{IN} \le 0.3V$	0		ns
t <sub>R</sub>	Operation Recovery Time		t <sub>RC</sub>		ns

### **Data Retention Waveform**

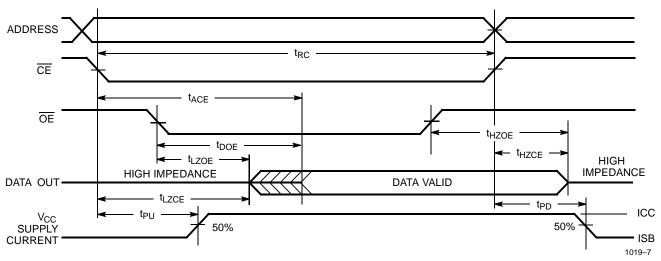


## **Switching Waveforms**

Read Cycle No. 1<sup>[9, 10]</sup>



Read Cycle No. 2 (OE Controlled)[10, 11]



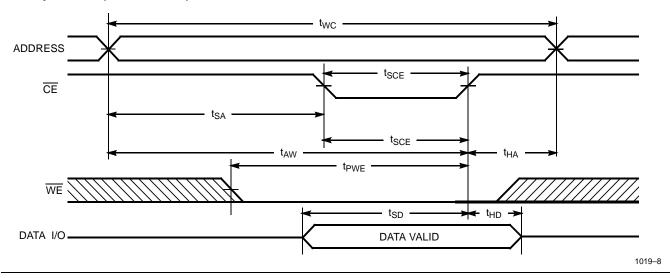
#### Notes:

- 9. Device is continuously selected.  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ .
- 10. WE is HIGH for read cycle.
   11. Address valid prior to or coincident with CE transition LOW.

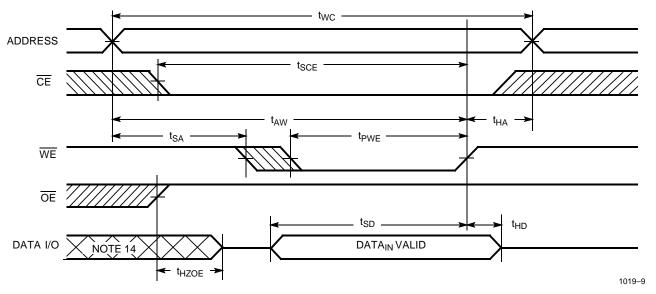


## Switching Waveforms (continued)

# Write Cycle No. 1 (CE Controlled)[12, 13]



Write Cycle No. 2 (WE Controlled, OE HIGH During Write)[12, 13]



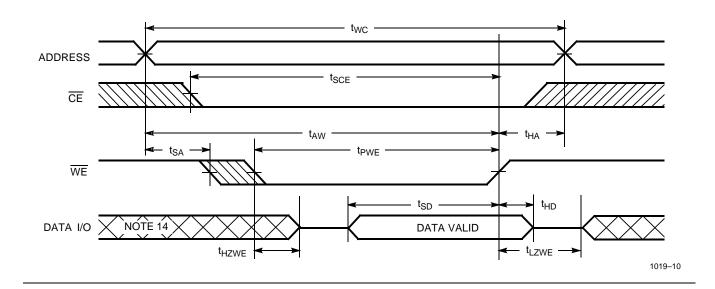
#### Notes:

- 12. Data I/O is high impedance if OE = V<sub>IH</sub>.
   13. If CE goes HIGH simultaneously with WE going HIGH, the output remains in a high-impedance state.
   14. During this period the I/Os are in the output state and input signals should not be applied.



## Switching Waveforms (continued)

Write Cycle No. 3 (WE Controlled, OE LOW)[13]



## **Truth Table**

CE	OE	WE	I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub>	Mode	Power
Н	Х	Х	High Z	Power-Down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
Х	Х	Х	High Z	Power-Down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
L	L	Н	Data Out	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Х	L	Data In	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	High Z	Selected, Outputs Disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )

## **Ordering Information**

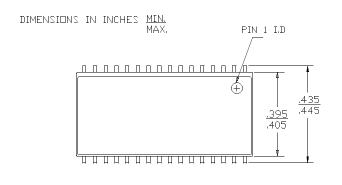
Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
10	CY7C1019-10VC	V33	32-Lead 400-Mil Molded SOJ	Commercial
	CY7C1019L-10VC	V33	32-Lead 400-Mil Molded SOJ	
12	CY7C1019-12VC	V33	32-Lead 400-Mil Molded SOJ	Commercial
	CY7C1019L-12VC	V33	32-Lead 400-Mil Molded SOJ	
15	CY7C1019-15VC	V33	32-Lead 400-Mil Molded SOJ	Commercial
	CY7C1019L-15VC	V33	32-Lead 400-Mil Molded SOJ	

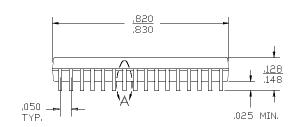
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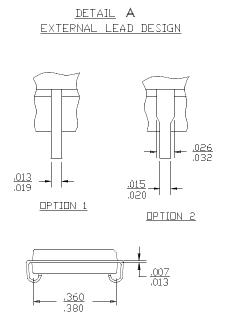


## **Package Diagram**

### 32-Lead (400-Mil) Molded SOJ V33









# **PRELIMINARY**

CY7C1019

Document Title: 7C1019 128K x 8 Static RAM Document Number: 38-05055					
REV.	ECN NO.	Issue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change	
**	107246	09/10/01	SZV	Change from Spec number: 38-00440 to 38-05055	