

# 16-Mbit (1 M × 16) Static RAM

#### **Features**

- High speed

  □ t<sub>AA</sub> = 10 ns
- Low active power
  □ I<sub>CC</sub> = 175 mA at 100 MHz
- Low CMOS standby power
  □ I<sub>SB2</sub> = 25 mA
- Operating voltages of 3.3 ± 0.3 V
- 2.0 V data retention
- Automatic Power-down when deselected
- TTL compatible inputs and outputs
- Easy memory expansion with CE and OE features
- Available in Pb-free 54-pin TSOP II package

## **Functional Description**

The CY7C10612DV33 is a high performance CMOS Static RAM organized as 1,048,576 words by 16 bits.

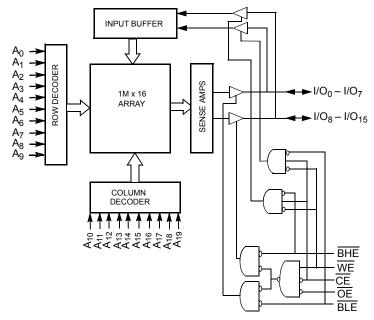
 $\overline{\text{To w}}$  rite to the device, take Chip Enables  $\overline{(CE)}$  and Write Enable  $\overline{(WE)}$  input LOW. If Byte Low Enable  $\overline{(BLE)}$  is LOW, then data from I/O pins  $\overline{(I/O_0)}$  through  $\overline{I/O_7}$ , is written into the location specified on the address pins  $\overline{(A_0)}$  through  $\overline{A_{19}}$ . If Byte High Enable  $\overline{(BHE)}$  is LOW, then data from I/O pins  $\overline{(I/O_8)}$  through  $\overline{I/O_{15}}$  is written into the location specified on the address pins  $\overline{(A_0)}$  through  $\overline{A_{19}}$ .

To read from the device, take Chip Enables ( $\overline{\text{CE}}$ ) and Output Enable ( $\overline{\text{OE}}$ ) LOW while forcing the Write Enable (WE) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable (BLE) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins appears on I/O $_0$  to I/O $_7$ . If Byte High Enable (BHE) is LOW, then data from memory appears on I/O $_8$  to I/O $_1$ 5. See Truth Table on page 10 for a complete description of Read and Write modes.

The input or output pins (I/O $_0$  through I/O $_{15}$ ) are placed in a high impedance state when the device is deselected ( $\overline{CE}$  HIGH), the outputs are disabled ( $\overline{OE}$  HIGH), the  $\overline{BHE}$  and  $\overline{BLE}$  are disabled ( $\overline{BHE}$ ,  $\overline{BLE}$  HIGH), or during a write operation ( $\overline{CE}$  LOW and  $\overline{WE}$  LOW).

The CY7C10612DV33 is available in a 54-pin TSOP II package with center power and ground (revolutionary) pinout.

## **Logic Block Diagram**



## CY7C10612DV33



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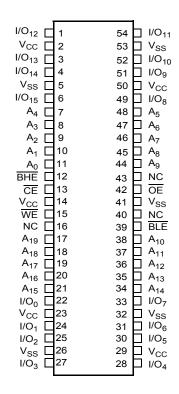


### **Selection Guide**

Description	-10	Unit
Maximum Access Time	10	ns
Maximum Operating Current	175	mA
Maximum CMOS Standby Current	25	mA

## **Pin Configuration**

Figure 1. 54-pin TSOP II (Top View) [1]



#### Note

<sup>1.</sup> NC pins are not connected on the die.



## **Maximum Ratings**

Exceeding maximum ratings may shorten the useful life of the device. User guidelines are not tested. Storage Temperature ......-65 °C to +150 °C

Ambient Temperature with

Power Applied ...... –55 °C to +125 °C

Supply Voltage on V CC Relative to GND  $^{[2]}$  .....-0.5 V to +4.6 V

DC Voltage Applied to Outputs in High Z State  $^{[2]}$  .....-0.5 V to V $_{\rm CC}$  + 0.5 V

DC Input Voltage [2]	0.5 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V
Current into Outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static Discharge Voltage (MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)	>2001 V
Latch Up Current	> 200 mA

## **Operating Range**

Range	Ambient Temperature	V <sub>CC</sub>	
Industrial	–40 °C to +85 °C	$3.3~\textrm{V}\pm0.3~\textrm{V}$	

## **DC Electrical Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

Downwoodow	Description	Took Conditions		Unit	
Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH voltage	Min $V_{CC}$ , $I_{OH} = -4.0 \text{ mA}$	2.4	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW voltage	Min V <sub>CC</sub> , I <sub>OL</sub> = 8.0 mA	_	0.4	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH voltage		2.0	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW voltage [2]		-0.3	0.8	V
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input leakage current	$GND \le V_{IN} \le V_{CC}$	-1	+1	μА
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output leakage current	$GND \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$ , Output disabled	-1	+1	μА
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> operating supply current	$V_{CC}$ = Max, f = $f_{MAX}$ = $1/t_{RC}$ , $I_{OUT}$ = 0 mA, CMOS levels	_	175	mA
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Automatic CE power-down current – TTL inputs	$\begin{aligned} &\text{Max V}_{CC}, \ \overline{CE} \geq V_{IH}, \\ &V_{IN} \geq V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IN} \leq V_{IL}, \ f = f_{MAX} \end{aligned}$	_	30	mA
I <sub>SB2</sub>	Automatic CE power-down current – CMOS Inputs	$\begin{aligned} &\text{Max V}_{CC}, \ \overline{\text{CE}} \geq \text{V}_{CC} - 0.3 \text{ V}, \\ &\text{V}_{IN} \geq \text{V}_{CC} - 0.3 \text{ V}, \text{ or V}_{IN} \leq 0.3 \text{ V}, \text{ f = 0} \end{aligned}$	_	25	mA

## Capacitance

Parameter [3]	Description	Test Conditions	54-pin TSOP II	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input capacitance	$T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}, f = 1 \text{MHz}, V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{V}$	6	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	I/O capacitance		8	pF

### **Thermal Resistance**

Parameter [3]	Description	Test Conditions	54-pin TSOP II	Unit
$\Theta_{JA}$	Thermal resistance (junction to ambient)	Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, four layer printed circuit board	24.18	°C/W
$\Theta_{\sf JC}$	Thermal resistance (junction to case)		5.40	°C/W

## Note

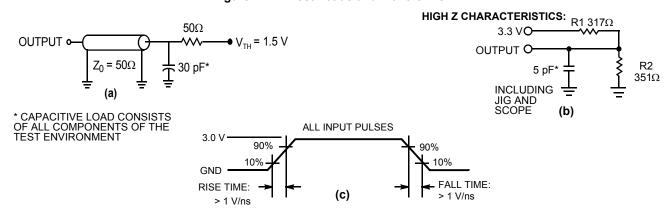
Document Number: 001-49315 Rev. \*C

V<sub>IL(min)</sub> = -2.0 V and V<sub>IH(max)</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> + 2 V for pulse durations of less than 20 ns.
 Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.



### **AC Test Loads and Waveforms**

Figure 2. AC Test Loads and Waveforms [4]



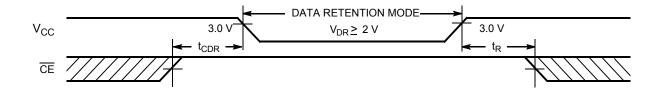
#### **Data Retention Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[5]</sup>	Max	Unit
V <sub>DR</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> for data retention		2	-	_	V
I <sub>CCDR</sub>	Data retention current	$V_{CC} = 2 \text{ V}, \overline{CE} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \\ V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V or } V_{IN} \le 0.2 \text{ V}$	_	_	25	mA
t <sub>CDR</sub> <sup>[6]</sup>	Chip deselect to data retention time		0	_	_	ns
t <sub>R</sub> <sup>[7]</sup>	Operation recovery time		t <sub>RC</sub>	_	_	ns

### **Data Retention Waveform**

Figure 3. Data Retention Waveform



#### Notes

- Valid SRAM operation does not occur until the power supplies have reached the minimum operating  $V_{DD}$  (3.0 V). 100  $\mu$ s ( $t_{power}$ ) after reaching the minimum operating  $V_{DD}$ , normal SRAM operation begins including reduction in  $V_{DD}$  to the data retention ( $V_{CCDR}$ , 2.0 V) voltage.

  Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at  $V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$ ,  $T_A = 25$  °C.
- Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
- Full device operation requires linear V<sub>CC</sub> ramp from V<sub>DR</sub> to V<sub>CC(min.)</sub>  $\geq$  50  $\mu$ s or stable at V<sub>CC(min.)</sub>  $\geq$  50  $\mu$ s.



## **AC Switching Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

Parameter [4]	Description	-'	10	11.14
Parameter	Description		Max	Unit
Read Cycle				
t <sub>power</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> (typical) to the first access <sup>[5]</sup>	100	_	μS
t <sub>RC</sub>	Read cycle time	10	_	ns
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address to data valid	_	10	ns
t <sub>OHA</sub>	Data hold from address change	3	_	ns
t <sub>ACE</sub>	CE LOW to data valid	_	10	ns
t <sub>DOE</sub>	OE LOW to data valid	_	5	ns
t <sub>LZOE</sub>	OE LOW to low Z	1	_	ns
t <sub>HZOE</sub>	OE HIGH to high Z <sup>[6]</sup>	_	5	ns
t <sub>LZCE</sub>	CE LOW to low Z [6]	3	_	ns
t <sub>HZCE</sub>	CE HIGH to high Z [6]	_	5	ns
t <sub>PU</sub>	CE LOW to power-up [7]	0	_	ns
t <sub>PD</sub>	CE HIGH to power-down [7]	_	10	ns
t <sub>DBE</sub>	Byte enable to data valid	_	5	ns
$t_{LZBE}$	Byte enable to low Z	1	_	ns
t <sub>HZBE</sub>	Byte disable to high Z	_	5	ns
Write Cycle <sup>[8,</sup>	9]			
t <sub>WC</sub>	Write cycle time	10	_	ns
t <sub>SCE</sub>	CE LOW to write end	7	_	ns
t <sub>AW</sub>	Address setup to write end	7	_	ns
t <sub>HA</sub>	Address hold from write end	0	_	ns
t <sub>SA</sub>	Address setup to write start	0	_	ns
t <sub>PWE</sub>	WE pulse width	7	_	ns
t <sub>SD</sub>	Data setup to write end	5.5	_	ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	Data hold from write end	0	_	ns
t <sub>LZWE</sub>	WE HIGH to low Z [6]	3	_	ns
t <sub>HZWE</sub>	WE LOW to high Z <sup>[6]</sup>	_	5	ns
t <sub>BW</sub>	Byte enable to end of write	7	_	ns

- Test conditions assume signal transition time of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5 V, and input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0 V. Test conditions for the read cycle use output loading shown in part a) of Figure 2 on page 5, unless specified otherwise.
   t<sub>POWER</sub> gives the minimum amount of time that the power supply is at typical V<sub>CC</sub> values until the first memory access is performed.
   t<sub>HZOE</sub>, t<sub>HZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZWE</sub>, t<sub>HZBE</sub>, t<sub>LZOE</sub>, t<sub>LZOE</sub>, t<sub>LZOE</sub>, t<sub>LZOE</sub>, t<sub>LZWE</sub>, and t<sub>LZBE</sub> are specified with a load capacitance of 5 pF as in (b) of Figure 2 on page 5. Transition is measured ±200 mV from steady state voltage.

- state Voltage.

  7. These parameters are guaranteed by design and are not tested.

  8. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of WE, CE = V<sub>IL</sub>. Chip enable must be active and WE and byte enables must be LOW to initiate a write, and the transition of any of these signals can terminate. The input data setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.

  9. The minimum write cycle time for Write Cycle No. 2 (WE controlled, OE LOW) is the sum of t<sub>HZWE</sub> and t<sub>SD</sub>.



## **Switching Waveforms**

Figure 4. Read Cycle No. 1 (Address Transition Controlled) [10, 11]

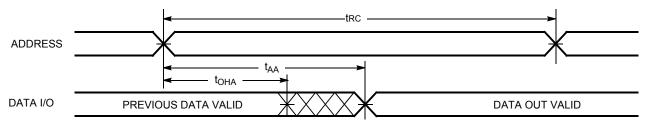
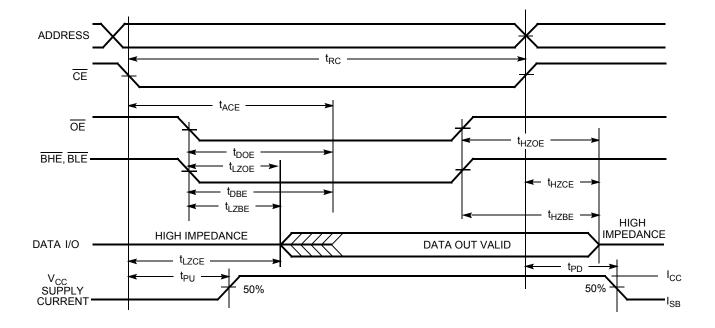


Figure 5. Read Cycle No. 2 (OE Controlled) [11, 12]



Notes
10. The device is continuously selected.  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$ ,  $\overline{BLE}$  or both =  $V_{IL}$ .
11.  $\overline{WE}$  is HIGH for read cycle.
12. Address valid before or similar to  $\overline{CE}$  transition LOW.



## Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 6. Write Cycle No. 1 (CE Controlled) [13, 14]

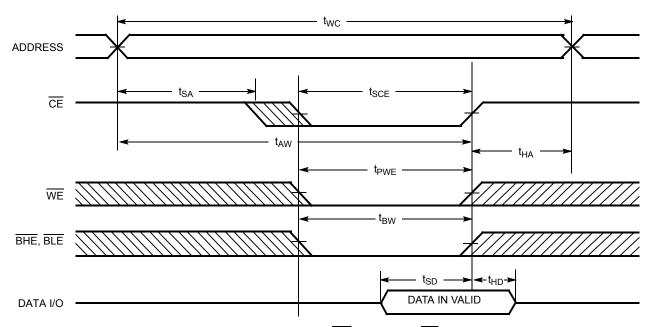
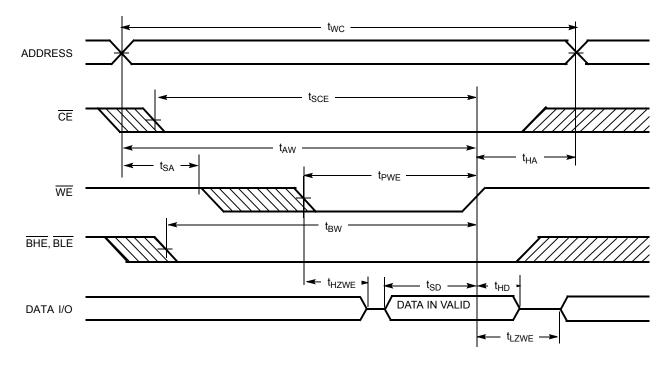


Figure 7. Write Cycle No. 2 (WE Controlled, OE LOW) [13, 14]

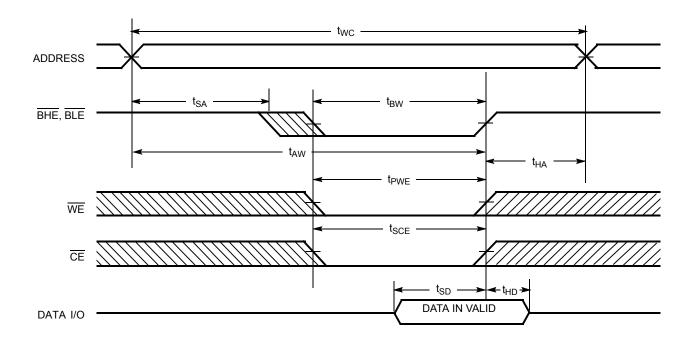


Notes
13. Data I/O is high impedance if  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$ , and/or  $\overline{BLE} = V_{IH}$ .
14. If  $\overline{CE}$  goes HIGH simultaneously with  $\overline{WE}$  going HIGH, the output remains in a high impedance state.



# Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 8. Write Cycle No. 3 (BLE or BHE Controlled) [15]



#### Note

15. Data I/O is high impedance if  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$ , and/or  $\overline{BLE} = V_{IH}$ .



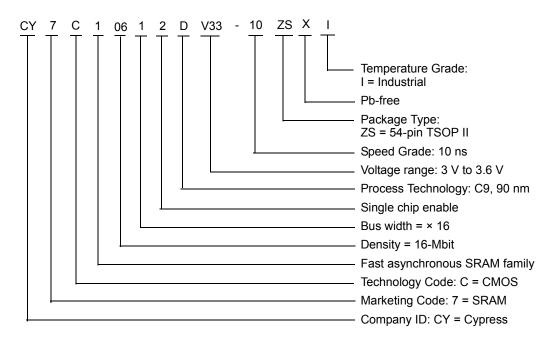
### **Truth Table**

CE	ŌE	WE	BLE	BHE	I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub>	I/O <sub>8</sub> -I/O <sub>15</sub>	Mode	Power
Н	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	High Z	High Z	Power-down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
L	L	Н	Г	L	Data Out	Data Out	Read all bits	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	L	Н	L	Н	Data Out	High Z	Read lower bits only	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	L	Н	Н	L	High Z	Data Out	Read upper bits only	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Х	L	L	L	Data In	Data In	Write all bits	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Х	L	L	Н	Data In	High Z	Write lower bits only	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Х	L	Н	L	High Z	Data In	Write upper bits only	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	Х	Х	High Z	High Z	Selected, outputs disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )

## **Ordering Information**

peed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
10	CY7C10612DV33-10ZSXI	51-85160	54-pin TSOP II (Pb-free)	Industrial

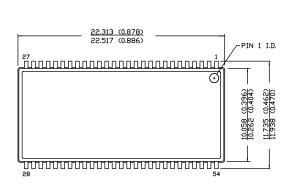
### **Ordering Code Definitions**

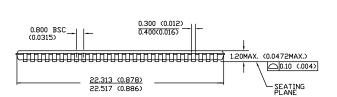


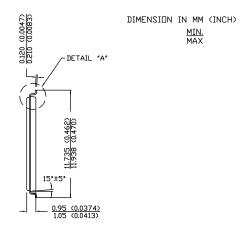


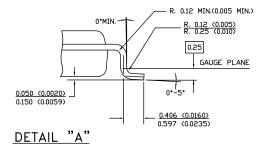
## **Package Diagrams**

Figure 9. 54-pin TSOP Type II (22.4 × 11.84 × 1.0 mm) Z54-II Package Outline, 51-85160









51-85160 \*C



## **Acronyms**

Table 1. Acronyms Used in this Document

Acronym	Description			
BHE	byte high enable			
BLE	byte low enable			
CE	chip enable			
CMOS	complementary metal oxide semiconductor			
I/O	input/output			
OE	output enable			
SRAM	static random access memory			
TSOP	thin small outline package			
TTL	transistor-transistor logic			
WE	write enable			

## **Document Conventions**

### **Units of Measure**

Table 2. Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure			
°C	degree Celsius			
MHz	megahertz			
μA	microampere			
μS	microsecond			
mA	milliampere			
mm	millimeter			
mV	millivolt			
ns	nanosecond			
Ω	ohm			
%	percent			
pF	picofarad			
V	volt			
W	watt			



# **Document History Page**

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Rev.	ECN No.	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change				
**	2589743	VKN / PYRS	10/15/08	New datasheet				
*A	2718906	VKN	06/15/09	Post to external web				
*B	3128718	PRAS	01/05/11	Template updates. Style changes. IO changed to I/O through out the document. Under Data Retention Characteristics on Page 6, "Typ" is associated with a new footnote # 10. Included ordering code definitions, Acronyms and units of measure tables. Updated package diagram from ** to *A.				
*C	3412972	TAVA	10/18/2011	Updated Features. Updated DC Electrical Characteristics. Updated Switching Waveforms. Updated Package Diagrams. Updated in new template.				



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