MAX POWER 37W QUAD BTL AUDIO POWER AMPLIFIER

The KIA8259H is 4ch BTL audio power amplifier for car audio application.

This IC can generate more high power : $P_{OUT}MAX=37W$ as it is included the pure complementary PNP and NPN transistor output stage.

It is designed low distortion ratio for 4ch BTL audio power amplifier, built-in Stand-by Function, Muting Function, Clip detector, and diagnosis circuit. Additionally, the AUX, amplifier is built-in, it can make the beep signal etc. output to 2 channels (OUT1 and 4). It contains various kind of protectors for car audio use.



- High Power
 - : $P_{OUT}MAX(1)=37W(Typ.)$
 - (Vcc=14.4V, f=1kHz, EIAJ Max., $R_L=4\Omega$)
 - : $P_{OUT}MAX(2)=35W(Typ.)$
 - (Vcc=13.7V, f=1kHz, EIAJ Max., $R_L{=}4\,\Omega$)
 - : P_{OUT}(1)=24W(Typ.)
 - (Vcc=14.4V, f=1kHz, THD=10%, R_L =4 Ω)
 - : P_{OUT}(2)=21W(Typ.)
 - (Vcc=13.2V, f=1kHz, THD=10%, $R_L=4\Omega$)
- · Built-in clip detector & diagnosis circuit. (Pin(5))
- · Low Distortion Ratio
 - : THD=0.02%(Typ.)
 - (Vcc=13.2V, f=1kHz, Pout=5W, $R_L=4\Omega$)
- Low Noise
 - : V_{NO} =0.16m V_{rms} (Typ.)
 - (Vcc=13.2V, Rg=0 Ω , G_V=34dB, BW=20~20kHz)
- Built-in stand-by switch function. (Pin⁽²⁾)
- Built-in muting function. (Pin2)
- Built-in AUX. amplifier from single input to 2 channels output (Pints)
- · Built-in various protection circuit.
 - : Thermal shut down, over voltage, out to GND, out to V_{CC} , out to out short.
- · Operating supply voltage.
 - : $V_{CC(opr)}=9\sim 18V$.





MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Peak Supply Voltage (0.2sec)	V _{CC} (surge)	50	V
DC Supply Voltage	V _{CC} (DC)	25	V
Operating Supply Voltage	V _{CC} (opr)	18	V
Output Current (Peak)	$I_{O~(peak)}$	9	А
Power Dissipation	P _D *	250	W
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	-40~85	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-55~150	Ĉ

 * : Package thermal resistance θ_{j-T}=0.5°C/W(Typ.) (Ta=25°C, with infinite heat sink)

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Unless otherwise specified, Vcc=13.2V, $R_L=4\Omega$, f=1kHz, Ta=25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIRCUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
Quiescent Current	I _{CCQ}	_	V _{IN} =0	-	200	400	mA	
Output Power	P _{OUT} MAX(1)	_	V _{CC} =14.4V, MAX power	_	37	_		
	POUT MAX(2)		V _{CC} =13.7V, MAX power	-	35	_		
	P _{OUT} (1)	-	V _{CC} =14.4V, THD=10%	-	24	-	W	
	P _{OUT} (2)	_	THD=10%	19	21	_		
Total Harmonic Distortion Ratio	THD	_	P _{OUT} =3W	_	0.02	0.2	%	
Voltage Gain	Gv	_	V_{OUT} =0.775 V_{rms} (0dBm)	32	34	36	- dB	
Voltage Gain Ratio	⊿Gv	-	V_{OUT} =0.775 V_{rms} (0dBm)	-1.0	0	1.0		
Output Noise Voltage	V _{NO} (1)	-	Rg=0Ω, DIN45405	-	0.18	-		
	V _{NO} (2)	_	Rg=0 Ω , BW=20Hz~20kHz	-	0.16	0.35	mV _{rms}	
Ripple Rejection Ratio	R.R.	_	$f_{ripple}=100Hz$, Rg=620 Ω V _{rip} =0.775V _{rms} (0dBm)	40	50	_	dB	
Cross Talk	С.Т.	_	$\begin{array}{c} Rg=620\Omega,\\ V_{OUT}=0.775V_{rms} \ (0dBm) \end{array}$		62	_	ЦБ	
Output Offset Voltage	VOFFSET	-	-	-100	0	+100	mV	
Input Resistance	R _{IN}	-	_	-	30	-	kΩ	
Stand-By Current	I_{SB}	-	Stand-by condition	-	2	10	μA	
Stand-By Control Voltage	V _{SB} H	-	Power : ON	3.0	-	6.0	T 7	
	V _{SB} L	-	Power : OFF	0	-	1.5	V	
Mute Control	V _{SB} H	_	Mute : OFF		OPEN			
Voltage *	V _{SB} L	_	Mute : ON, R1=10k Ω	0	_	0.5	V	
Mute Attenuation	ATT M	_	Mute:on, V _{OUT} =7.75V _{rms} (20dBm) at Mute:off	80	90	_	dB	

* : Muting function have to be controlled by open and low logic, which logic is a transistor, FET and μ -COM port of $I_{MUTE}>250\mu A$ ability. This means that the Mute control terminal : pin⁽²⁾ must not be pulled-up.



TEST CIRCUIT & BLOCK DIAGRAM





CAUTION AND APPLICATION METHOD

(Description is made only no the single channel.)

1. Voltage gain adjustment

This IC has no NF (negative feedbak) terminals. Therefore, the voltage gain can't adjusted, but it makes the device a space and total costs saver.



(Fig.1) Block Diagram

2. Stand-by SW function (pin2)

By means of controlling pin⁽²⁾ (Stand-by terminal) to High and Low, the power supply can be set to ON and OFF.

The threshold voltage of pin(2) is set at about $3V_{BE}(Typ.)$, and the power supply current is about $2\mu A(Typ.)$ at the Stand-by state.

Control Voltage of pin $2 : V_{(S)}$	Control	Voltage	of	pin ₍₂₎	:	V _(SB)
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STAND-BY	POWER	V(SB) (V)
ON	OFF	0~1.5
OFF	ON	3~6



Adjustage of Stand-by SW

- (1) Since V_{CC} can directly be controlled to ON or OFF by the microcomputer, the switching relay can be omitted.
- (2) Since the control current is microscopic, the switching relay of small current capacity is satisfactory for switching



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3. Muting function (pin A)

By means of controlling pin @ less than 0.5V, it can make the audio muting condition. The muting time constant is decided by R_1 and C_4 and these parts is related the pop noise at power ON/OFF.

The series resistance ; R1 must be set up less than $15k\Omega$, we recommend $10k\Omega$.

The muting function have to be controlled by a transistor, FET and μ -COM port which has $I_{MUTE}>250\mu A$ ability.

Terminal @ must not be pulled up and it shall be controlled by OPEN/LOW.



(Fig.4) Muting Function



(Fig.5) Mute Attenuation-V_{MUTE} (V)



4. AUX. Input (pin[®])

The pin0 is for input terminal of AUX. amplifier. The total gain is 0dB by using of AUX. amplifier. Therefore, the μ -COM can directly drive the AUX. amplifier.

BEEP sound or voice synthesizer signal can be input to pin[®] directly.



(Fig.6) AUX INPUT

5. DIAGNOSIS OUTPUT (pin25)

The diagnosis output terminal of pin⁽²⁾ has open collector output structure on chip as shown in Fig.6.

In unusual case that output terminal of Power Amp. is condition of output to V_{CC} or output to GND short and over voltage input mode, it is possible to protect all the system of apparatus as well as power IC protection.

In case of being unused this function, use this IC as open-connection on pin(3).



(Fig.7)







6. Output Clip Detection Function (pin⁽²⁵⁾)

The output clip detection terminal of pin⁽²⁾ has the open collector output structure on chip as shown in Fig.9 In case that the output waveform is clipping, the clip detection circuit is operated and NPN Tr. is turned on.

It is possible to improve the audio quality with controlling the volume, tone control circuit through L.P.F. smoothing circuit as shown in Fig.9.

In case of being unused this function, use this IC as open connection on pin. .

(Application)





7. Cross talk

The cross talk characteristics of the IC is not good between OUT1 and 2, OUT3 and 4. So we recommend to use by below method.

OUT1,2	L-ch (or R-ch)
OUT3,4	R-ch (or L-ch)

And, please refer to below table in case of applying the AUX, IN because it is out to OUT1 and 4.

ex)

OUT1	Front	Lab (ar Dab)	AUX. OUT
OUT2	Rear	L-ch (or R-ch)	-
OUT3	Rear	Dah (an Lah)	-
OUT4	Front	R-ch (or L-ch)	AUX. OUT

