

# KM4170

## Tiny, Low Cost, +2.7V & +5V, Rail-to-Rail I/O Amplifier

### Features

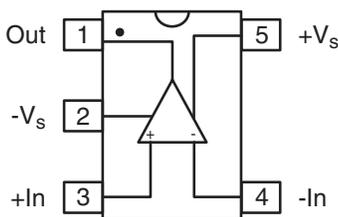
- 136 $\mu$ A supply current
- 4.9MHz bandwidth
- Output swings to within 20mV of either rail
- Input voltage range exceeds the rail by >250mV
- 5.3V/ $\mu$ s slew rate
- 35mA short circuit output current
- 24nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$  input voltage noise
- Directly replaces OPA340, OPA343, and TLV2461 in single supply applications
- Available in SC70 and SOT23-5 package options

### Applications

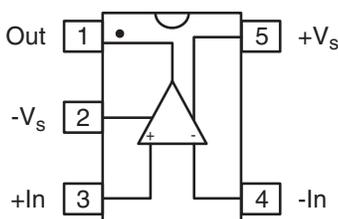
- Portable/battery-powered applications
- PCMCIA, USB
- Mobile communications, cellular phones, pagers
- Notebooks and PDA's
- Sensor Interface
- A/D buffer
- Active filters
- Signal conditioning
- Portable test instruments

### KM4170 Packages

SOT23-5



SC70-5

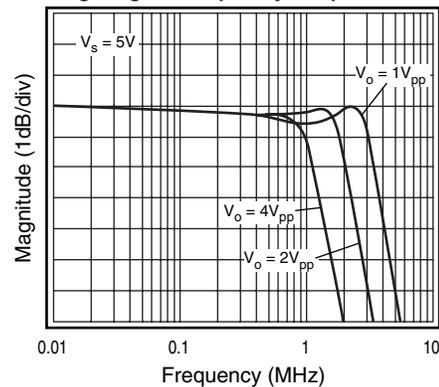


### General Description

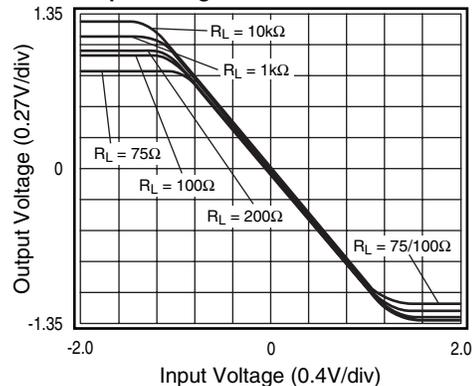
The KM4170 is an ultra-low cost, low power, voltage feedback amplifier. At 5V, the KM4170 uses only 160 $\mu$ A of supply current and is designed to operate from a supply range of 2.5V to 5.5V. The input voltage range exceeds the negative and positive rails.

The KM4170 offers high bipolar performance at a low CMOS price. The KM4170 offers superior dynamic performance with a 4.9MHz small signal bandwidth and 5.3V/ $\mu$ s slew rate. The combination of low power, high bandwidth, and rail-to-rail performance make the KM4170 well suited for battery-powered communication/computing systems.

Large Signal Frequency Response



Output Swing vs. Load



## KM4170 Electrical Characteristics ( $V_s = +2.7V$ , $G = 2$ , $R_L = 10k\Omega$ to $V_s/2$ , $R_f = 5k\Omega$ ; unless noted)

Parameters	Conditions	TYP	Min & Max	UNITS	NOTES
Case Temperature		+25°C	+25°C		
<b>Frequency Domain Response</b>					
-3dB bandwidth	$G = +1$ , $V_O = 0.02V_{pp}$	4.9		MHz	1
full power bandwidth	$G = +2$ , $V_O = 0.2V_{pp}$	3.7		MHz	
gain bandwidth product	$G = +2$ , $V_O = 2V_{pp}$	1.4		MHz	
		2.2		MHz	
<b>Time Domain Response</b>					
rise and fall time	1V step	163		ns	
overshoot	1V step	<1		%	
slew rate	1V step	5.3		V/ $\mu$ s	
<b>Distortion and Noise Response</b>					
2nd harmonic distortion	$1V_{pp}$ , 10kHz	-75		dBc	
3rd harmonic distortion	$1V_{pp}$ , 10kHz	-76		dBc	
THD	$1V_{pp}$ , 10kHz	0.03		%	
input voltage noise	>1MHz	24		nV/ $\sqrt$ Hz	
<b>DC Performance</b>					
input offset voltage		0.5	$\pm 6$	mV	2
average drift		5		$\mu$ V/ $^{\circ}$ C	
input bias current		90	420	nA	2
average drift		32		pA/ $^{\circ}$ C	
power supply rejection ratio	DC	83	55	dB	2
open loop gain	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	90		dB	
quiescent current		136	190	$\mu$ A	2
<b>Input Characteristics</b>					
input resistance		12		M $\Omega$	
input capacitance		2		pF	
input common mode voltage range		-0.25 to 2.95		V	
common mode rejection ratio	DC, $V_{cm} = 0V$ to $V_s$	81	55	dB	2
<b>Output Characteristics</b>					
output voltage swing	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ to $V_s/2$	0.02 to 2.68	0.06 to 2.64	V	2
	$R_L = 1k\Omega$ to $V_s/2$	0.05 to 2.63		V	
	$R_L = 200\Omega$ to $V_s/2$	0.11 to 2.52		V	
output current		$\pm 16$		mA	
short circuit output current		$\pm 35$		mA	
power supply operating range		2.7	2.5 to 5.5	V	

Min/max ratings are based on product characterization and simulation. Individual parameters are tested as noted. Outgoing quality levels are determined from tested parameters.

### NOTES:

- 1) For  $G = +1$ ,  $R_f = 0$ .
- 2) 100% tested at +25°C.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

supply voltage	0 to +6V
maximum junction temperature	+175°C
storage temperature range	-65°C to +150°C
lead temperature (10 sec)	+300°C
operating temperature range (recommended)	-40°C to +85°C
input voltage range	+ $V_s$ + 0.5V, - $V_s$ - 0.5V
internal power dissipation	see power derating curves

## Package Thermal Resistance

Package	$\theta_{JA}$
5 lead SOT23	256°C/W

## KM4170 Electrical Characteristics ( $V_s = +5V$ , $G = 2$ , $R_L = 10k\Omega$ to $V_s/2$ , $R_f = 5k\Omega$ ; unless noted)

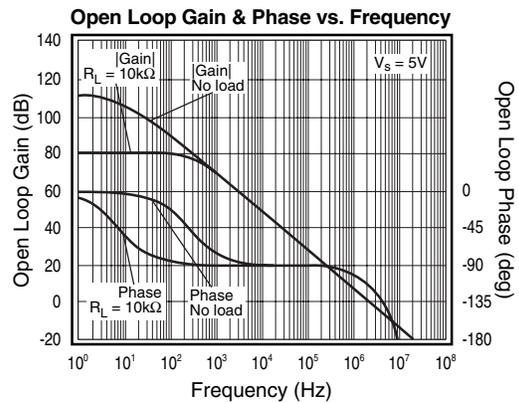
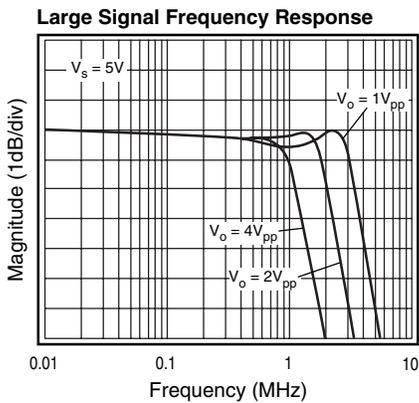
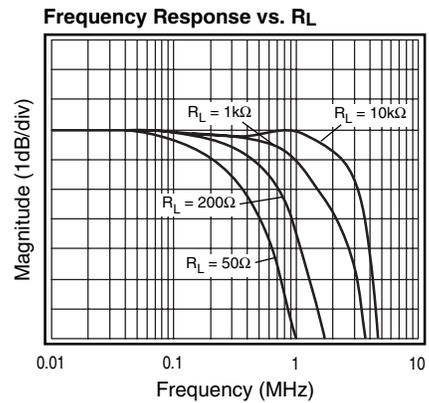
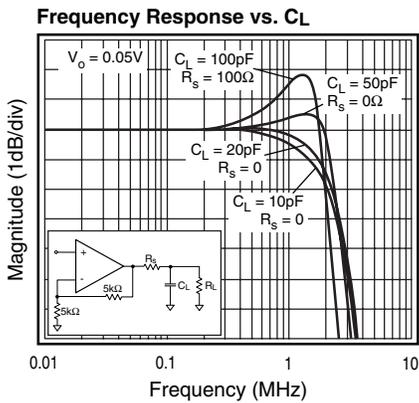
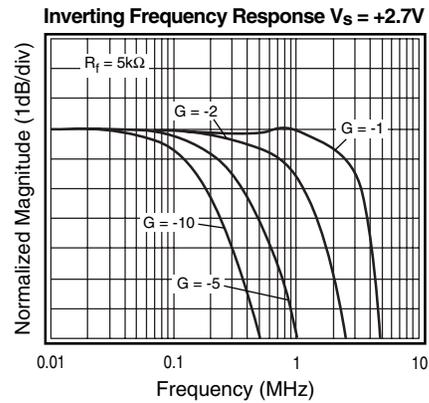
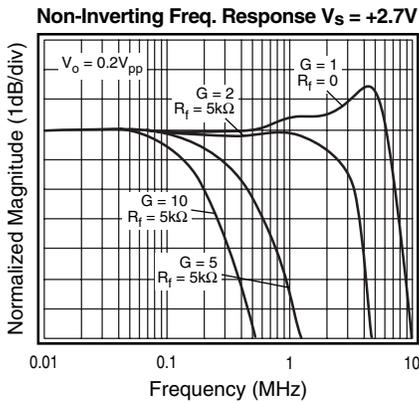
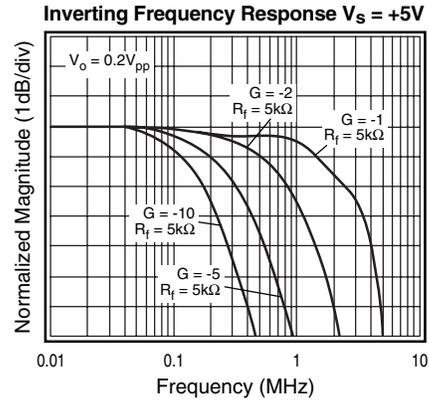
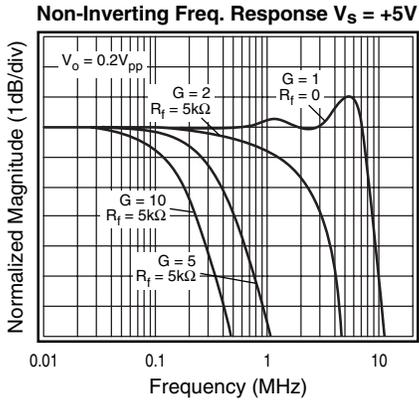
Parameters	Conditions	TYP	Min & Max	UNITS	NOTES
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<b>Frequency Domain Response</b>					
-3dB bandwidth	$G = +1, V_O = 0.02V_{pp}$	4.3		MHz	1
	$G = +2, V_O = 0.2V_{pp}$	3.0		MHz	
full power bandwidth	$G = +2, V_O = 2V_{pp}$	2.3		MHz	
gain bandwidth product		2.0		MHz	
<b>Time Domain Response</b>					
rise and fall time	1V step	110		ns	
overshoot	1V step	<1		%	
slew rate	1V step	9		V/ $\mu$ s	
<b>Distortion and Noise Response</b>					
2nd harmonic distortion	$2V_{pp}, 10kHz$	-73		dBc	
3rd harmonic distortion	$2V_{pp}, 10kHz$	-75		dBc	
THD	$2V_{pp}, 10kHz$	0.03		%	
input voltage noise	>1MHz	27		nV/ $\sqrt{Hz}$	
<b>DC Performance</b>					
input offset voltage		1.5	$\pm 8$	mV	2
average drift		15		$\mu$ V/ $^{\circ}$ C	
input bias current		90	450	nA	2
average drift		40		pA/ $^{\circ}$ C	
power supply rejection ratio	DC	60	40	dB	2
open loop gain	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	80		dB	
quiescent current		160	235	$\mu$ A	2
<b>Input Characteristics</b>					
input resistance		12		M $\Omega$	
input capacitance		2		pF	
input common mode voltage range		-0.25 to 5.25		V	
common mode rejection ratio	DC, $V_{cm} = 0V$ to $V_s$	85	58	dB	2
<b>Output Characteristics</b>					
output voltage swing	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ to $V_s/2$	0.04 to 4.96	0.08 to 4.92	V	2
	$R_L = 1k\Omega$ to $V_s/2$	0.07 to 4.9		V	
	$R_L = 200\Omega$ to $V_s/2$	0.14 to 4.67		V	
output current		$\pm 30$		mA	
short circuit output current		$\pm 60$		mA	
power supply operating range		5.0	2.5 to 5.5	V	

Min/max ratings are based on product characterization and simulation. Individual parameters are tested as noted. Outgoing quality levels are determined from tested parameters.

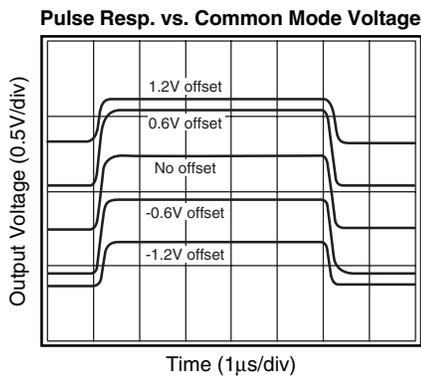
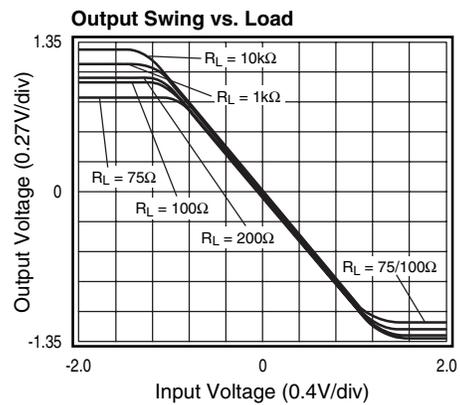
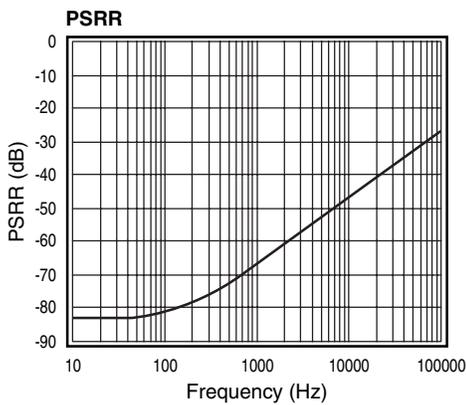
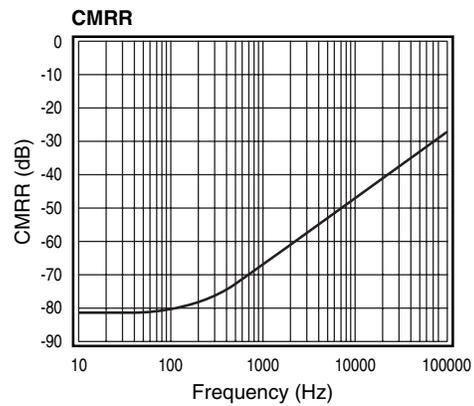
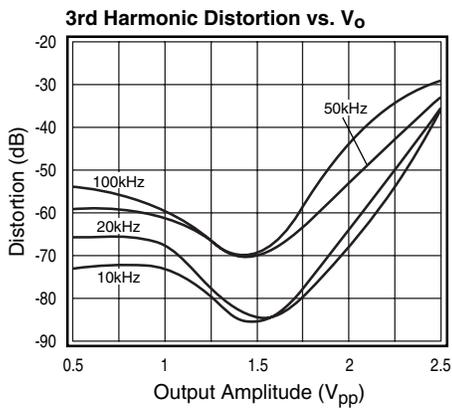
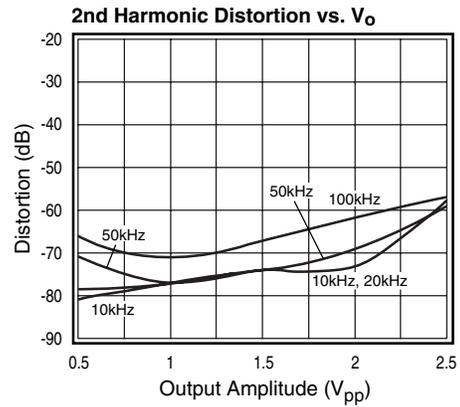
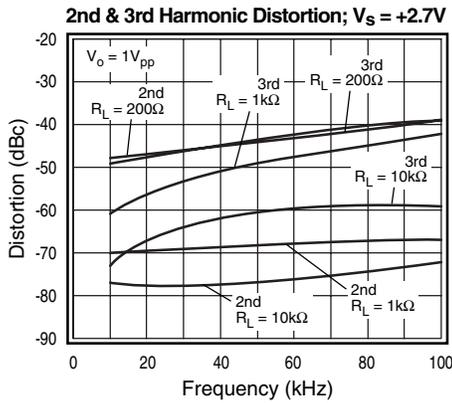
### NOTES:

- 1) For  $G = +1$ ,  $R_f = 0$ .
- 2) 100% tested at +25°C.

**KM4170 Performance Characteristics** ( $V_S = +2.7$ ,  $G = 2$ ,  $R_L = 10k\Omega$  to  $V_S/2$ ,  $R_f = 5k\Omega$ ; unless noted)



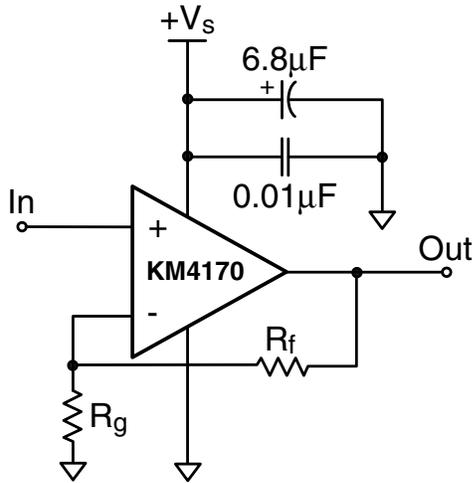
# KM4170 Performance Characteristics ( $V_s = +2.7V$ , $G = 2$ , $R_L = 10k\Omega$ to $V_s/2$ , $R_f = 5k\Omega$ ; unless noted)



**General Description**

The KM4170 is single supply, general purpose, voltage-feedback amplifier. The KM4170 is fabricated on a complimentary bipolar process, features a rail-to-rail input and output, and is unity gain stable.

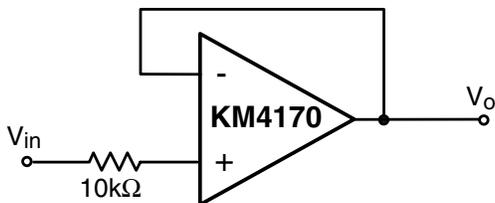
The typical non-inverting circuit schematic is shown in Figure 1.



**Figure 1: Typical Non-inverting Configuration**

**Input Common Mode Voltage**

The common mode input range extends to 250mV below ground and to 250mV above  $V_s$ , in single supply operation. Exceeding these values will not cause phase reversal. However, if the input voltage exceeds the rails by more than 0.5V, the input ESD devices will begin to conduct. The output will stay at the rail during this overdrive condition. If the absolute maximum input voltage (700mV beyond either rail) is exceeded, externally limit the input current to  $\pm 5\text{mA}$  as shown in Figure 2.



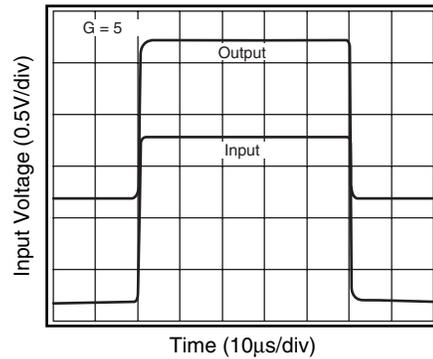
**Figure 2: Circuit for Input Current Protection**

**Power Dissipation**

The maximum internal power dissipation allowed is directly related to the maximum junction temperature. If the maximum junction temperature exceeds 150°C, some performance degradation will occur. If the maximum junction temperature exceeds 175°C for an extended time, device failure may occur.

**Overdrive Recovery**

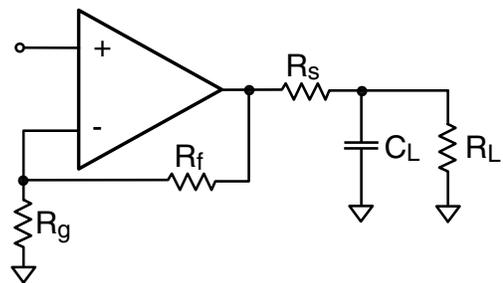
Overdrive of an amplifier occurs when the output and/or input ranges are exceeded. The recovery time varies based on whether the input or output is overdriven and by how much the ranges are exceeded. The KM4170 will typically recover in less than 50ns from an overdrive condition. Figure 3 shows the KM4170 in an overdriven condition.



**Figure 3: Overdrive Recovery**

**Driving Capacitive Loads**

The *Frequency Response vs.  $C_L$*  plot, illustrates the response of the KM4170. A small series resistance ( $R_s$ ) at the output of the amplifier, illustrated in Figure 4, will improve stability and settling performance.  $R_s$  values in the *Frequency Response vs.  $C_L$*  plot were chosen to achieve maximum bandwidth with less than 2dB of peaking. For maximum flatness, use a larger  $R_s$ . As the plot indicates, the KM4170 can easily drive a 50pF capacitive load without a series resistance.



**Figure 4: Typical Topology for driving a capacitive load**

Driving a capacitive load introduces phase-lag into the output signal, which reduces phase margin in the amplifier. The unity gain follower is the most sensitive configuration. In a unity gain follower configuration, the KM4170 requires a 510Ω series resistor to drive a 100pF load.

### Layout Considerations

General layout and supply bypassing play major roles in high frequency performance. Fairchild has evaluation boards to use as a guide for high frequency layout and as aid in device testing and characterization. Follow the steps below as a basis for high frequency layout:

- Include 6.8 $\mu$ F and 0.01 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitors
- Place the 6.8 $\mu$ F capacitor within 0.75 inches of the power pin
- Place the 0.01 $\mu$ F capacitor within 0.1 inches of the power pin
- Remove the ground plane under and around the part, especially near the input and output pins to reduce parasitic capacitance
- Minimize all trace lengths to reduce series inductances

Refer to the evaluation board layouts shown in Figure 6 for more information.

### Evaluation Board Information

The following evaluation boards are available to aid in the testing and layout of this device:

Eval Board	Description	Products
KEB002	Single Channel, Dual Supply, 5 and 6 lead SOT23	KM4170IT5
KEB011	Single Channel, Dual Supply, 5 and 6 lead SC70	KM4170IS5

Evaluation board schematics and layouts are shown in Figure 5 and Figure 6.

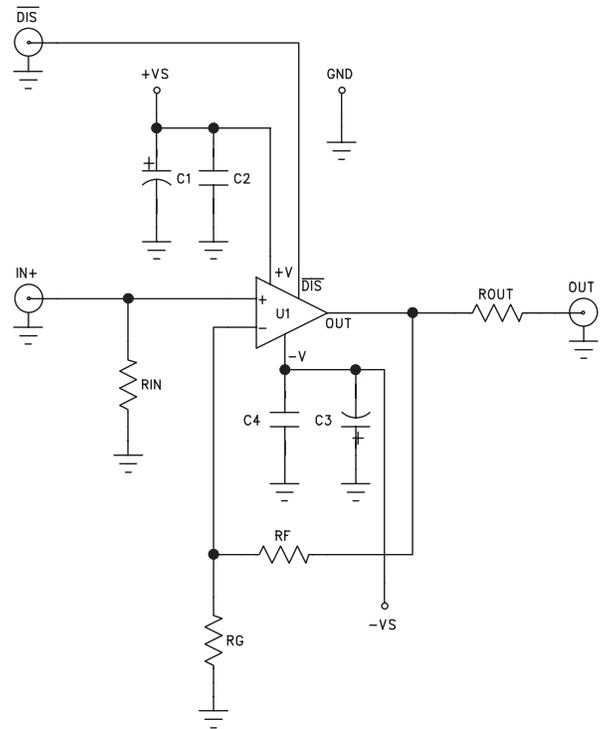


Figure 5: Evaluation Board Schematic

# KM4170 Evaluation Board Layout

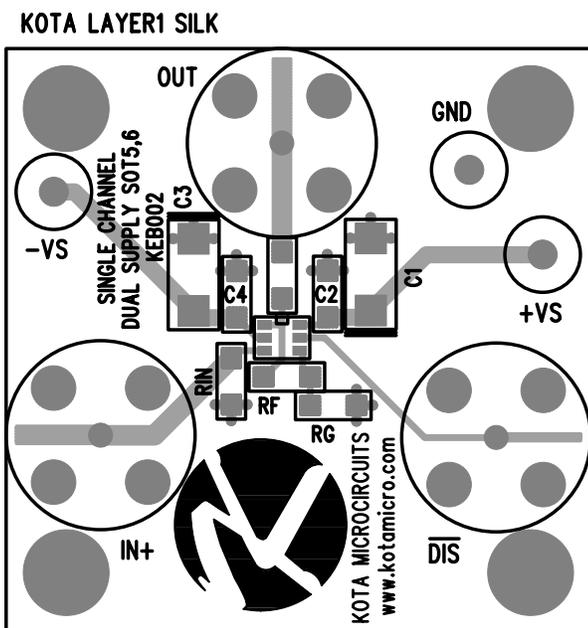


Figure 6a: KEB002 (top side)

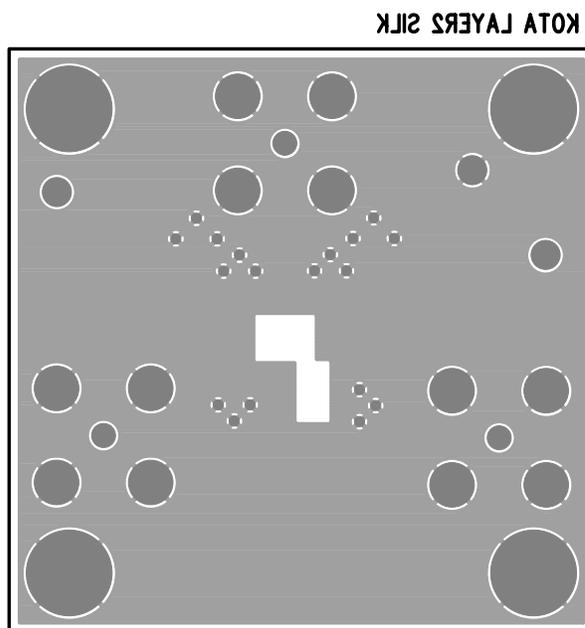


Figure 6b: KEB002 (bottom side)

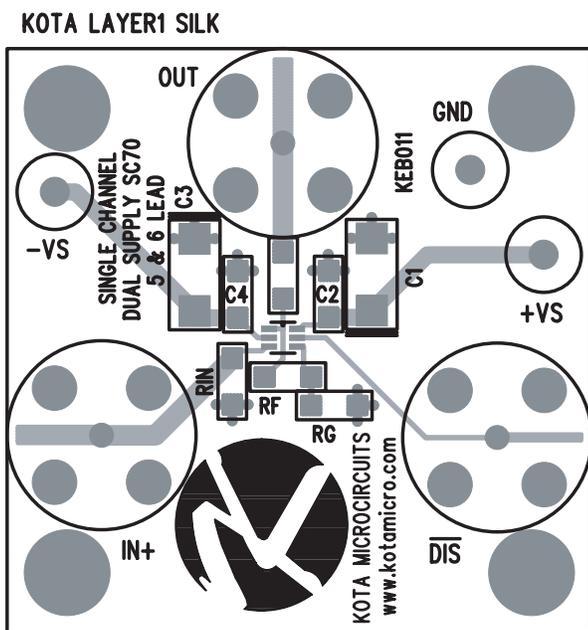


Figure 6c: KEB011 (top side)

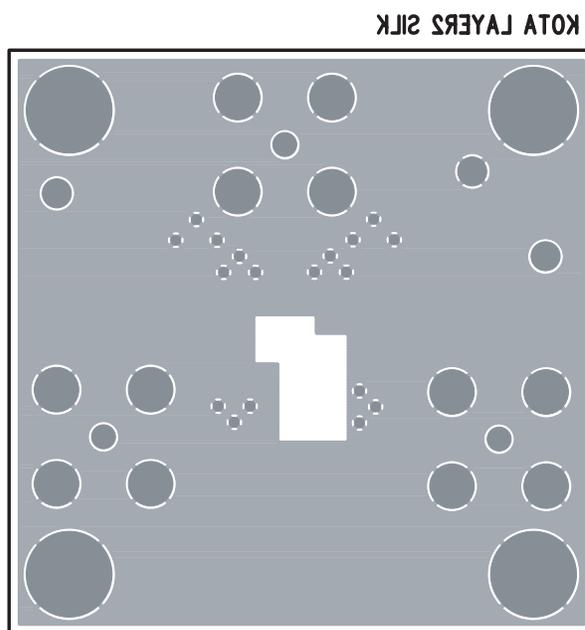
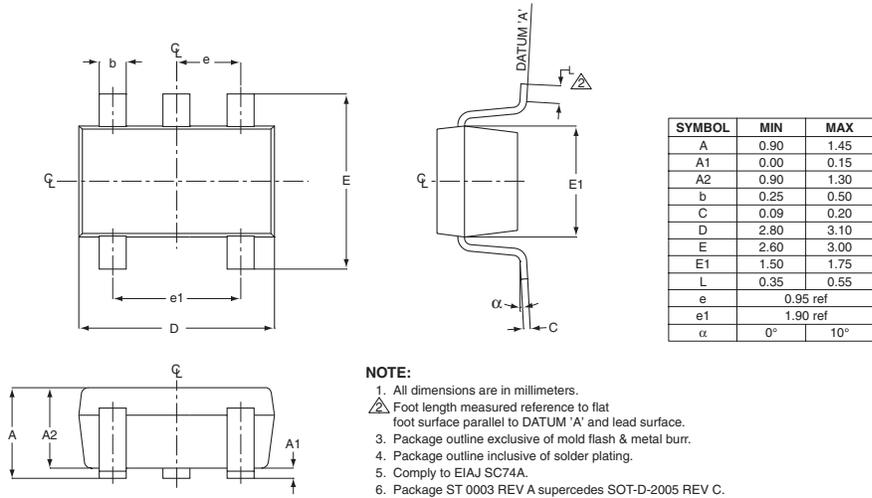


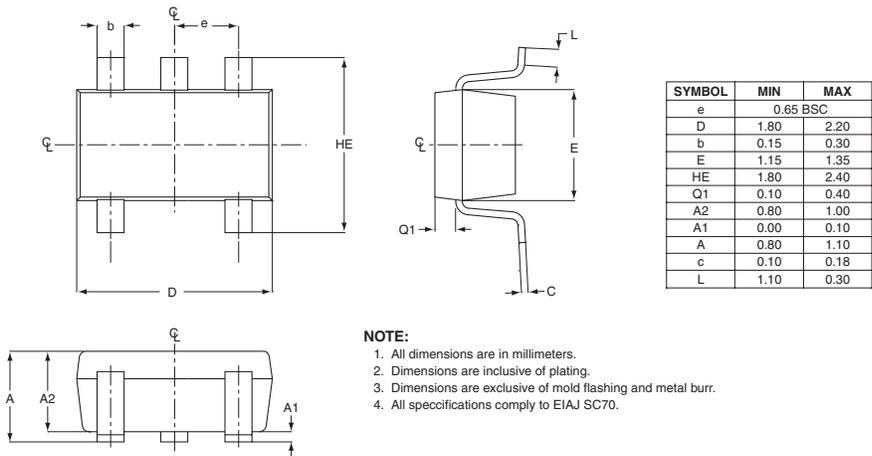
Figure 6d: KEB011 (bottom side)

# KM4170 Package Dimensions

## SOT23-5



## SC70



## Ordering Information

Model	Part Number	Package	Container	Pack Qty
KM4170	KM4170IT5	SOT23-5	Partial Reel	<3000
KM4170	KM4170IT5TR3	SOT23-5	Reel	3000
KM4170	KM4170IS5	SC70-5	Partial Reel	<3000
KM4170	KM4170IS5TR3	SC70-5	Reel	3000

Temperature range for all parts: -40°C to +85°C

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2. A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.