

Overview

The LC89970 and LC89970M are CCD delay lines for PAL television systems. It incorporates a comb filter for chrominance signal and a 1 H delay line for luminance signal.

Structure

- NMOS + CCD

Functions

- Two CCD shift registers (for chrominance and luminance signals)
- CCD drive circuits
- CCD stage count switching circuit
- CCD signal adder
- Auto-bias circuit
- Sync tip clamping circuit (luminance signal)
- Center-bias circuit (chrominance signal)
- Sample-and-hold circuit
- PLL 3 × frequency multiplier
- fsc clock output circuit
- RD voltage generator

Features

- 5 V single-voltage power supply
- Built-in PLL 3 × frequency multiplier circuit allows 3 fsc operation from an fsc (4.43 MHz) input.
- Control pin switchable to handle PAL/GBI and 4.43 MHz NTSC systems.
- Built-in chrominance signal crosstalk exclusion comb filter features high precision comb characteristics in an adjustment-free circuit.
- Built-in peripheral circuits allow applications to be constructed with a minimum number of external components.
- Positive-phase signal input/positive-phase signal output (luminance signal)

Specifications

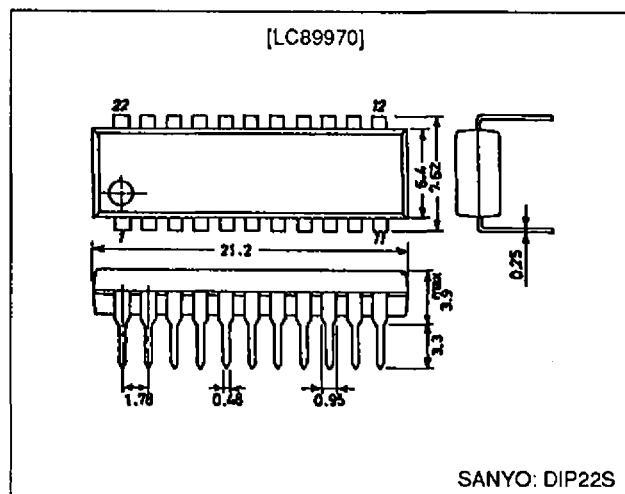
Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V _{DD} max		-0.3 to +6.0	V
Allowable power dissipation	P _d max	LC89970	1200	mW
		LC89970M	600	mW
Operating temperature	T _{opr}		-10 to +70	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}		-55 to +150	°C

Package Dimensions

unit: mm

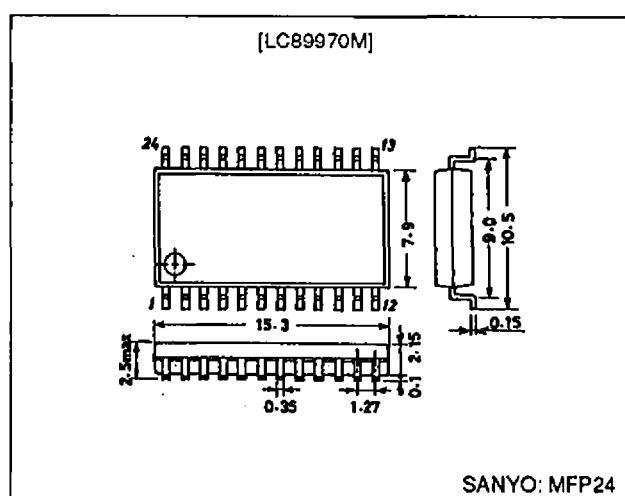
3059-DIP22S



SANYO: DIP22S

unit: mm

3045B-MFP24



SANYO: MFP24

Allowable Operating Ranges at Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions			min	typ	max	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{DD}				4.75	5.00	5.25	V
Clock input amplitude	V _{CLK}				300	500	1000	mVp-p
Clock frequency	F _{CLK}	Sine wave			—	4.43361875	—	MHz
Clock signal input amplitude	V _{IN-C}				—	350	500	mVp-p
Luminance signal input amplitude	V _{IN-Y}				—	400	572	mVp-p

Electrical Characteristics at V_{DD} = 5.0 V, Ta = 25°C, F_{CLK} = 4.43361875 MHz, V_{CLK} = 500 mVp-p

Parameter	Symbol	Switch states			Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
		SW1	SW2	SW3					
Supply current	I _{DD-1}	a	a	b	1	40	50	60	mA
	I _{DD-2}	b	a	b					
Chrominance System Characteristics (with no Y-IN input)									
Pin voltage (input)	V _{INC-1}	a	a	b	2	2.0	2.4	2.8	V
	V _{INC-2}	b	a	b					
Pin voltage (output)	V _{OUTC-1}	a	a	b	3	1.2	1.6	2.0	V
	V _{OUTC-2}	b	a	b					
Voltage gain	G _{VC-1}	a	a	b	4	-2	0	+2	dB
	G _{VC-2}	b	a	b					
Comb depth	C _{D-1}	a	a	b	5	—	-40	-35	dB
	C _{D-2}	b	a	b					
Linearity	L _{NC-1}	a	a	b	6	-0.3	0.0	+0.3	dB
	L _{NC-2}	b	a	b					
Clock leakage (3 fsc)	L _{CK3C-1}	a	a	b	7	—	10	50	mVrms
	L _{CK3C-2}	b	a	b					
Clock leakage (fsc)	L _{CK1C-1}	a	a	b	8	—	0.8	1.5	mVrms
	L _{CK1C-2}	b	a	b					
Noise	N _{C-1}	a	a	b	9	—	0.5	2.0	mVrms
	N _{C-2}	b	a	b					
Output impedance	Z _{OC-1}	a	a	a, b	10	200	350	500	Ω
	Z _{OC-2}	b	a	a, b					
0 H delay time	T _{DC-1}	a	a	b	11	—	245	—	ns
	T _{DC-2}	b	a	b					

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Parameter	Symbol	Switch states			Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
		SW1	SW2	SW3					
Luminance System Characteristics (with no C-IN1 or C-IN2 input)									
Pin voltage (input)	V _{INY-1}	a	a	b	10	1.7	2.1	2.5	V
	V _{INY-2}	b	a	b		0.8	1.2	1.6	V
Pin voltage (output)	V _{OUTY-1}	a	a	b	11	-2	0	+2	dB
	V _{OUTY-2}	b	a	b		-2	0	+2	dB
Voltage gain	G _{VY-1}	a	a	b	12	-2	0	+2	dB
	G _{VY-2}	b	a	b		-2	0	+2	dB
Frequency response	G _{FY-1}	a	b	b	13	-2	0	+2	dB
	G _{FY-2}	b	b	b		-2	0	+2	dB
Differential gain	D _{GY-1}	a	a	b	13	0	5	7	%
	D _{GY-2}	b	a	b		0	5	7	deg
Differential phase	D _{PY-1}	a	a	b	13	0	5	7	deg
	D _{PY-2}	b	a	b		0	5	7	deg
Linearity	L _{SY-1}	a	a	b	14	37	40	43	%
	L _{SY-2}	b	a	b		37	40	43	%
Clock leakage (3 fsc)	L _{CK3Y-1}	a	a	b	15	—	10	50	mVrms
	L _{CK3Y-2}	b	a	b		—	0.8	1.5	mVrms
Clock leakage (fsc)	L _{CK1Y-1}	a	a	b	15	—	0.8	1.5	mVrms
	L _{CK1Y-2}	b	a	b		—	0.8	1.5	mVrms
Noise	N _{Y-1}	a	a	b	16	—	0.5	2.0	mVrms
	N _{Y-2}	b	a	b		—	0.5	2.0	mVrms
Output impedance	Z _{OY-1}	a	a	c, b	17	250	400	550	Ω
	Z _{OY-2}	b	a	c, b		250	400	550	Ω
Delay time	T _{DY-1}	a	a	b	18	—	63.92	—	μs
	T _{DY-2}	b	a	b		—	63.47	—	μs

Test Conditions

- Supply current with no signal input.
- C-OUT voltage (center bias voltage) with no signal input.
- Measure the C-OUT output with 350 mVp-p sine wave signals input to C-IN1 and C-IN2.

$$GVC = 20 \log \frac{\text{C-OUT output [mVp-p]}}{350 \text{ [mVp-p]}} \text{ [dB]}$$

Test frequencies

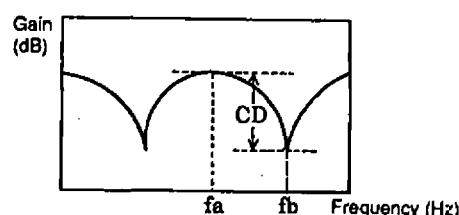
GVC-1	4.429662 MHz (PAL/GBI)
GVC-2	4.425694 MHz (4.43 NTSC)

- Measure the comb depth from the C-OUT output with a 350 mVp-p sine wave signal of frequency f_a input to C-IN1 and C-IN2 and with a frequency of f_b input.

$$CD = 20 \log \frac{\text{C-OUT output with } f_b \text{ input [mVp-p]}}{\text{C-OUT output with } f_a \text{ input [mVp-p]}} \text{ [dB]}$$

Test frequencies

f _a	f _b
CD-1	4.429662 MHz
CD-2	4.425694 MHz
	4.425756 MHz (PAL/GBI)
	4.417819 MHz (4.43 NTSC)



5. Measure the C-OUT output with a 200 mVp-p sine wave signal input to C-IN1 and C-IN2 and with 500 mVp-p sine wave signal input and calculate the difference in the gains.

$$LNC = 20 \log \left(\frac{\text{Output for a } 500 \text{ mVp-p input [mVp-p]}}{500 \text{ [mVp-p]}} / \frac{\text{Output for a } 200 \text{ mVp-p input [mVp-p]}}{200 \text{ [mVp-p]}} \right) [\text{dB}]$$

Test frequencies

LNC-1 4.429662 MHz (PAL/GBI)

LNC-2 4.425694 MHz (4.43 NTSC)

6. Measure the 3 fsc (13.3 MHz) and fsc (4.43 MHz) components in the C-OUT output with no input.

7. Measure the noise in the C-OUT output with no input.

Measure the noise with a noise meter set up with a 200 kHz high-pass filter and a 5 MHz low-pass filter.

8. Let V1 be the C-OUT output with a 350 mVp-p sine wave input to C-IN1 and C-IN2 and SW3 set to a, and let V2 be the C-OUT output with SW3 set to b.

$$ZOC = \frac{V2 \text{ [mVp-p]} - V1 \text{ [mVp-p]}}{V1 \text{ [mVp-p]}} \times 500 \text{ [\Omega]}$$

Test frequencies

ZOC-1 4.429662 MHz (PAL/GBI)

ZOC-2 4.425694 MHz (4.43 NTSC)

9. The C-OUT output delay time with respect to inputs to C-IN1. (the CCD 2.5 bit delay)

10. Y-OUT voltage (clamp voltage) with no signal input.

11. Measure the Y-OUT output with a 200 kHz 400 mVp-p sine wave input to Y-IN.

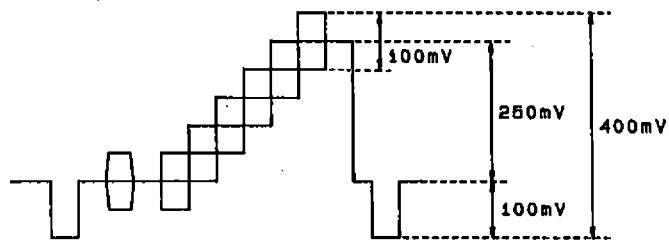
$$GVY = 20 \log \frac{\text{Y-OUT output [mVp-p]}}{400 \text{ [mVp-p]}} [\text{dB}]$$

12. Measure the Y-OUT output with a 200 kHz 200 mVp-p sine wave input to Y-IN and with a 3.3 MHz 200 mVp-p sine wave input.

$$GFY = 20 \log \frac{\text{Y-OUT output with a } 3.3 \text{ MHz input [mVp-p]}}{\text{Y-OUT output with a } 200 \text{ kHz input [mVp-p]}} [\text{dB}]$$

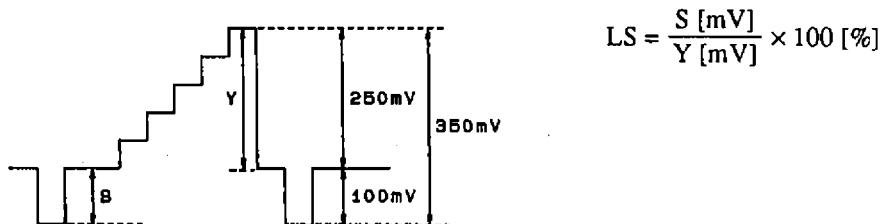
Note that V_{bias} should be adjusted so that the circuit is biased to the clamp level plus 250 mV.

13. Input a five-level step waveform (see the figure below) to Y-IN and measure the differential gain and differential phase in the Y-OUT output with a vector scope.



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14. Input a five-level step waveform (see the figure below) to Y-IN and measure the luminance level (Y) and the sync level (S) in the Y-OUT output.



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15. Measure the 3 fsc (13.3 MHz) and fsc (4.43 MHz) components in the Y-OUT output with no input.

16. Measure the noise in the Y-OUT output with no input.

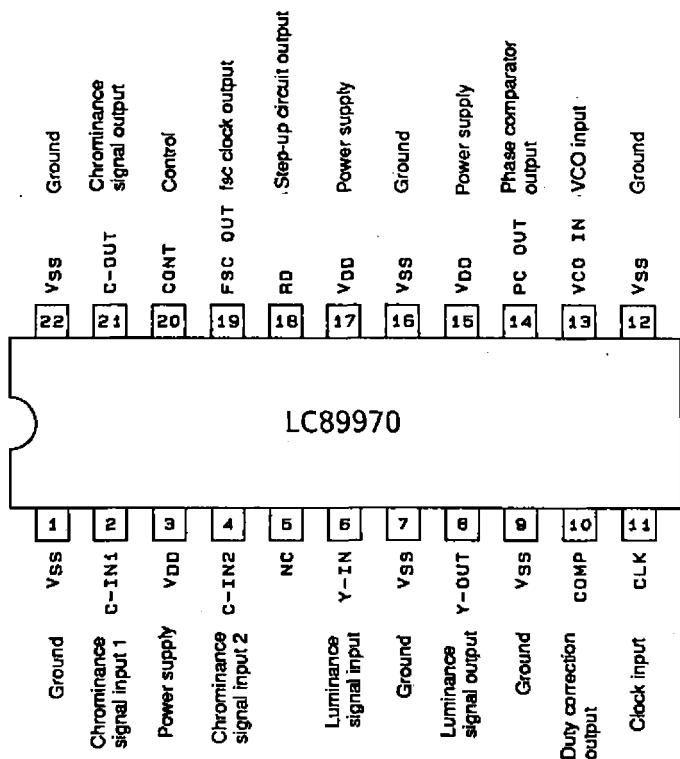
Measure the noise with a noise meter set up with a 200 kHz high-pass filter, a 5 MHz low-pass filter, and a 4.43 MHz trap filter.

17. Let V1 be the Y-OUT output with a 200 kHz 400 mVp-p sine wave input and SW3 set to c, and let V2 be the C-OUT output with SW3 set to b.

$$Z_{OY} = \frac{V2 \text{ [mVp-p]} - V1 \text{ [mVp-p]}}{V1 \text{ [mVp-p]}} \times 500 \text{ [\Omega]}$$

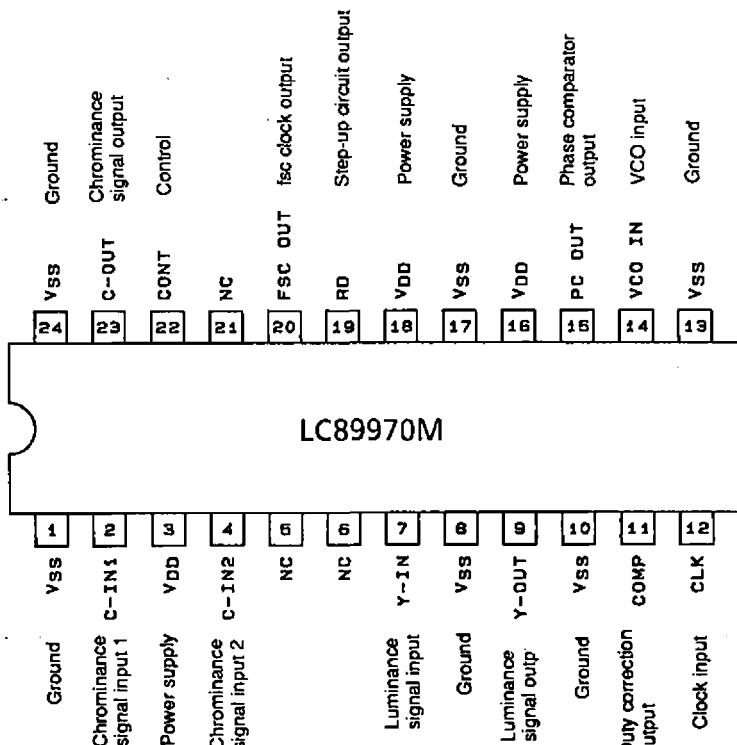
18. The Y-OUT delay time with respect to Y-IN

Pin Assignment [LC89970]



403858 Top view

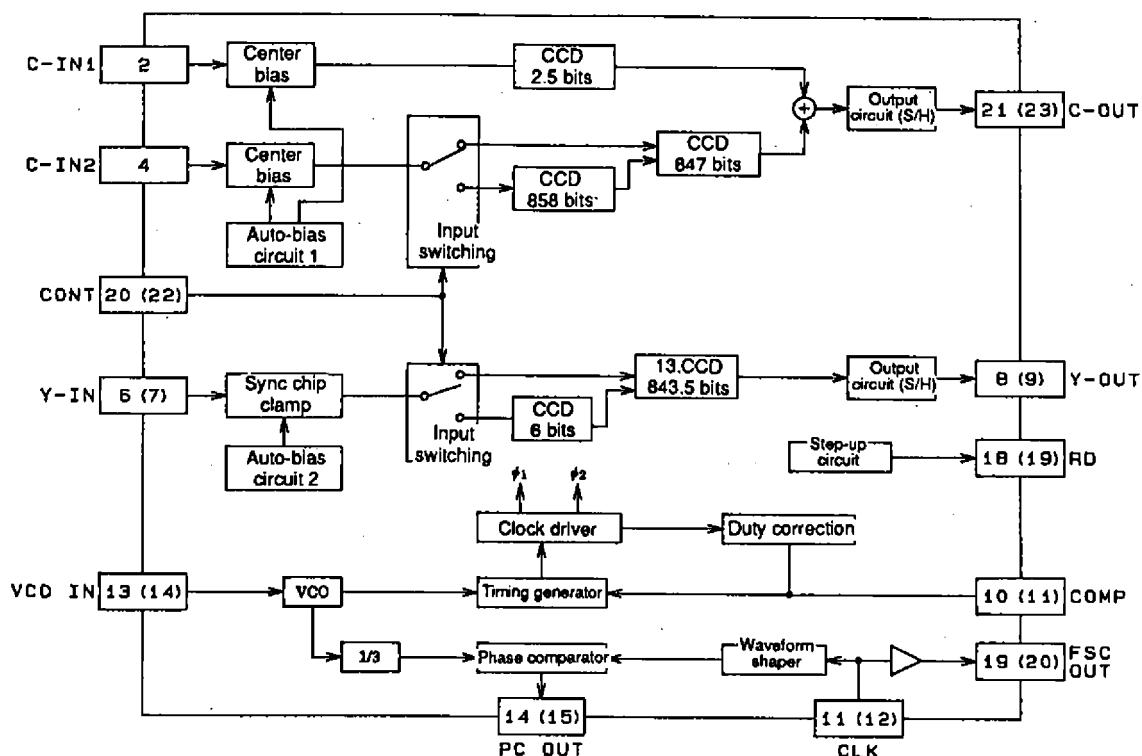
Pin Assignment [LC89970M]



403858 Top view

Block Diagram

Note * Pin numbers in parentheses are for the LC89970M.



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Control Pin Function

CONT	Mode (representative example)	Chrominance signal delay (CCD bits)	Luminance signal delay (CCD bits)
Low	PAL/GBI	2 H (1705) + 0 H (2.5)	1 H (849.5)
High	4.43 NTSC	1 H (847) + 0 H (2.5)	1 H (843.5)

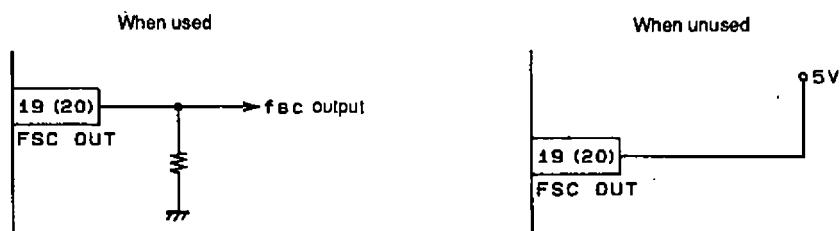
Switching Voltage Levels

Low/high	Symbol	min	typ	max	Unit
Low	V_L	-0.3	0.0	0.5	V
High	V_H	2.0	5.0	6.0	V

Note: Since the control pin has a built-in pull-down resistor, the pin will be set to the low state if left open.

FSC OUT Pin Function

This pin provides a buffer output for the clock signal input to the CLK pin.

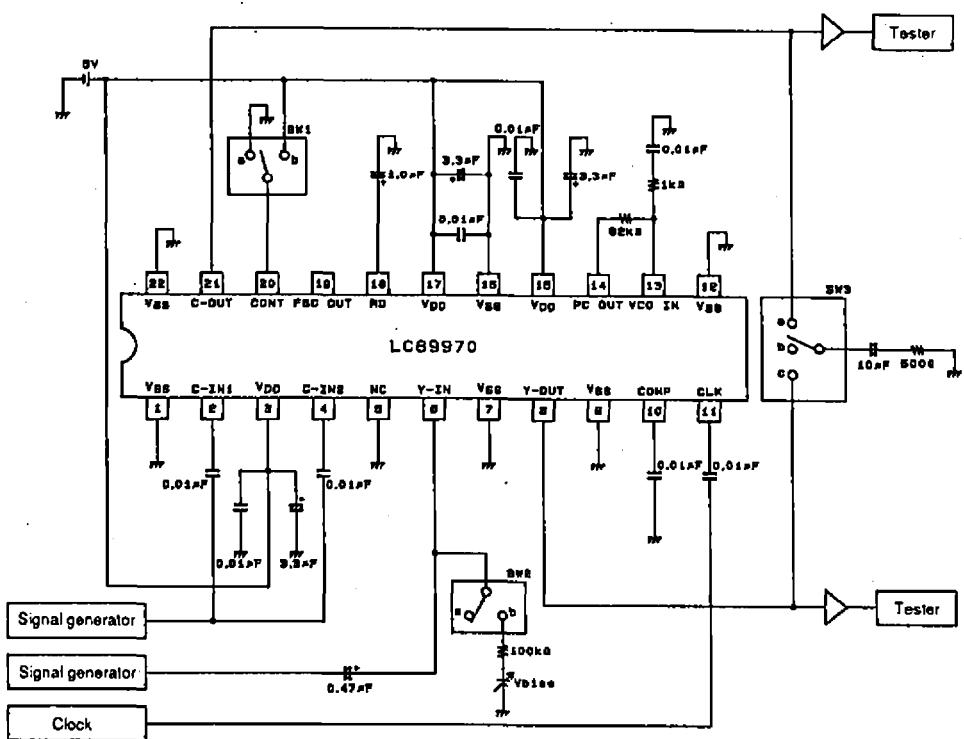


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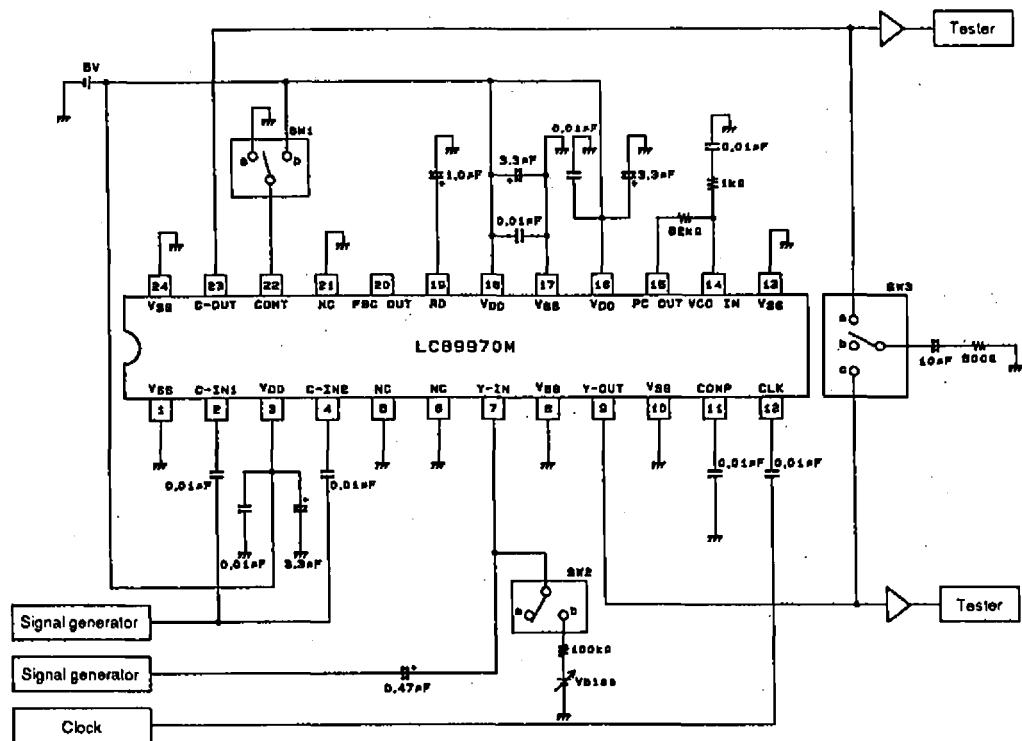
Note: Since this pin has a built-in pull-up resistor, the pin voltage will go to the supply voltage and output will cease if left open.

LC89970, 89970M

Test Circuit [LC89970]



Test Circuit [LC89970M]



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