

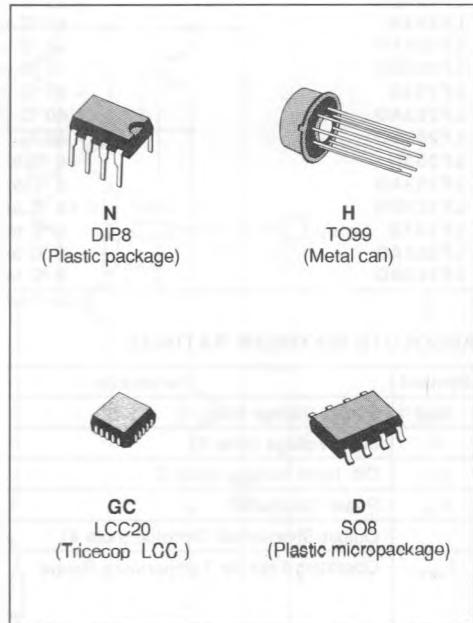
## J-FET INPUT DUAL OP-AMPS

- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION
- WIDE COMMON-MODE AND DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE RANGE
- LOW INPUT BIAS AND OFFSET CURRENT
- OUTPUT SHORT-CIRCUIT PROTECTION
- HIGH INPUT IMPEDANCE J-FET INPUT STAGE
- INTERNAL FREQUENCY COMPENSATION
- LATCH UP FREE OPERATION
- HIGH SLEW RATE : 13 V/ $\mu$ s (typ)

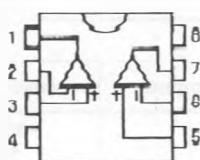
### DESCRIPTION

The LF353 - 353A - 353B are high speed J-FET input dual operational amplifiers incorporating well matched, high voltage J-FET and bipolar transistors in a monolithic integrated circuit.

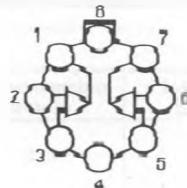
The devices feature high slew rates, low input bias and offset currents, and low offset voltage temperature coefficient.



### PIN CONNECTIONS (Top views)

**DIP8  
SO8**


- 1 - Output 1
- 2 - Inverting input 1
- 3 - Non-Inverting input 1
- 4 -  $V_{DD}$
- 5 - Non-Inverting input 2
- 6 - Inverting input 2
- 7 - Output 2
- 8 -  $V_{EE}$

**TO99**

**LCC20**


- |                           |                            |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 - NC                    | 11 - NC                    |
| 2 - Output 1              | 12 - Non-Inverting input 2 |
| 3 - NC                    | 13 - NC                    |
| 4 - NC                    | 14 - NC                    |
| 5 - Inverting input 1     | 15 - Inverting input 2     |
| 6 - NC                    | 16 - NC                    |
| 7 - Non-Inverting input 1 | 17 - Output 2              |
| 8 - NC                    | 18 - NC                    |
| 9 - NC                    | 19 - NC                    |
| 10 - $V_{DD}$             | 20 - $V_{EE}$              |

## ORDER CODES

Part Number	Temperature	Package
LF153GC	- 55 °C to + 125 °C	LCC
LF153AGC	- 55 °C to + 125 °C	LCC
LF153BGC	- 55 °C to + 125 °C	LCC
LF153H	- 55 °C to + 125 °C	METAL CAN
LF153AH	- 55 °C to + 125 °C	METAL CAN
LF153BH	- 55 °C to + 125 °C	METAL CAN
LF253N	- 40 °C to + 105 °C	DIP8
LF253AN	- 40 °C to + 105 °C	DIP8
LF253BN	- 40 °C to + 105 °C	DIP8
LF253D	- 40 °C to + 105 °C	SO8
LF253AD	- 40 °C to + 105 °C	SO8
LF253BD	- 40 °C to + 105 °C	SO8
LF353N	0 °C to + 70 °C	DIP8
LF353AN	0 °C to + 70 °C	DIP8
LF353BN	0 °C to + 70 °C	DIP8
LF353D	0 °C to + 70 °C	SO8
LF353AD	0 °C to + 70 °C	SO8
LF353BD	0 °C to + 70 °C	SO8

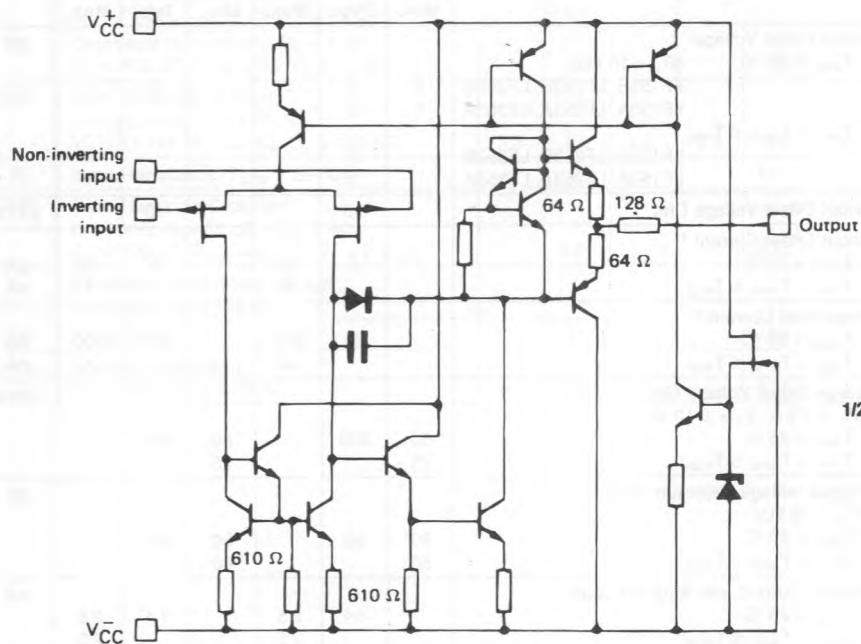
## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V <sub>cc</sub>	Supply Voltage (note 1)	± 18	V
V <sub>i</sub>	Input Voltage (note 3)	± 15	V
V <sub>cc</sub>	Diff. Input Voltage (note 2)	± 30	V
P <sub>tot</sub>	Power Dissipation	680	mW
	Output Short-circuit Duration (note 4)	Infinite	
T <sub>oper</sub>	Operating Free Air Temperature Range	LF353, A, B LF253, A, B LF153, A, B	°C
		0 to 70	
		- 40 to 105	
		- 55 to 125	
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	- 65 to 150	°C

Notes : 1. All voltage values, except differential voltage, are with respect to the zero reference level (ground) of the supply voltages where the zero reference level is the midpoint between V<sub>cc</sub> and V<sub>cc</sub>.

2. Differential voltages are at the non-inverting input terminal with respect to the inverting input terminal.
3. The magnitude of the input voltage must never exceed the magnitude of the supply voltage or 15 volts, whichever is less.
4. The output may be shorted to ground or to either supply. Temperature and /or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the dissipation rating is not exceeded.

## SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



E88LF353-01

Case	Outputs	Non-inverting Inputs	Inverting Inputs	$V_{CC}^+$	$V_{CC}^-$	N.C.
DIP8 SO8 TO99	1, 7	3, 5	2, 6	4	8	
LCC20	2, 17	7, 12	5, 15	10	20	*

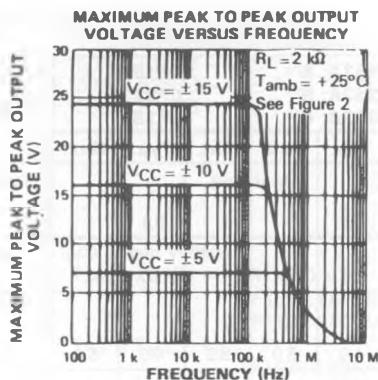
\* LCC20 : Other pins are not connected.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**V<sub>CC</sub> = ± 15 V (unless otherwise specified)LF153, LF153A, LF153B – 55 ≤ T<sub>amb</sub> ≤ + 125 °CLF253, LF153A, LF253B – 40 ≤ T<sub>amb</sub> ≤ + 105 °CLF353, LF153A, LF353B 0 ≤ T<sub>amb</sub> ≤ + 70 °C

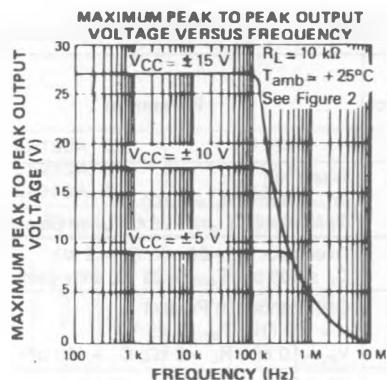
Symbol	Parameter	LF153A, B			LF153 LF253 LF353			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V <sub>io</sub>	Input Offset Voltage T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C (R <sub>s</sub> < 10 kΩ) LF153B, LF253B, LF353B LF153A, LF253A, LF353A T <sub>min</sub> ≤ T <sub>amb</sub> ≤ T <sub>max</sub> LF153B, LF253B, LF353B LF153A, LF253A, LF353A	3 1	5 2			3	8 13	mV
DV <sub>io</sub>	Input Offset Voltage Drift		10			10		µV/°C
I <sub>io</sub>	Input Offset Current *			5 4	50 4		5 4	pA nA
I <sub>ib</sub>	Input Bias Current *			20 20	200 20		20 200 20	pA nA
A <sub>vd</sub>	Large Signal Voltage Gain (R <sub>L</sub> > 2 kΩ, V <sub>o</sub> = ± 10 V) T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C T <sub>min</sub> ≤ T <sub>amb</sub> ≤ T <sub>max</sub>	50 25	200		50 25	200		V/mV
SVR	Supply voltage Rejection Ratio (R <sub>s</sub> < 10 kΩ) T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C T <sub>min</sub> ≤ T <sub>amb</sub> ≤ T <sub>max</sub>	80 80	86		80 80	86		dB
I <sub>cc</sub>	Supply Current, per Amp, no Load T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C T <sub>min</sub> ≤ T <sub>amb</sub> ≤ T <sub>max</sub>		1.4 2.5 2.5			1.4 2.5 2.5		mA
V <sub>i</sub>	Input Voltage Range T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C T <sub>min</sub> ≤ T <sub>amb</sub> ≤ T <sub>max</sub>	- 11		+ 11	- 11		+ 11	V
CMR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio (R <sub>s</sub> < 10 kΩ) T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C T <sub>min</sub> ≤ T <sub>amb</sub> ≤ T <sub>max</sub>	80 80	86		70 70	86		dB
i <sub>os</sub>	Output Short-circuit Current T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C T <sub>min</sub> ≤ T <sub>amb</sub> ≤ T <sub>max</sub>	10 10	40 60	60 10	10 10	40 60	60 60	mA
± V <sub>opp</sub>	Output Voltage Swing T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C R <sub>L</sub> ≥ 2 kΩ R <sub>L</sub> ≥ 10 kΩ T <sub>min</sub> ≤ T <sub>amb</sub> ≤ T <sub>max</sub> R <sub>L</sub> ≥ 2 kΩ R <sub>L</sub> ≥ 10 kΩ		11 12 13.5		11 12 13.5			V
S <sub>vo</sub>	Slew-rate (V <sub>i</sub> = 10 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 2 kΩ) C <sub>L</sub> ≤ 100 pF, T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C, unity gain)	12	16		12	16		V/µs

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

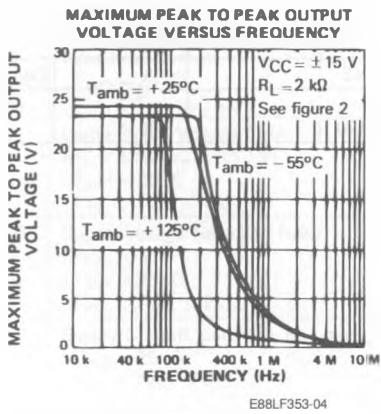
Symbol	Parameter	LF153A, B			LF153 LF253 LF353			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
$t_r$	Rise Time ( $V_i = 20$ mV, $R_L = 2$ k $\Omega$ ) $C_L = 100$ pF, $T_{amb} = 25$ °C, unity Gain		0.1			0.1		μs
$K_{ov}$	Overshoot ( $V_i = 20$ mV, $R_L = 2$ k $\Omega$ $C_L \leq 100$ pF, $T_{amb} = 25$ °C, unity gain)		10			10		%
GBP	Gain Bandwidth Product ( $f = 100$ kHz, $T_{amb} = 25$ °C $V_{in} = 10$ mV, $R_L = 2$ k $\Omega$ , $C_L = 100$ pF)	3.3	4.0	5.0	3.3	4.0	5.0	MHz
$R_i$	Input Resistance ( $T_{amb} = 25$ °C)		$10^{12}$			$10^{12}$		Ω
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion ( $f = 1$ kHz, $A_v = 20$ dB, $R_L = 2$ k $\Omega$ $C_L < 100$ pF, $T_{amb} = 25$ °C, $V_o = 2$ V <sub>pp</sub> )				0.01		0.01	%
$V_n$	Equivalent Input Noise Voltage ( $f = 1$ kHz, $R_g = 100$ Ω)		15			15		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
$\emptyset_m$	Phase Margin		45			45		Degrees
$V_{o1}/V_{o2}$	Channel Separation $A_{vd} = 100$ , $T_{amb} = 25$ °C		120			120		dB



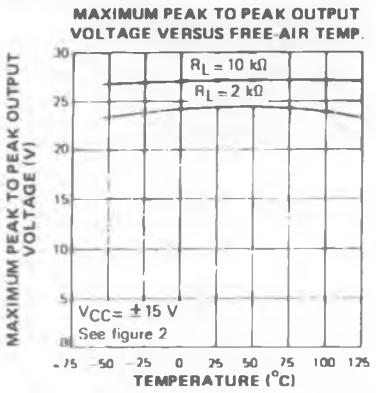
E88LF353-02



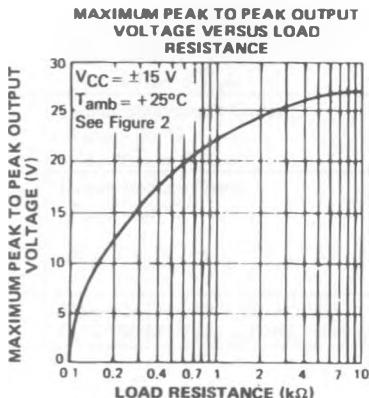
E88LF353-03



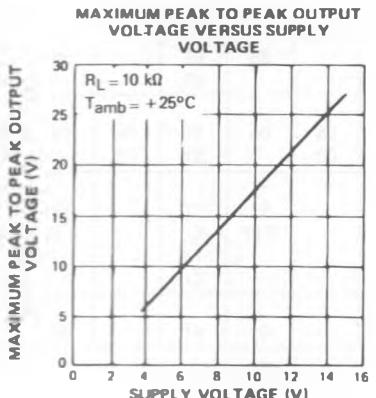
E88LF353-04



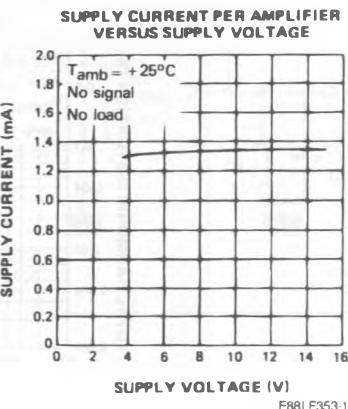
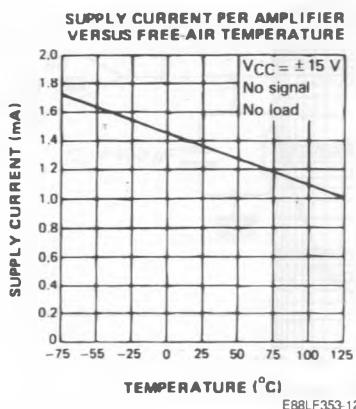
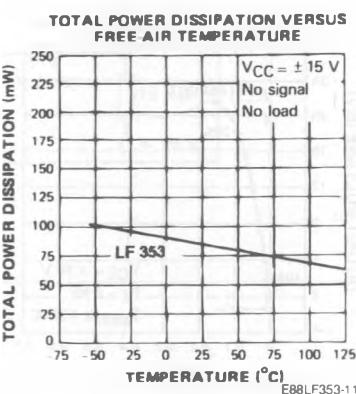
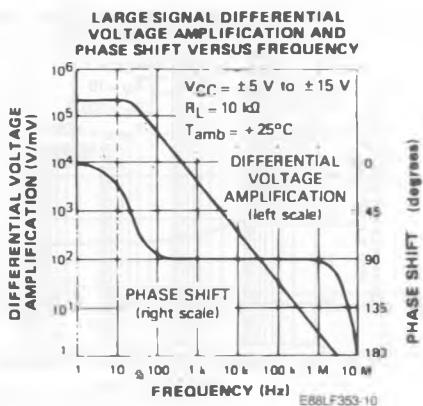
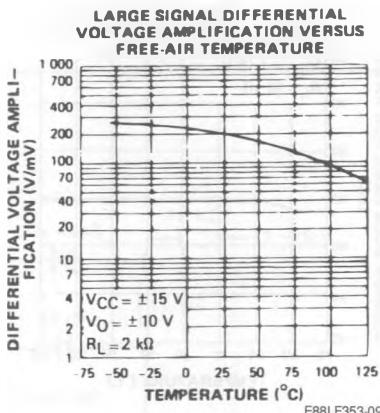
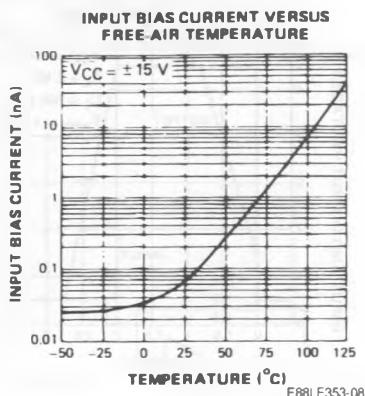
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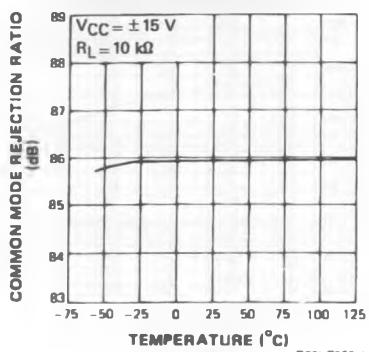


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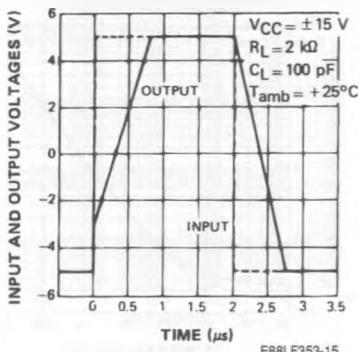


E88LF353-07



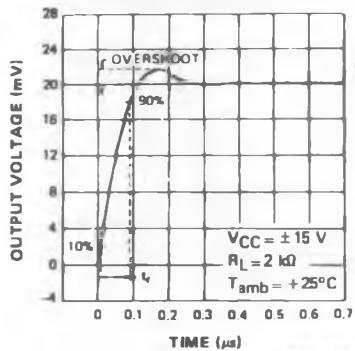
COMMON MODE REJECTION RATIO  
VERSUS FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

E88LF353-14

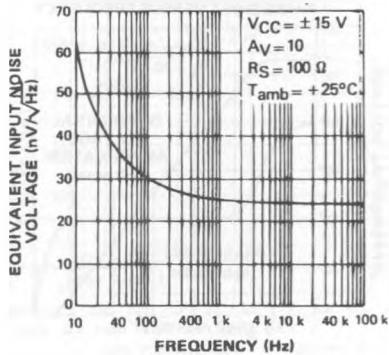
VOLTAGE FOLLOWER LARGE  
SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

E88LF353-15

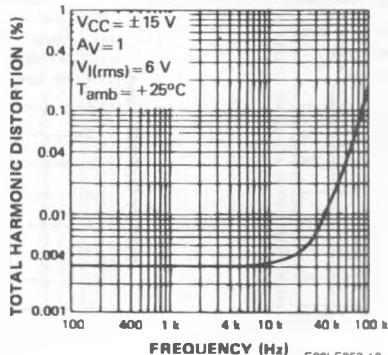
## OUTPUT VOLTAGE VERSUS TIME



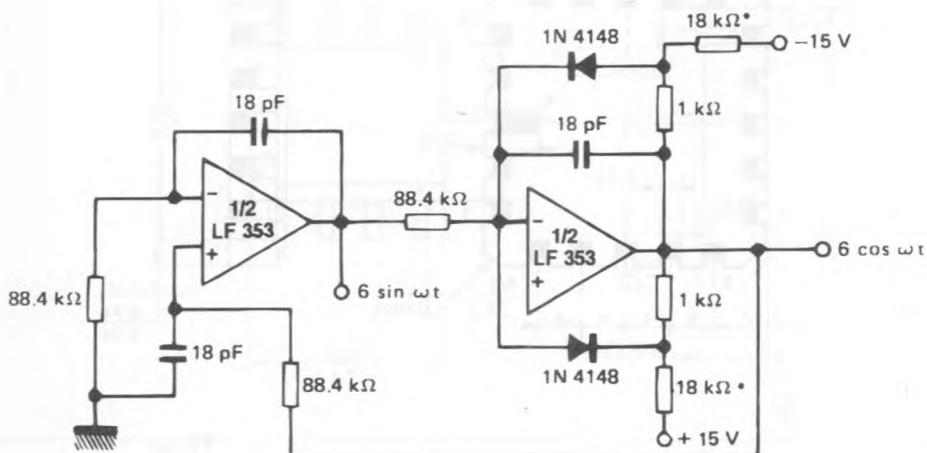
E88LF353-16

EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOL-  
TAGE VERSUS FREQUENCY

E88LF353-17

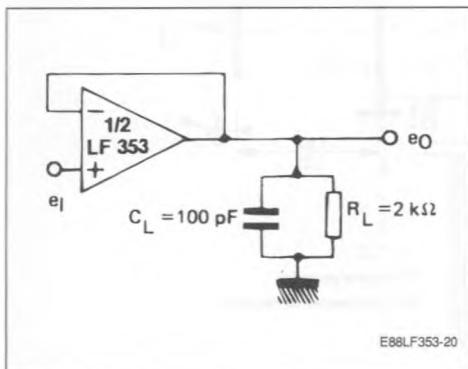
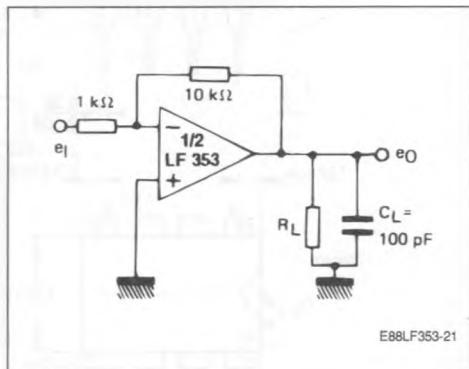
TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION  
VERSUS FREQUENCY

E88LF353-18

**TYPICAL APPLICATION****QUADRATURE OSCILLATOR**

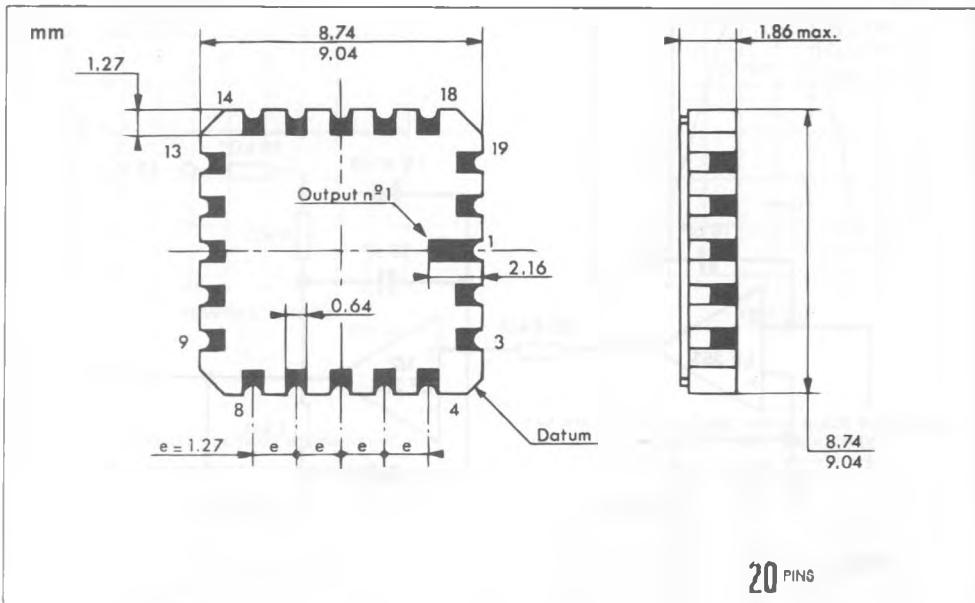
E88LF353-19

\* These resistor values may be adjusted for a symmetrical output.

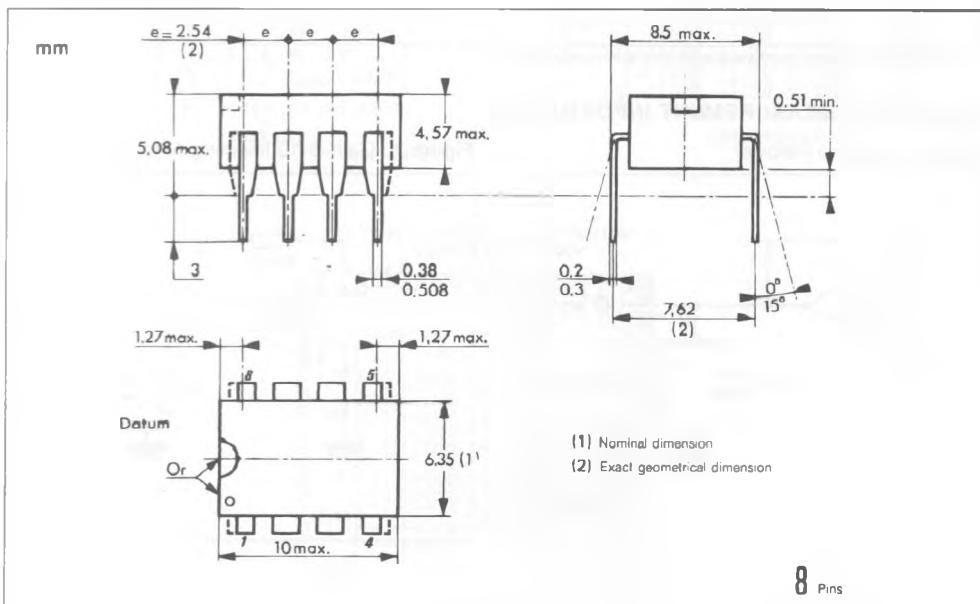
**PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION****Figure 1 : Voltage Follower.****Figure 2 : Gain-of-10 Inverting Amplifier.**

## PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

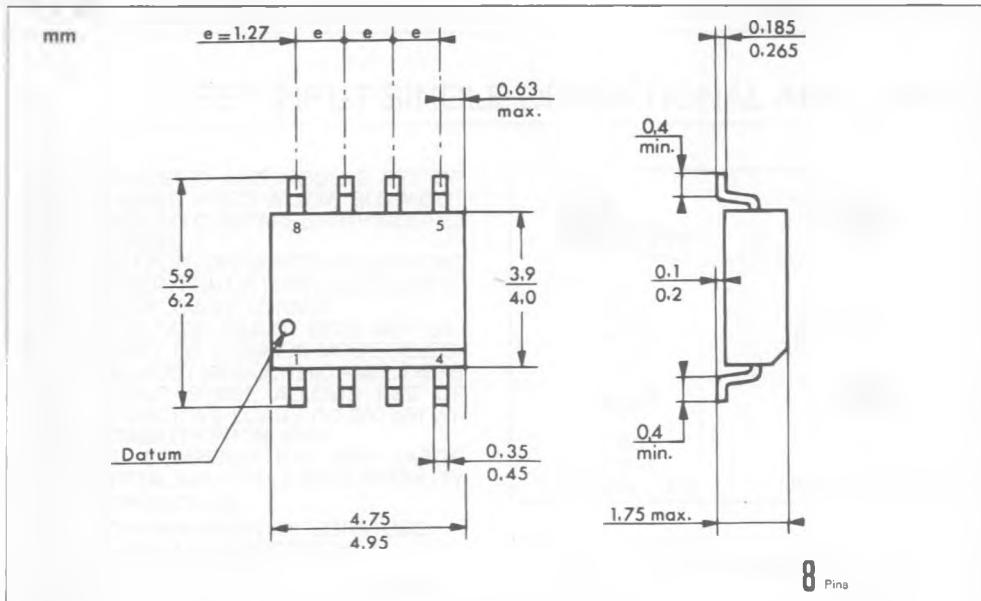
20 PINS – TRICECOP (LCC)



8 PINS – PLASTIC DIP



## 8 PINS – PLASTIC MICROPACKAGE (SO)



## TO99 – METAL CAN

