National Semiconductor

LH4118/LH4118A/LH4118C Low Gain Wide Band RF Amplifier

General Description

The LH4118 is a wideband amplifier optimized for high speed, low gain applications. It is an ideal alternative to low precision amplifiers. It features a closed loop -3 dB unity gain bandwidth in excess of 200 MHz. Unlike conventional op-amps, the bandwidth is relatively independent of closed loop gain between 1 and 5. A high current output stage is also incorporated, allowing the LH4118 to drive 50 Ω terminated lines directly. It is an ideal choice for video distribution, flash converter input buffering and ATE pin driver.

Features

- 250 MHz bandwidth
- 15 ns settling time to 0.1%

- 2.5 ns rise and fall times
- Output current to 100 mA
- 2 mV offset voltage
- 2500 V/μs slew rate (100Ω load)
- ± 0.5 dB gain flatness (AV = 5)

Applications

- Unity gain buffers
- Low gain op amp
- High speed peak detectors
- Video amplifier
- Flash converter driver



Absolute Maximum Ratings

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Supply vollage, vs	T 101
Power Dissipation, PD (See Graph)	1.65W
Output Current	125 m/
Non-Inverting Input Voltage Range,	
V_{CM} (For $V_S \leq +15V$) (Note 1)	±۷

Operating Temperature Range, T _A LH4118CG LH4118G, LH4118AG	-25°C to +85°C -55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature Range, T _{STG}	-65°C to +150°C
Maximum Junction Temperature, TJ	175°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, < 10 sec.)	300°C
ESD Tolerance (Note 2)	650V

DC Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise noted, $R_S = 50\Omega$, $T_A = T_C = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_S = \pm 15V$ (Notes 3, 4)

	Parameter		LH4118AG			Units
Symbol		Conditions	Typical	Tested Limit (Note 5)	Design Limit (Note 6)	(Max Unless Otherwise Noted)
V _{OS}	Non-Inverting Input Offset Voltage	V _{IN} = 0V	±2	±2 ± 5		mV
	Offset Voltage Drift		10			μV/°C
IB	Non-Inverting Input Bias Current		±5	±25 ± 30		μΑ
Vo	Output Voltage Swing	$R_L = 500\Omega$	±13	±11 ± 10.5		V (Min)
Vo	Output Voltage Swing	R _L = ∞	±14	±12 ± 11.5		V (Min)
lo	Output Current Swing	$R_L = 50\Omega$ (Note 7)		±100		mA (Min)
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{IN} = -11V \text{ to } + 11V,$ $V_S = \pm 18V$	54	50		dB (Min)
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$\pm V_{S} = 9V \text{ to } 15V$ $\Delta V = 6V$	72	62		dB (Min)
Is	Quiescent Supply Current	$V_{IN} = 0V$	20	25		mA
PD	Quiescent Power Dissipation	(Note 7)	600	750		mW
CIN	Input Capacitance		1.5			pF

Connection Diagram



*Pins 2 and 7 can also be left disconnected (floating) **The built-in 150Ω can be used as feedback resistor for $A_V = 1$. For details see applications section.

Order Number LH4118G, LH4118AG or LH4118CG See NS Package Number H12B

Symbol	Parameter			LH4118G		Units
		Conditions	Typical	Tested Limit (Note 5)	Design Limit (Note 6)	(Max Unless Otherwise Noted)
V _{OS}	Non-Inverting Input Offset Voltage	V _{IN} = 0V	±2	± 5		mV
$\frac{\Delta V_{OS}}{\Delta T}$	Offset Voltage Drift		10			μV/°C
1 _B	Non-Inverting Input Bias Current		±5	±25 ± 30		μA
vo	Output Voltage Swing	R _L ≈ 500Ω	±13	±11 ± 10.5		V (Min)
Vo	Output Voltage Swing	R _L = ∞	±14	±12 ± 11.5		V (Min)
ю	Output Current Swing	$R_L = 50\Omega$ (Note 7)		± 100		mA (Min)
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{IN} = -11V \text{ to } + 11V,$ $V_S = \pm 18V$	54	50		dB (Min)
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$\pm V_{S} = 9V \text{ to } 15V$ $\Delta V = 6V$	72	62		dB (Min)
IS	Quiescent Supply Current	V _{IN} = 0V	20	25		mA
PD	Quiescent Power Dissipation	(Note 7)	600	750		mW
CIN	Input Capacitance		1.5			pF

DC Electrical Characteristics Unless otherwise noted, ${\sf R}_S$ = $50\Omega,$ ${\sf T}_A$ = ${\sf T}_C$ = $25^\circ{\sf C},$ ${\sf V}_S$ = $\pm\,15{\sf V}$ (Notes 3, 4)

	Parameter	Conditions	LH4118CG			Units
Symbol			Typical	Tested Limit (Note 5)	Design Limit (Note 6)	(Max Unless Otherwise Noted)
V _{OS}	Non-Inverting Input Offset Voltage	$V_{IN} = 0V$	±2	±5	±5	mV
ΔV _{OS} ΔΤ	Offset Voltage Drift		10			μV/°C
IB	Non-Inverting Input Bias Current		±5	±25	±30	μA
V _O	Output Voltage Swing	$R_L = 500\Omega$	±13	±11	± 10.5	v
Vo	Output Voltage Swing	$R_L = \infty$	±14	± 12	± 1 1.5	V (Min)
lo	Output Current Swing	$R_L = 50\Omega$ (Note 7)		± 100	± 100	mA
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{IN} = -11V \text{ to } +11V,$ $V_S = \pm 18V$	54	50	50	dB
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$\pm V_{S} = 9V \text{ to } 15V$ $\Delta V = 6V$	72	62	62	dB
Is	Quiescent Supply Current	$V_{IN} = 0V$	20	25	25	mA
PD	Quiescent Power Dissipation	(Note 7)	600	750	750	mW
CIN	Input Capacitance		1.5			pF

LH4118/LH4118A/LH4118C

	trical Character $A_{Y} = \pm 2$		= 1000 Va = +15V 1	25°C			
Symbol		Rs = 5011, HL = 10011, Vs = ±15V, 1 Conditions		LH4118CG, LH4118AG and LH4118G			Units (Max Unless
	Parameter			Typical	Tested Limit	Design Limit	Otherwise Noted)
SSBW -3 dB	Small Signal Bandwidth	$V_{OUT} = 0.2 V_{P-P}$		250	200		MHz (Min)
PBW -3 dB	Power Bandwidth	V _{OUT} = 10 V	P-P	68	55		MHz (Min)
GF	Gain Flatness	V _{OUT} = 0.5 MHz, -50 MHz 0.2 V _{P-P} 0.5 MHz - 100 MHz		±0.3			dB (Max)
SR	Slew Rate LH4118AG LH4118G LH4118CG	V _{OUT} = 15 V _{P-P} 20%-80%			2400 2000 1800		V∕µS (Min)
t _r	Rise Time	V _{OUT} = 10 V _{P-P} 10%-90%		2.5			ns
V _{GC}	-1 dB Gain Compression	f = 50 MHz		23.5			dBm
en	Input Noise Voltage	$A_V = 5, R_S = 50\Omega,$ f = 10 MHz		1.3			nV/√Hz
HD ₂	Second Harmonic Distortion	$V_{OC} = 1.27 V_{P-P}$ F _C = 14 MHz		-58			dBc
HD ₃	Third Harmonic Distortion	$V_{OC} = 1.27 V_{P-P}$ F _C = 14 MHz		-40			dBc
ts	Settling Time	$A_V = -1$ V _{IN} = +5 V _{P-P} to 0.1%		15			ns
LVBW 3 dB	Low Supply Voltage Bandwidth	$V_{OUT} = 0.2 V_{P-P}$ $V_S = \pm 5V$		230			MHz
LVSR	Low Supply Voltage Slew Rate	$V_{S} = \pm 5V, V_{OUT} = 5 V_{P-P}$ 20%-80%		1400			٧/μs
DG	Differential Gain	$V_{IN} = \pm 4 V_D$ 0.4 V _{P-P} AC f = 4 MHz	<0.01			dB	
PL	Phase Linearity	$V_{IN} = \pm 4 V_{DC}$ 0.4 V _{P-P} AC, f = 4 MHz		<0.1		0	DEG

Note 1: The input signal should be within the supply rails. Also, the input signal as well as the output signal should not be more than 30V from any supply voltage. Note 2: The average voltage that the weakest pin combinations can withstand and still conform to the datasheet limits. The test circuit used consists of the human body model of 100 pF in series with 1500Ω.

Note 3: Boldface limits are guaranteed over full temperature range. Operating ambient temperature range of LH4118CG is -25°C to +85°C, for LH4118G and LH4118AG it is -55°C to 125°C.

Note 4: Specifications are at 25°C junction temperature due to requirements of high speed automatic testing. Actual values at operating temperature will exceed value at T_J = 25°C.

Note 5: Tested limits are guaranteed and 100% production tested.

Note 6: Design limits are guaranteed (but not production tested) over the indicated temperature or temperature range. These limits are not used to calculate outgoing quality level.

Note 7: When the LH4118 is operated at elevated temperature (such as 125°C), some form of heat sinking or forced air cooling is required. The quiescent power with V_S = ±15V is 750 mW, whereas the package can only handle 550 mW without a heatsink at 125°C.



Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)



TIME (20 ns/div)

TL/K/9768-4

Applications Information

LAYOUT

Breadboards should have a solid ground plane and short point-to-point wiring. Do not use wirewrap boards or techniques. PC boards should have short connections and as much ground plane as possible.

The inputs (Pins 4, 5 & 6) should have low capacitance and, therefore, the ground plane should be taken out around these pins. The body of RG should be close to Pin 5 for the same reason.

It is best to have a layout without sockets, but sockets with short pins and receptacles do not degrade the performance much.

Input and output should be led by coax or microstrip if the distances are more than a few inches to avoid impedance shifts and resulting reflections.

Power supplies need to be bypassed with 0.01 μF to 0.1 μF as close as 0.15" to the pins and additional 1 μF tantalum a maximum 1" distant. Please make sure that the return current from the ground end of R_L does not flow across the input: the grounding point of R_L should be close to the grounding points of the power supply bypass capacitors. On the LH4118, this comes almost natural because of the lay-out of the pins.

The direct non-inverting input on pin 4, if used, should not see impedances of less than 100Ω .

The built-in feedback resistor (pin 8) is limited to a maximum dissipation of 150 mW. It can be used for unity gain and for higher gains at lower amplitudes.

Input-to-Output Offset Zero Adjust



This circuit lets the V_{OS} between non-inverting input (pin 6) and output (pin 11) be adjusted. For $R_G = 15\Omega$ the range of adjustment is ± 11 mV, for higher R_G proportionately more. For higher R_G it is recommended to increase R_2 to decrease the range and make trimming less sensitive.

There is also an offset between inverting and non-inverting input which cannot be trimmed out.



Typical Applications (Continued)



FIGURE 5. Current Limiting Using Resistor

TL/K/9768-10



FIGURE 6. Current Limiting Using Transistor Current Source





A series resistor between 5Ω and 50Ω helps to stabilize capacitive loads. There is, however, a corresponding drop in bandwidth.

Evaluation Board

(3" x 3", not to scale)



Top Components

OUTPUT

INPUT

V+

GND

G

TL/K/9768-13

LH4118

DEMO BOARD

TL/K/9768-15

Constant of the second second

Bottom





TL/K/9768-16

Input and output connections are made through BNC connectors. When the indicated cut-outs are made, the connectors can be placed in-line. As an alternative, Amphenol No. 31-4758 connectors can be used soldered upright into the board.

Top View

R1 is the termination resistor of the input line. It is mounted on the bottom of the board, with one side soldered flat to the center of the input strip-line. The LH4118 can be soldered directly into the board or Hole-tight pins can be used (Augat part No. 8134-HC-SP2). These pins need plated through holes with a finished inner diameter of 41 ± 2 Mil. For $A_V=1$ the built-in R_F (150 Ω) can be utilized by bridging the trace between pins 8 and 11. In this case no external R_F should be used.