

LM110/LM210/LM310 Voltage Follower

General Description

The LM110 series are monolithic operational amplifiers internally connected as unity-gain non-inverting amplifiers. They use super-gain transistors in the input stage to get low bias current without sacrificing speed. Directly interchangeable with 101, 741 and 709 in voltage follower applications, these devices have internal frequency compensation and provision for offset balancing.

The LM110 series are useful in fast sample and hold circuits, active filters, or as general-purpose buffers. Further, the frequency response is sufficiently better than standard IC amplifiers that the followers can be included in the feedback loop without introducing instability. They are plug-in replacements for the LM102 series voltage followers, offering lower offset voltage, drift, bias current and noise in addition to higher speed and wider operating voltage range.

The LM110 is specified over a temperature range $-55^{\circ}C \leq$ $T_A \leq +125^{\circ}C$, the LM210 from $-25^{\circ}C \leq T_A \leq +85^{\circ}C$ and the LM310 from 0°C \leq T_A \leq +70°C.

Features

Slew rate

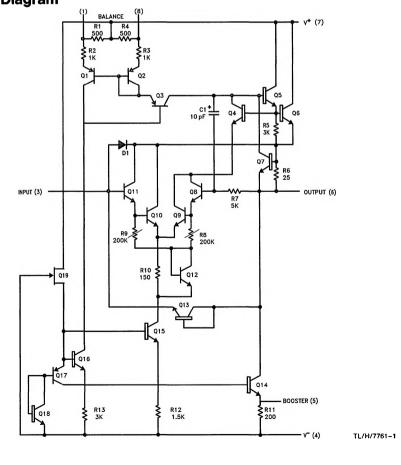
Input current

Supply voltage range

10 nA max over temperature Small signal bandwidth 20 MHz

- 30 V/us
- $\pm 5V$ to $\pm 18V$

Schematic Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

(Note 6)	
Supply Voltage	± 18V
Power Dissipation (Note 1)	500 mW
input Voltage (Note 2)	±15V
Output Short Circuit Duration (Note 3)	Indefinite
Operating Temperature Range	
LM110	-55°C to +125°C
LM210	-25°C to +85°C
LM310	0°C to +70°C

Electrical Characteristics (Note 4)

Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	260°C
Soldering Information	
Dual-In-Line Package	
Soldering (10 sec.)	260°C
Small Outline Package	
Vapor Phase (60 sec.)	215°C
Infrared (15 sec.)	220°C
See AN-450 "Surface Mounting Metho	ds and Their Effect

See AN-450 "Surface Mounting Methods and Their Effect on Product Reliability" for other methods of soldering surface mount devices.

ESD rating to be determined.

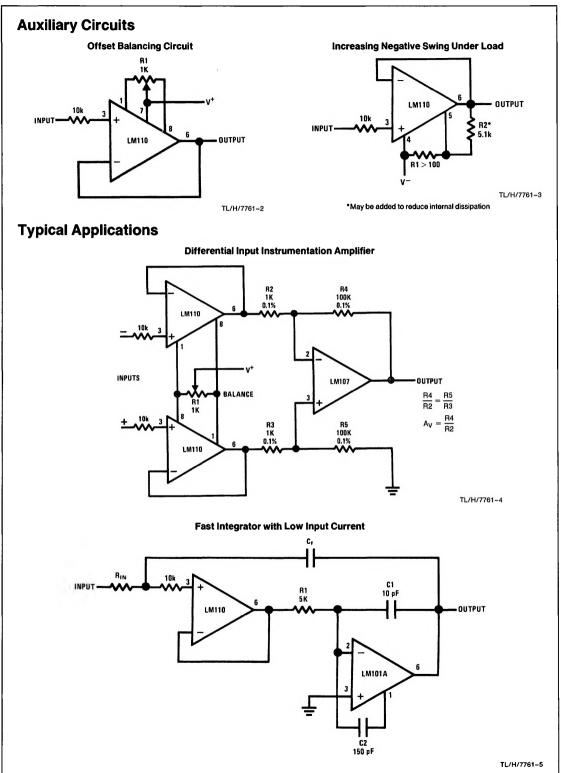
Parameter	Conditions	LM110			LM210			LM310			
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Input Offset Voltage	T _A = 25°C		1.5	4.0		1.5	4.0		2.5	7.5	mV
Input Bias Current	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		1.0	3.0		1.0	3.0		2.0	7.0	nA
Input Resistance	T _A = 25°C	1010	1012		1010	10 ¹²		1010	10 ¹²		Ω
Input Capacitance			1.5			1.5			1.5		рF
Large Signal Voltage. Gain	$ T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}, V_S = \pm 15\text{V} \\ V_{OUT} = \pm 10\text{V}, R_L = 8 \text{ k}\Omega $	0.999	0.9999		0.999	0.9999		0.999	0.9999		v/v
Output Resistance	T _A = 25°C		0.75	2.5		0.75	2.5		0.75	2.5	Ω
Supply Current	T _A = 25°C		3.9	5.5		3.9	5.5		3.9	5.5	mV
Input Offset Voltage				6.0			6.0			10	mV
Offset Voltage	−55°C ≤ T _A ≤ +85°C		6			6					μV/°C
Temperature Drift	$T_{A} = 125^{\circ}C$ $0^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le +70^{\circ}C$		12			12			10		μV/°C μV/°C
Input Bias Current				10			10			10	nA
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$V_{S} = \pm 15V, V_{OUT} = \pm 10V$ $R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	0.999			0.999			0.999			v/v
Output Voltage Swing (Note 5)	$V_{S} = \pm 15 V$, $R_{L} = 10 k\Omega$	±10			±10			±10			v
Supply Current	T _A = 125°C		2.0	4.0		2.0	4.0				mA
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	$\pm 5V \le V_S \le \pm 18V$	70	80		70	80		70	80		dB

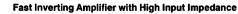
Note 1: The maximum junction temperature of the LM110 is 150°C, of the LM210 is 100°C, and of the LM310 is 85°C. For operating at elevated temperatures, devices in the TO-5 package must be derated based on a thermal resistance of 150°C/W, junction to ambient, or 45°C/W, junction to case. The thermal resistance of the dual-in-line package is 100°C/W, junction to ambient.

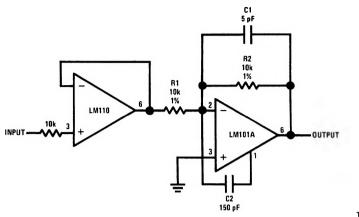
Note 2: For supply voltages less than ±15V, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.

Note 3: Continuous short circuit for the LM110 and LM210 is allowed for case temperatures to 125°C and ambient temperatures to 70°C, and for the LM310, 70°C case temperature or 55°C ambient temperature. It is necessary to insert a resistor greater than 2 kΩ in series with the input when the amplifier is driven from low impedance sources to prevent damage when the output is shorted. $R_S = 5k$ min, 14k typical is recommended for dynamic stability in all applications. Note 4: These specifications apply for ±5V ≤ V_S ≤ ±18V and -55°C ≤ T_A 125°C for the LM110, -25°C ≤ T_A ≤ 85°C for the LM210, and 0°C ≤ T_A ≤ 70°C for the LM310.

Note 5: Increased output swing under load can be obtained by connecting an external resistor between the booster and V⁻ terminals. See curve. Note 6: Refer to RETS110X for LM110H, LM110J military specifications.

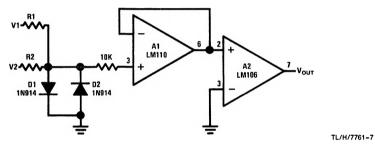




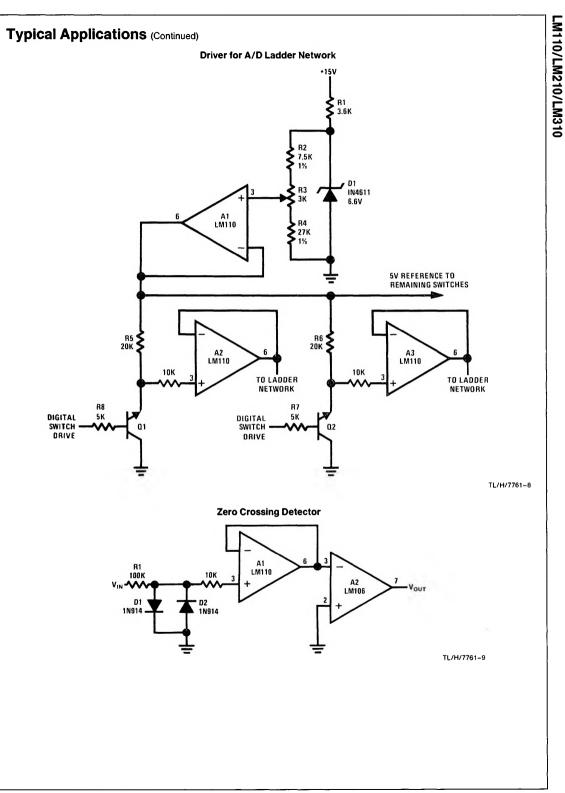


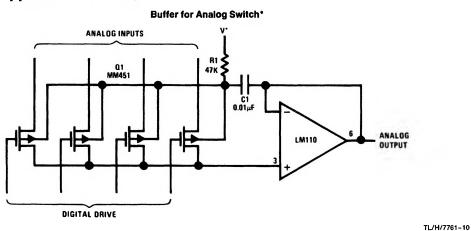
TL/H/7761-6

Comparator for Signals of Opposite Polarity



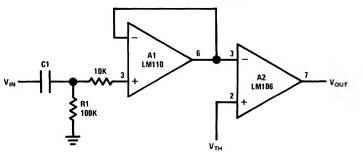
LM110/LM210/LM310





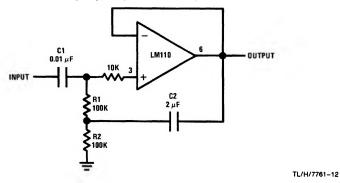
*Switch substrates are boot-strapped to reduce output capacitance of switch.



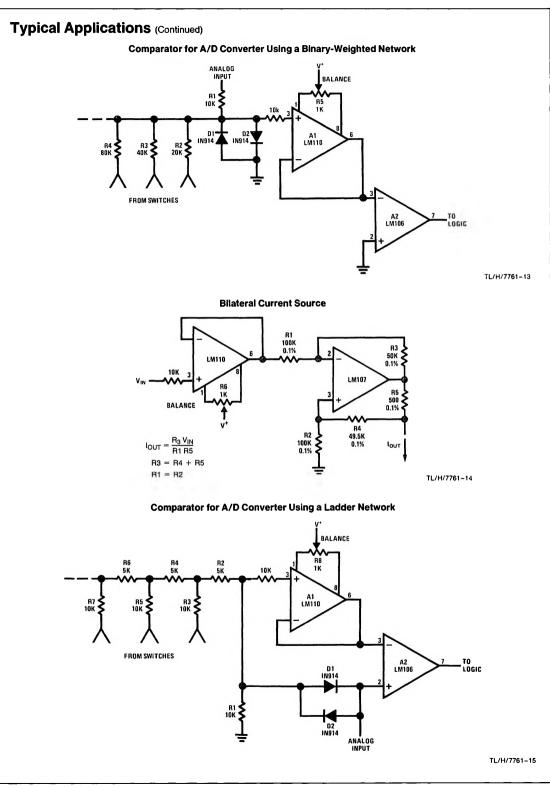


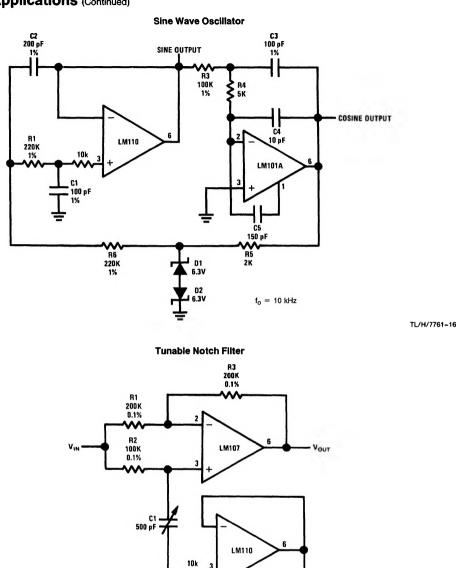
TL/H/7761-11

High Input Impedance AC Amplifier



LM110/LM210/LM310





3-58

3

C2 6 μF R1 = R3

R4 = R6

= 60 Hz TL/H/7761-17

fo

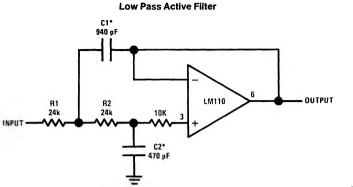
R2 2

2π √C1C2(R5)2

R4 50K 0.1%

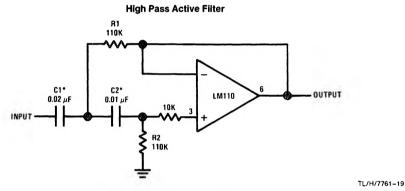
R5 50K 0.1%

3



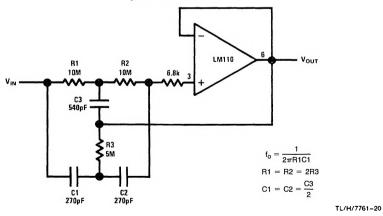
TL/H/7761-18

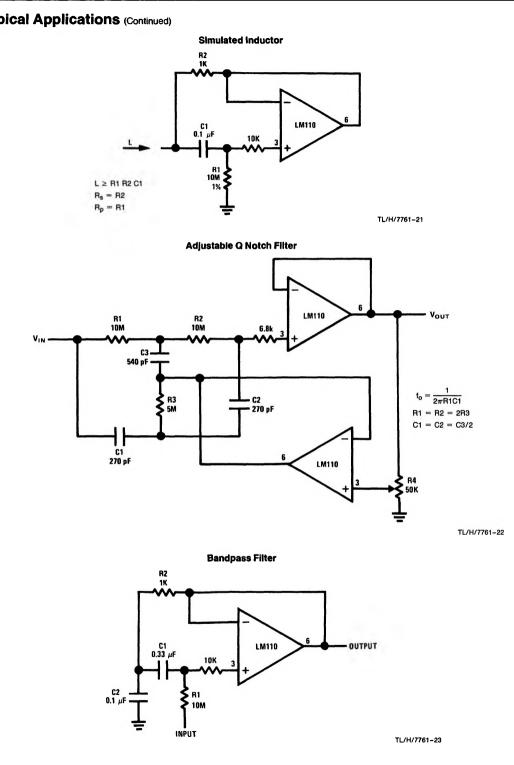
*Values are for 10 kHz cutoff. Use silvered mica capacitors for good temperature stability.



*Values are for 100 Hz cutoff. Use metalized polycarbonate capacitors for good temperature stability.

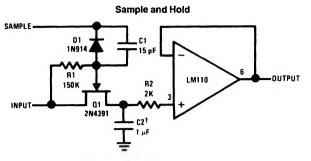
High Q Notch Filter



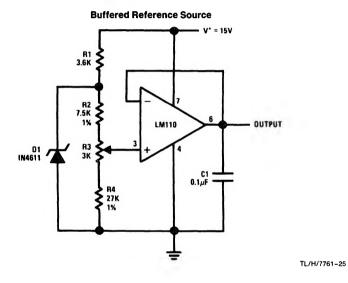


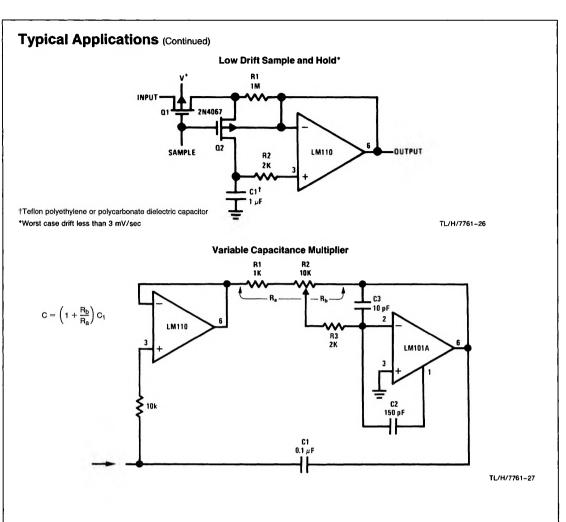
TL/H/7761-24

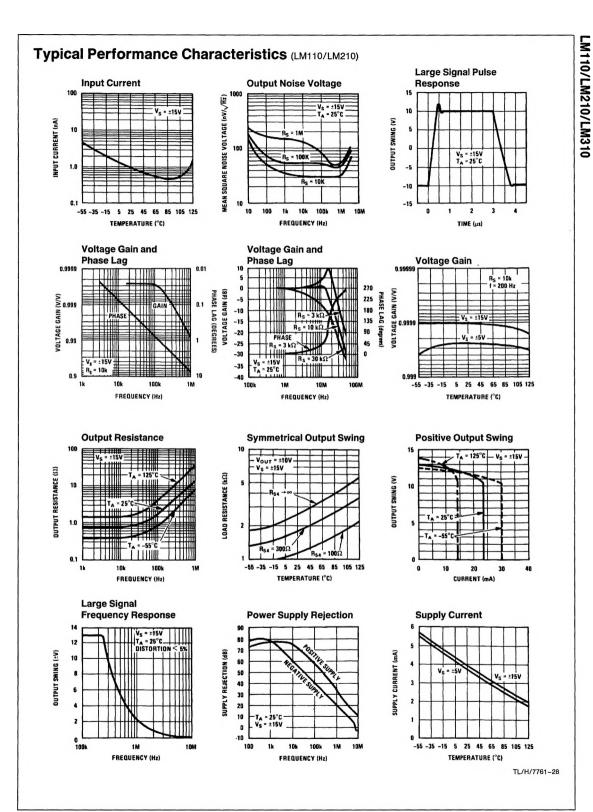
Typical Applications (Continued)

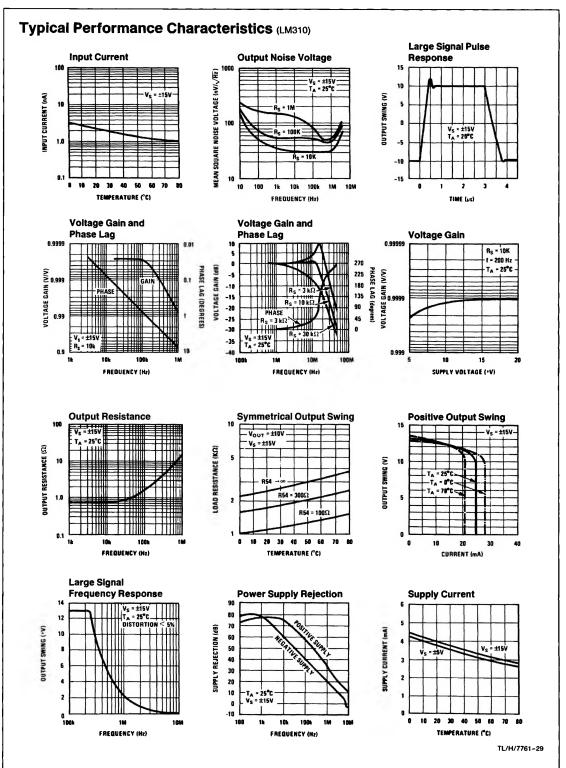


†Use capacitor with polycarbonate tellon or polythylene dietetric









LM110/LM210/LM310

