- Member of the Texas Instruments Widebus[™] Family
- Free-Running CLKA and CLKB Can Be Asynchronous or Coincident
- Read and Write Operations Synchronized to Independent System Clocks
- Two Separate 512 × 18 Clocked FIFOs Buffering Data in Opposite Directions
- IRA and ORA Synchronized to CLKA
- IRB and ORB Synchronized to CLKB

- Microprocessor Interface Control Logic
- Programmable Almost-Full/Almost-Empty Flag
- Fast Access Times of 9 ns With a 50-pF Load and Simultaneous Switching Data Outputs
- Data Rates up to 100 MHz
- Advanced BiCMOS Technology
- Package Options Include 80-Pin Quad Flat (PH) and 80-Pin Thin Quad Flat (PN) Packages





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(TOP VIEW) WENA RENA ORA RENB WENB CLKA CLKB W/RB W/RA RSTB PENB PENA RSTA CSA GND Vcc Vcc ORB GND CSB 80 79 78 77 76 75 74 73 72 71 70 69 68 67 66 65 64 63 62 61 AF/AEA 60 AF/AEB Π 1 HFA 1 2 59 **HFB** IRA 58 🗆 IRB |3 GND 57 GND h 4 B0 A0 h 5 56 A1 16 55 □ B1 V_{CC} 7 54 🗌 Vcc A2 18 53 T B2 A3 9 52 🛛 B3 GND 10 51 L GND 50 🛛 B4 A4 11 A5 12 49 🛛 B5 GND 13 48 GND A6 1 14 47 🛛 B6 15 A7 46 B7 GND 16 45 🛛 GND A8 🛛 17 44 🛛 B8 A9 🛛 18 43 🗌 B9 V_{CC} 19 42 🛛 V_{CC} A10 20 41 🛛 B10 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40

PN PACKAGE

description

A FIFO memory is a storage device that allows data to be written into and read from its array at independent data rates. The SN74ABT7819 is a high-speed, low-power BiCMOS bidirectional clocked FIFO memory. Two independent 512×18 dual-port SRAM FIFOs on the chip buffer data in opposite directions. Each FIFO has flags to indicate empty and full conditions, a half-full flag, and a programmable almost-full/almost-empty flag.

The SN74ABT7819 is a clocked FIFO, which means each port employs a synchronous interface. All data transfers through a port are gated to the low-to-high transition of a continuous (free-running) port clock by enable signals. The continuous clocks for each port are independent of one another and can be asynchronous or coincident. The enables for each port are arranged to provide a simple bidirectional interface between microprocessors and/or buses with synchronous control.

The state of the A0–A17 outputs is controlled by \overline{CSA} and W/\overline{RA} . When both \overline{CSA} and W/\overline{RA} are low, the outputs are active. The A0–A17 outputs are in the high-impedance state when either \overline{CSA} or W/\overline{RA} is high. Data is written to FIFOA–B from port A on the low-to-high transition of CLKA when \overline{CSA} is low, W/\overline{RA} is high, WENA is high, and the IRA flag is high. Data is read from FIFOB–A to the A0–A17 outputs on the low-to-high transition of CLKA when \overline{CSA} is low, W/\overline{RA} is low, RENA is high, and the ORA flag is high.



description (continued)

The state of the B0–B17 outputs is controlled by \overline{CSB} and W/\overline{RB} . When both \overline{CSB} and W/\overline{RB} are low, the outputs are active. The B0–B17 outputs are in the high-impedance state when either \overline{CSB} or W/\overline{RB} is high. Data is written to FIFOB–A from port B on the low-to-high transition of CLKB when \overline{CSB} is low, W/\overline{RB} is high, WENB is high, and the IRB flag is high. Data is read from FIFOA–B to the B0–B17 outputs on the low-to-high transition of CLKB when \overline{CSB} is low, W/\overline{RB} is high. The state is high, and the \overline{CSB} is low, W/\overline{RB} is low, RENB is high, and the ORB flag is high.

The setup- and hold-time constraints for the chip selects (\overline{CSA} , \overline{CSB}) and write/read selects (W/\overline{RA} , W/\overline{RB}) enable write and read operations on memory and are not related to the high-impedance control of the data outputs. If a port read enable (RENA or RENB) and write enable (WENA or WENB) are set low during a clock cycle, the chip select and write/read select can switch at any time during the cycle to change the state of the data outputs.

The input-ready (IR) and output-ready (OR) flags of a FIFO are two-stage synchronized to the port clocks for use as reliable control signals. CLKA synchronizes the status of the input-ready flag of FIFOA–B (IRA) and the output-ready flag of FIFOB–A (ORA). CLKB synchronizes the status of the input-ready flag of FIFOB–A (IRB) and the output-ready flag of FIFOA–B (ORB). When the IR flag of a port is low, the FIFO receiving input from the port is full and writes are disabled to its array. When the OR flag of a port is low, the FIFO that outputs data to the port is empty and reads from its memory are disabled. The first word loaded to an empty memory is sent to the FIFO output register at the same time its OR flag is asserted (high). When the memory is read empty and the OR flag is forced low, the last valid data remains on the FIFO outputs until the OR flag is asserted (high) again. In this way, a high on the OR flag indicates new data is present on the FIFO outputs.

The SN74ABT7819 is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

Function Tables

	PORTA										
	SEI	LECT INI	PUTS		A0-A17	PORT-A OPERATION					
CLKA	CSA	W/RA	WENA	RENA	AU-A17						
Х	Н	Х	Х	Х	High Z	None					
↑	L	н	Н	Х	High Z	Write A0–A17 to FIFOA–B					
↑	L	L	Х	Н	Active	Read FIFOB-A to A0-A17					

	i okt B										
	SE	LECT INI	PUTS		B0-B17	PORT-B OPERATION					
CLKB	CSB	W/RB	WENB	RENB	DV-D17	FOR I-D OPERATION					
Х	Н	Х	Х	Х	High Z	None					
↑	L	Н	Н	Х	High Z	Write B0–B17 to FIFOB–A					
↑	L	L	Х	Н	Active	Read FIFOA–B to B0–B17					

PORT B



SN74ABT7819 $512 \times 18 \times 2$ **CLOCKED BIDIRECTIONAL FIRST-IN, FIRST-OUT MEMORY**

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logic symbol[†]



[†] This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12. Pin numbers shown are for the PH package.



functional block diagram





enable logic diagram (positive logic)



Terminal Functions

TE	TERMINAL [†]		DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.	1/0	DESCRIPTION
A0–A17	7–8, 10–11, 13–14, 16–17, 19–20, 22–23, 25–26, 28–29, 31–32	I/O	Port-A data. The 18-bit bidirectional data port for side A.
AF/AEA	3	0	FIFOA–B almost-full/almost-empty flag. Depth offsets can be programmed for AF/AEA or the default value of 128 can be used for both the almost-empty offset (X) and the almost-full offset (Y). AF/AEA is high when X or fewer words or $(512 - Y)$ or more words are stored in FIFOA–B. AF/AEA is forced high when FIFOA–B is reset.
AF/AEB	62	0	FIFOB–A almost-full/almost-empty flag. Depth offsets can be programmed for AF/AEB or the default value of 128 can be used for both the almost-empty offset (X) and the almost-full offset (Y). AF/AEB is high when X or fewer words or $(512 - Y)$ or more words are stored in FIFOB–A. AF/AEB is forced high when FIFOB–A is reset.
B0–B17	58–57, 55–54, 52–51, 49–48, 46–45, 43–42, 40–39, 37–36, 34–33	I/O	Port-B data. The 18-bit bidirectional data port for side B.
CLKA	76	I	Port-A clock. CLKA is a continuous clock that synchronizes all data transfers through port A to its low-to-high transition and can be asynchronous or coincident to CLKB.
CLKB	69	I	Port-B clock. CLKB is a continuous clock that synchronizes all data transfers through port B to its low-to-high transition and can be asynchronous or coincident to CLKA.
CSA	80	I	Port-A chip select. \overline{CSA} must be low to enable a low-to-high transition of CLKA to either write data from A0–A17 to FIFOA–B or read data from FIFOB–A to A0–A17. The A0–A17 outputs are in the high-impedance state when \overline{CSA} is high.
CSB	65	I	Port-B chip select. CSB must be low to enable a low-to-high transition of CLKB to either write data from B0–B17 to FIFOB–A or read data from FIFOA–B to B0–B17. The B0–B17 outputs are in the high-impedance state when CSB is high.
† Terminals	listed are for the	PH pack	age.



Terminal Functions (Continued)

TER	MINAL [†]		
NAME	NO.	1/0	DESCRIPTION
HFA	4	0	FIFOA–B half-full flag. HFA is high when FIFOA–B contains 256 or more words and is low when FIFOA–B contains 255 or fewer words. HFA is set low after FIFOA–B is reset.
HFB	61	0	FIFOB–A half-full flag. HFB is high when FIFOB–A contains 256 or more words and is low when FIFOB–A contains 255 or fewer words. HFB is set low after FIFOB–A is reset.
IRA	5	0	Port-A input-ready flag. IRA is synchronized to the low-to-high transition of CLKA. When IRA is low, FIFOA–B is full and writes to its array are disabled. IRA is set low during a FIFOA–B reset and is set high on the second low-to-high transition of CLKA after reset.
IRB	60	ο	Port-B input-ready flag. IRB is synchronized to the low-to-high transition of CLKB. When IRB is low, FIFOB–A is full and writes to its array are disabled. IRB is set low during a FIFOB–A reset and is set high on the second low-to-high transition of CLKB after reset.
ORA	74	ο	Port-A output-ready flag. ORA is synchronized to the low-to-high transition of CLKA. When ORA is low, FIFOB–A is empty and reads from its array are disabled. The last valid word remains on the FIFOB–A outputs when ORA is low. Ready data is present for the A0–A17 outputs when ORA is high. ORA is set low during a FIFOB–A reset and goes high on the third low-to-high transition of CLKA after the first word is loaded to an empty FIFOB–A.
ORB	71	0	Port-B output-ready flag. ORB is synchronized to the low-to-high transition of CLKB. When ORB is low, FIFOA–B is empty and reads from its array are disabled. The last valid word remains on the FIFOA–B outputs when ORB is low. Ready data is present for the B0–B17 outputs when ORB is high. ORB is set low during a FIFOA–B reset and goes high on the third low-to-high transition of CLKB after the first word is loaded to an empty FIFOA–B.
PENA	2	I	AF/AEA program enable. After FIFOA–B is reset and before a word is written to its array, the binary value on A0–A7 is latched as an AF/AEA offset when PENA is low and CLKA is high.
PENB	63	1	AF/AEB program enable. After FIFOB–A is reset and before a word is written to its array, the binary value on B0–B7 is latched as an AF/AEB offset when PENB is low and CLKB is high.
RENA	75	1	Port-A read enable. A high level on RENA enables data to be read from FIFOB–A on the low-to-high transition of CLKA when CSA is low, W/RA is low, and ORA is high.
RENB	70	I	Port-B read enable. A high level on RENB enables data to be read from FIFOA–B on the low-to-high transition of CLKB when CSB is low, W/RB is low, and ORB is high.
RSTA	1	I	FIFOA–B reset. To reset FIFOA–B, four low-to-high transitions of CLKA and four low-to-high transitions of CLKB must occur while RSTA is low. This sets HFA low, IRA low, ORB low, and AF/AEA high.
RSTB	64	1	FIFOB–A reset. To reset FIFOB–A, four low-to-high transitions of CLKA and four low-to-high transitions of CLKB must occur while RSTB is low. This sets HFB low, IRB low, ORA low, and AF/AEB high.
WENA	77	1	Port-A write enable. A high level on WENA enables data on A0–A17 to be written into FIFOA–B on the low-to-high transition of CLKA when W/RA is high, CSA is low, and IRA is high.
WENB	68	1	Port-B write enable. A high level on WENB enables data on B0–B17 to be written into FIFOB–A on the low-to-high transition of CLKB when W/RB is high, CSB is low, and IRB is high.
W/RA	79	I	Port-A write/read select. A high on W/RA enables A0–A17 data to be written to FIFOA–B on a low-to-high transition of CLKA when WENA is high, CSA is low, and IRA is high. A low on W/RA enables data to be read from FIFOB–A on a low-to-high transition of CLKA when RENA is high, CSA is low, and ORA is high. The A0–A17 outputs are in the high-impedance state when W/RA is high.
W/RB	66	I	Port-B write/read select. A high on W/RB enables B0–B17 data to be written to FIFOB–A on a low-to-high transition of CLKB when WENB is high, CSB is low, and IRB is high. A low on W/RB enables data to be read from FIFOA–B on a low-to-high transition of CLKB when RENB is high, CSB is low, and ORB is high. The B0–B17 outputs are in the high-impedance state when W/RB is high.

[†] Terminals listed are for the PH package.







[†]FIFOB–A is reset in the same manner.









[†]Written to FIFOB–A

Figure 3. Write Timing – Port B





Figure 4. ORB-Flag Timing and First Data-Word Fall-Through When FIFOA-B Is Empty[†] [†] Operation of FIFOB–A is identical to that of FIFOA–B.





Figure 5. Write-Cycle and IRA-Flag Timing When FIFOA–B Is Full[†]

[†]Operation of FIFOB–A is identical to that of FIFOA–B.





[†]Read from FIFOB-A

Figure 6. Read Timing – Port A



‡Read from FIFOA-B







SN74ABT7819 $512 \times$

18×

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offset values for AF/AE

The AF/AE flag of each FIFO has two programmable limits: the almost-empty offset value (X) and the almost-full offset value (Y). They can be programmed from the input of the FIFO after it is reset and before a word is written to its memory. An AF/AE flag is high when its FIFO contains X or fewer words or (512 - Y) or more words.

To program the offset values for AF/AEA, PENA is brought low after FIFOA–B is reset and only when CLKA is low. On the following low-to-high transition of CLKA, the binary value on A0–A7 is stored as the almost-empty offset value (X) and the almost-full offset value (Y). Holding PENA low for another low-to-high transition of CLKA reprograms Y to the binary value on A0–A7 at the time of the second CLKA low-to-high transition.

During the first two CLKA cycles used for offset programming, \overline{PENA} can be brought high only when CLKA is low. \overline{PENA} can be brought high at any time after the second CLKA pulse used for offset programming returns low. A maximum value of 255 can be programmed for either X or Y (see Figure 9). To use the default values of X = Y = 128, \overline{PENA} must be tied high. No data is stored in FIFOA–B while the AF/AEA offsets are programmed. The AF/AEB flag is programmed in the same manner, with \overline{PENB} enabling CLKB to program the offset values taken from B0–B7.



Figure 9. Programming X and Y Separately for AF/AEA



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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)[†]

|--|

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

2. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.

recommended operating conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
VCC	Supply voltage	4.5	5	5.5	V
VIH	High-level input voltage	2			V
VIL	Low-level input voltage			0.8	V
VI	Input voltage	0		VCC	V
IOH	High-level output current			-12	mA
IOL	Low-level output current			24	mA
$\Delta t/\Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate			5	ns/V
ТА	Operating free-air temperature	0		70	°C

electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TE	ST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP‡	MAX	UNIT	
VIK		V _{CC} = 4.5 V,	I _I = -18 mA			-1.2	V	
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V,	I _{OH} = -3 mA	2.5				
VOH	VOH	$V_{CC} = 5 V,$	I _{OH} = -3 mA	3			V	
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 V,$	I _{OH} = -12 mA	2				
VOL		V _{CC} = 4.5 V,	I _{OL} = 24 mA		0.5		V	
Ц		V _{CC} = 5.5 V,	V _I = V _{CC} or GND			±1	μA	
IOZH§		V _{CC} = 5.5 V,	V _O = 2.7 V			50	μA	
I _{OZL} §		V _{CC} = 5.5 V,	$V_{O} = 0.5 V$			-50	μA	
lo¶		V _{CC} = 5.5 V,	$V_{O} = 2.5 V$	-40	-100	-180	mA	
			Outputs high			15		
ICC		$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}, I_O = 0,$ $V_I = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$	Outputs low			95	5 mA	
			Outputs disabled					
Ci	Control inputs	V _I = 2.5 V or 0.5 V	V _I = 2.5 V or 0.5 V		6		pF	
Co	Flags	V _O = 2.5 V or 0.5 V	V _O = 2.5 V or 0.5 V		4		pF	
Cio	A or B ports	V _O = 2.5 V or 0.5 V		8		pF		

[‡] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

\$ The parameters IOZH and IOZI include the input leakage current.

Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed one second.



timing requirements over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figures 1 through 10)

			'ABT7	319-10	'ABT7	819-12	'ABT7	819-15	'ABT78	819-20) 'ABT7819-30		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
fclock	Clock frequency			100		80		67		50		33.3	MHz
tw	Pulse duration	CLKA, CLKB high or low	4.5		4.5		6		8		11		ns
		A0–A17 before CLKA↑ and B0–B17 before CLKB↑	2		3		4		5		5		
		CSA before CLKA↑ and CSB before CLKB↑	6		6		6		7		7		
		W/RA before CLKA↑ and W/RB before CLKB↑	6		6		6		7		7		
t _{su}	Setup time	WENA before CLKA↑ and WENB before CLKB↑	4		4		4		5		5		ns
		RENA before CLKA [↑] and RENB before CLKB [↑]	5		5		5		5		6		
		PENA before CLKA↑ and PENB before CLKB↑	3		3		4		5		5		
		RSTA or RSTB low before first CLKA↑ and CLKB↑†	3		3		4		5		5		
		A0–A17 after CLKA↑ and B0–B17 after CLKB↑	0		0		0		0		0		
		CSA after CLKA↑ and CSB after CLKB↑	0		0		0		0		0		
		W/RA after CLKA↑ and W/RB after CLKB↑	0		0		0		0		0		
th	Hold time	WENA after CLKA↑ and WENB after CLKB↑	0		0		0		0		0		ns
		RENA after CLKA↑ and RENB after CLKB↑	0		0		0		0		0		
	PENA after CLKA low and PENB after CLKB low		2		2		2		2		2		
		RSTA or RSTB low after fourth CLKA↑ and CLKB↑†	3		3		3		4		4		

[†] To permit the clock pulse to be utilized for reset purposes



switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature, $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 10)

PARAMETER	FROM	то	'AI	BT7819-	10	'ABT78	319-12	'ABT78	819-15	'ABT78	819-20	'ABT78	19-30	UNIT
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	MIN	TYP†	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
f _{max}	CLKA or CLKB		100			80		67		50		33.3		MHz
. .	CLKA↑	A0–A17	3	6	8	4	9	4	10	4	12	4	14	
^t pd	CLKB↑	B0–B17	3	6	8	4	9	4	10	4	12	4	14	ns
. +	CLKA↑	A0–A17		5										
t _{pd} ‡	CLKB↑	B0–B17		5										ns
	CLKA↑	IRA	4		9	4	9	4	10	4	12	4	14	
	CLKB↑	IRB	4		9	4	9	4	10	4	12	4	14	
4.	CLKA 1	ORA	3.5		9	3.5	9	3.5	10	3.5	12	3.5	14	
^t pd	CLKB↑	ORB	3.5		9	3.5	9	3.5	10	3.5	12	3.5	14	ns
	CLKA↑		8		17	8	17	8	17	8	18	8	20	
	CLKB↑	AF/AEA	8		17	8	17	8	17	8	18	8	20	
^t PLH	RSTA	AF/AEA	4		12	4	12	4	14	4	15	4	16	ns
^t pd	CLKA↑	AF/AEB 8	8		17	8	17	8	17	8	18	8	20	
	CLKB↑	AF/AEB	8		17	8	17	8	17	8	18	8	20	ns
4	RSTB	AF/AEB	4		12	4	12	4	14	4	15	4	16	
^t PLH	CLKA 1	HFA	8		17	8	17	8	17	8	18	8	20	
	CLKB↑		8		17	8	17	8	17	8	18	8	20	ns
^t PHL	RSTA	HFA	4		12	4	12	4	14	4	15	4	16	
	CLKA [↑]	HFB	8		17	8	17	8	17	8	18	8	20	
^t PLH	CLKB↑		8		17	8	17	8	17	8	18	8	20	
^t PHL	RSTB	HFB	4		12	4	12	4	14	4	15	4	16	ns
	CSA	AO A17	2.5		8	2.5	8	2.5	9	2.5	10	2.5	11	
+	W/RA	A0–A17	2.5		8	2.5	8	2.5	9	2.5	10	2.5	11	-
ten	CSB	B0-B17	2.5		8	2.5	8	2.5	9	2.5	10	2.5	11	ns
	W/RB	BU-D17	2.5		8	2.5	8	2.5	9	2.5	10	2.5	11	
	CSA	A0-A17	2.5		8	2.5	8	2.5	9	2.5	10	2.5	11	
t.r	W/RA	AU-AT7	2.5		8	2.5	8	2.5	9	2.5	10	2.5	11	20
^t dis	CSB	B0–B17	2.5		8	2.5	8	2.5	9	2.5	10	2.5	11	ns
	W/RB	DU-DI/	2.5		8	2.5	8	2.5	9	2.5	10	2.5	11	

[†] All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.

[‡] This parameter is measured with a 30-pF load (see Figure 11).





PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

Figure 10. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



Figure 11



Figure 12



PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
SN74ABT7819-10PH	OBSOLETE	QFP	PH	80	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SN74ABT7819-10PN	OBSOLETE	LQFP	PN	80	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SN74ABT7819-12PH	OBSOLETE	QFP	PH	80	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SN74ABT7819-12PN	OBSOLETE	LQFP	PN	80	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SN74ABT7819-15PH	OBSOLETE	QFP	PH	80	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SN74ABT7819-15PN	OBSOLETE	LQFP	PN	80	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SN74ABT7819-20PH	OBSOLETE	QFP	PH	80	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SN74ABT7819-20PN	OBSOLETE	LQFP	PN	80	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SN74ABT7819-30PH	OBSOLETE	QFP	PH	80	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SN74ABT7819-30PN	OBSOLETE	LQFP	PN	80	TBD	Call TI	Call TI

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS) or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details. TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
SN74ABT7819-10PH	OBSOLETE	QFP	PH	80	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SN74ABT7819-10PN	OBSOLETE	LQFP	PN	80	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SN74ABT7819-12PH	OBSOLETE	QFP	PH	80	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SN74ABT7819-12PN	OBSOLETE	LQFP	PN	80	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SN74ABT7819-15PH	OBSOLETE	QFP	PH	80	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SN74ABT7819-15PN	OBSOLETE	LQFP	PN	80	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SN74ABT7819-20PH	OBSOLETE	QFP	PH	80	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SN74ABT7819-20PN	OBSOLETE	LQFP	PN	80	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SN74ABT7819-30PH	OBSOLETE	QFP	PH	80	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
SN74ABT7819-30PN	OBSOLETE	LQFP	PN	80	TBD	Call TI	Call TI

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details. TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN74ABT7819 :

Military: SN54ABT7819

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

• Military - QML certified for Military and Defense Applications

MECHANICAL DATA

MTQF010A - JANUARY 1995 - REVISED DECEMBER 1996

PN (S-PQFP-G80)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Falls within JEDEC MS-026



MECHANICAL DATA

MQFP010 – JANUARY 1998

PH (R-PQFP-G80)

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



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