SN54LS630, SN54LS631, SN74LS630, SN74LS631 16-BIT PARALLEL ERROR DETECTION AND CORRECTION CIRCUITS

SDLS187

D2550 MARCH 1986

(TIM99630, TIM99631)

Detects and Corrects Single-Bit Errors

Detects and Flags Dual-Bit Errors

Fast Processing Times:

Write Cycle: Generates Check Word in

45 ns Typical

Read Cycle:

Flags Errors in 27 ns Typical

Power Dissipation 600 mW Typical

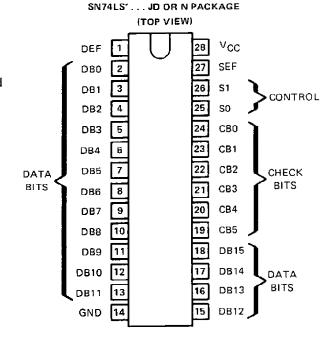
• Choice of Output Configurations:

'LS630 . . . 3-State

'LS631 . . . Open-Collector

description

The 'LS630 and 'LS631 devices are 16-bit parallel error detection and correction circuits (EDACs) in 28-pin, 600-mil packages. They use a modified Hamming code to generate a 6-bit check word from a 16-bit data word. This check word is stored along with the data word during the memory write cycle. During the memory read cycle, the 22-bit words from memory are processed by the EDACs to determine if errors have occurred in memory.



SN54LS'... JD PACKAGE

Single-bit errors in the 16-bit data word are flagged and corrected.

Single-bit errors in the 6-bit check word are flagged, and the CPU sends the EDAC through the correction cycle even though the 16-bit word is not in error. The correction cycle will simply pass along the original 16-bit word in this case and produce error syndrome bits to pinpoint the error-generating location.

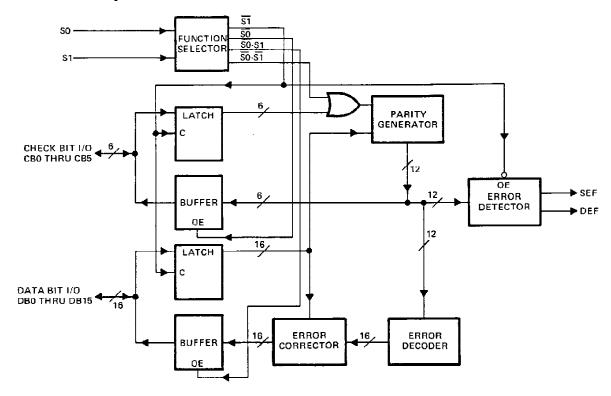
Dual-bit errors are flagged but not corrected. These dual errors may occur in any two bits of the 22-bit word from memory (two errors in the 16-bit data word, two errors in the 6-bit check word, or one error in each word).

The gross-error condition of all lows or all highs from memory will be detected. Otherwise, errors in three or more bits of the 22-bit word are beyond the capabilities of these devices to detect.

CONTROL FUNCTION TABLE

Memory	Memory Cor					Erro	Flags	
Cycle	S1	SO	EDAC Function	Data I/O	Check Word I/O	SEF	DEF	
WRITE	L	L	Generate Check Word	Input Data	Output Check Word	L	L	
READ	L	н	Read Data & Check Word	Input Data	Input Check Word	L	L	
READ	H	Н	Latch & Flag Errors	Latch Data	Latch Check Word	Ena	bled	
5545	READ H L		Correct Data Word &	O C	Qutput Syndrome Bits	Enabled		
READ			Generate Syndrome Bits	Output Corrected Data	Cutput synarume arts			

functional block diagram



ERROR FUNCTION TABLE

Total N	umber of Errors	Erro	Flags	Data Correction		
16-Bit Data	6-Bit Checkword	SEF	DEF	Data Correction		
0	0	L.	L	Not Applicable		
1	0	н	L	Correction		
0	1	н	L	Correction		
1	1	н	н	Interrupt		
2	0	н	Н	Interrupt		
0	2	н	Н	Interrupt		

In order to be able to determine whether the data from the memory is acceptable to use as presented to the bus, the EDAC must be strobed to enable the error flags and the flags will have to be tested for the zero condition.

The first case in the error function table represents the normal, no-error condition. The CPU sees lows on both flags. The next two cases of single-bit errors require data correction. Although the EDAC can discern the single check bit error and ignore it, the error flags are identical to the single error in the 16-bit data word. The CPU will ask for data correction in both cases. An interrupt condition to the CPU results in each of the last three cases, where dual errors occur.

error detection and correction details

During a memory write cycle, six check bits (CB0-CB5) are generated by eight-input parity generators using the data bits as defined below. During a memory read cycle, the 6-bit check word is retrieved along with the actual data.

CHECKWORD		16-BIT DATA WORD														
BIT	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
CBO	×	×		×	×				×	×	×			×		
CB1	×		×	×		×	ж		×			×			х	
CB2		x	x		×	x		x		x			x			x
ÇB3	×	x	x				х	х			x	x	x			
CB4				×	×	x	×	x						×	×	×
CB5									×	x	×	×	x	×	×	x

The six check bits are parity bits derived from the matrix of data bits as indicated by "x" for each bit.

Error detection is accomplished as the 6-bit check word and the 16-bit data word from memory are applied to internal parity generators/checkers. If the parity of all six groupings of data and check bits are correct, it is assumed that no error has occurred and both error flags will be low. (It should be noted that the sense of two of the check bits, bits CBO and CB1, is inverted to ensure that the gross-error condition of all lows and all highs is detected.)

If the parity of one or more of the check groups is incorrect, an error has occurred and the proper error flag or flags will be set high. Any single error in the 16-bit data word will change the sense of exactly three bits of the 6-bit check word. Any single error in the 6-bit check word changes the sense of only that one bit. In either case, the single error flag will be set high while the dual error flag will remain low.

Any two-bit error will change the sense of an even number of check bits. The two-bit error is not correctable since the parity tree can only identify single-bit errors. Both error flags are set high when any two-bit error is detected.

Three or more simultaneous bit errors can fool the EDAC into believing that no error, a correctable error, or an uncorrectable error has occurred and produce erroneous results in all three cases.

Error correction is accomplished by identifying the bad bit and inverting it. Identification of the erroneous bit is achieved by comparing the 16-bit data word and 6-bit check word from memory with the new check word with one (check word error) or three (data word error) inverted bits.

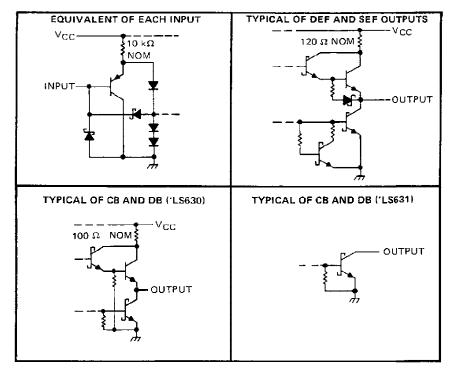
As the corrected word is made available on the data word 1/O port, the check word 1/O port presents a 6-bit syndrome error code. This syndrome code can be used to identify the bad memory chip.

ERROR SYNDROME TABLE

	SYNDROME ERROR CODE											
ERROR LOCATION	CB0	CB1	CB2	CB3	CB4	CB5						
DB0	L	L	н	L	Н	Н						
DB1	L	н	Ļ	L	н	н						
DB2	н	L	L	L	H	н						
DB3	L	L.	Н	Н	L	Н						
DB4	L	H	L	н	L	H						
DB5	н	L	L	H	L	н						
DB6	H	L	H	L	L	Н						
D87	Н	Н	L	L	L,	н						
DB8	L	L	H	Н	H	L						
DB9	L	Н	L	H	H	L						
DB10	L	Н	H	L	Н	L						
DB1 1	н	L	H	Ĺ	H	L						
DB12	Н	н	L	L	Н	L						
DB13	L.	H	H	Н	L	L						
DB14	н	L.	н	н	L	L						
DB15	н	H	L	Н	L	L						
CB0	L	н	Н	н	н	Н						
CB1	H	L	Н	Н	H	H						
C82	н	н	L	н	н	H						
CB3	н	Н	H	L	Н	Н						
CB4	Н	Н	H	Н	L	Н						
CB5	H	H	H	Н	Н	L						
NO ERROR	н	Н	H	Н	H	н						

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schematics of inputs and outputs



absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Supply voltage, VCC (see Note 1)	7 V
Input voltage: S0 and S1	7 V
CB and DB	i.5 V
Off-state output voltage 5	
Operating free-air temperature range: SN54LS630, SN54LS631	
SN74LS630, SN74LS631 0°C to	
Storage temperature range	50°C

NOTE 1: Voltage Values are with respect to network ground terminal.

recommended operating conditions

		SN54LS630 SN54LS631				UNIT			
		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX		
Supply voltage, V _{CC}		4.5	5	5.5	4.75	5	5.25	V	
Li-L- Invest	CB or DB, 'L\$630 only			-1			-1	mΑ	
High-level output current, IOH	DEF or SEF			-0.4			-0.4		
High-level output voltage, VOH	CB or DB, 'LS631 only			5.5			5.5	V	
	C8 or DB			12			24		
Low-level output current, IQL	DEF or SEF			4			8	mA	
Setup time, t _{su}	C8 or D8 to S1†	30			30			ns	
Hold time, th	CB or DB after S11	15			15			ns	
Operating free-air temperature, TA		55		125	0		70	°c	

[†]The upward-pointing arrow indicates a transition from low to high.

electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	DADAMETERS		TEST CON	DITIONET		N54LS	630	s	UNIT		
	PARAMETERS		1EST CON	DITIONS	MIN	TYPİ	MAX	MIN	TYP‡	MAX	Olar
VIH	High-level input voltage			- 	2			2			٧
VIL	Low-level input voltage						0.7			0.8	V
VIK	Input clamp voltage		VCC = MIN,	i ₁ = -18 mA			-1.5			-1.5	٧
.,	(Palatana)	CB or DB	V _{CC} = MIN,	IOH = MAX	2.4	3.3		2.4	3.2	,	v
∨он	High-level output voltage	DEF or SEF	V _{IH} = 2 V, V _{IL} = V _{IL} min	I _{OH} = -400 μA	2.5	3,4		2.7	3.4		ľ
	Low-level output voltage	CR DR	\/ = MINI	IOL = 12 mA		0.25	0.4		0.25	0.4	4
N / = .		CB or DB	V _{CC} = MIN,	OL = 24 mA					0.35	0,5	V
VOL	Low-level output voltage	DEE 855	V _{IH} = 2 V,	IOL = 4 mA		0.25	0.4		0.25	0.4]
		DEFOISE	VIL = VIL max	lo∟≃8mA			•		0.35	0.5	
lozh	Off-state output current, high-level voltage applied	CB or DB	V _{CC} = MAX, \$0 and \$1 at 2 V	V _O = 2.7 V,			20			20	μΑ
lozL	Off-state output current, low-level voltage applied	CB or DB	V _{CC} = MAX, S0 and S1 at 2 V	V _O = 0.4 V,			-200			-200	μΑ
	Input current at maximum	CB or DB	V _{CC} = MAX,	V ₁ = 5.5 V			0.1			0.1	m A
I j	input voltage	SO or S1	V _{1H} = 4.5 V	V ₁ = 7 V			0.1			0.1	mA
ЧН	High-level input current		VCC = MAX,	V _I = 2.7 V			20			20	μΑ
ηL	Low-level input current		V _{CC} = MAX,	V ₁ = 0.4 V			-0.2			-0.2	mΑ
laa	Short-circuit output	CB or DB	Voc = MAY		-30		-130	-30	•	-130	mA
los	current¶	DEF or SEF	VCC = MAX		-20		-100	20		-100	
¹ cc	Supply current		VCC = MAX, S0 a All CB and DB pi DEF and SEF ope	ns grounded,		143	230		143	230	mA

electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TERT CO	NDITIONS [†]	SN54LS631			S			
	PARAMETER		1531 CO	NDITIONS [†]	MIN	TY₽‡	MAX	MIN	TYP‡	MAX	UNIT
VIH	High-level input voltage			<u> </u>	2			2			٧
VIL	Low-level input voltage	1,					0.7			8.0	V
Vik	Input clamp voltage		V _{CC} = MIN,	l _f = -18 mA			-1.5			-1.5	V
Vон	High-level output voltage	DEF or SEF	V _{CC} = MIN, V _{IH} = 2 V,	I _{OH} = -400 μA, V _{IL} = V _{IL} max	2.5	3.4		2.7	3.4		٧
ЮН	High-level output current	CB or DB	V _{CC} = MIN, V _{IH} = 2 V,	V _{OH} = 5.5 V, V _{IL} = V _{IL} max			100			100	μА
		CB or DB	V _{CC} = MIN,	loL ≈ 12 mA		0.25	0.4		0.25	0.4	_
Va. 1	Low-level output voltage		V _{IH} = 2 V,	I _{OL} = 24 mA					0.35	0.5	V
VOL	Cownever output voltage	DEF or SEF	V. = VII max	I _{OL} = 4 mA		0.25	0.4		0.25	0.4	
		DEI OF SET		IOL = 8 mA					0.35	0.5	
1.	Input current at	CB or DB	VCC = MAX,	V _I = 5.5 V			0.1			0.1	mA
Ц	maximum input voltage	S0 or S1	V _{IH} = 4.5 V	V ₁ = 7 V			0.1			0.1	
ΉΗ	High-level input current		V _{CC} = MAX	V _I = 2.7 V			20			20	μА
I J L	Low-level input current		V _{CC} = MAX,	V ₁ = 0.4 V			-0.2			-0.2	mA
los	Short-circuit output current¶	DEF or SEF	V _{CC} = MAX		-20		-100	-20		-100	mA
lcc	Supply current		V _{CC} = MAX, S0 a All CB and DB gro SEF and DEF ope	ounded,		113	180		113	180	mA

 $^{^\}dagger$ For conditions shown as MIN or MAX, use the appropriate value specified under recommended operating conditions.

 $^{^{2}}$ All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, T_{A} = 25°C. Not more than one output should be shorted at a time, and duration of the short circuit should not exceed one second.

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switching characteristics, V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C, C_L = 45 pF

	FROM	то	TEST SOUDITIONS		UNIT		
PARAMETER	(INPUT) (OUTPUT)		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	0.4
tplH Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output	DB	СВ	S0 at 0 V, S1 at 0 V,	<u></u>	31	45	ns_
tpHL Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output ⁰	UB	Ų.	R _L = 667 Ω, See Figure 1		45	65	ns
B	S1↑	DEF	SO at 3 V, $R_L = 2 k\Omega$,		27	40	пs
tPLH Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output*		SEF	See Figure 1		20	30	\$
0		CB, DB	S1 at 3 V, R _L = 667 Ω,		24	40	пѕ
tPZH Output enable time to high level [#]	S0↓	CB, DB	See Figure 2	<u> </u>			
	COL	CB, DB	S1 at 3 V, R _L ≃ 667 Ω,		30	45	ns
tpZL Output enable time to low level #	S01		See Figure 1		30	73	
		00 00	S1 at 3 V, R _L = 667 Ω,		43	65	ns
tPHZ Output disable time from high level [▲]	S0↑	CB, DB	See Figure 2	43		00	11.5
	204		S1 at 3 V, R _L = 667 Ω,		2.1	45	
tpLZ Output disable time from low level [♣]	50↑	CB, DB	See Figure 1		31	45	пŝ

switching characteristics, V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C, C_L = 45 pF, see Figure 1

	FROM	TO	COMPUTIONS	'L\$63	UNIT	
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN TYP	MAX	Civi
tply Propagation delay time, low-to-high level output	DB	I CR I	S0 at 0 V, \$1 at 0V,	38	55	กร
tPHL Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output	DB		R _L = 667 Ω	45	65	пѕ
	64.6	DEF	S0 2 V B 2 t O	27	40	ns
tptH Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output*	S1 t	SEF	S0 at 3 V, R _L ≈ 2 kΩ	20	30	ns
tphL Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output#	S0↓	CB, DB	S1 at 3 V, AL = 667 kΩ	28	45	пѕ
tPLH Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output▲	SQ1	CB, DB	S1 at 3 V, $R_L = 667 \text{ k}\Omega$	33	50	ns

OThese parameters describe the time intervals taken to generate the check word during the memory write cycle.

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

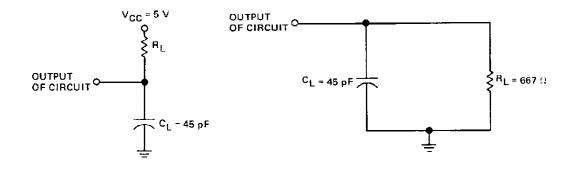


FIGURE 1-OUTPUT LOAD CIRCUIT

FIGURE 2-OUTPUT LOAD CIRCUIT



^{*}These parameters describe the time intervals taken to flag errors during the memory read cycle.

[#]These parameters describe the time intervals taken to correct and output the data word and to generate and output the syndrome error code during the memory read cycle.

^{*}These parameters describe the time intervals taken to disable the CB and DB buses in preparation for a new data word during the memory read cycle.

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