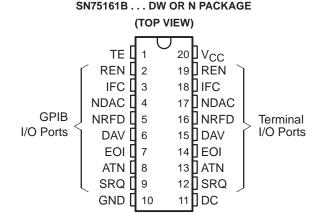
SLLS005B - OCTOBER 1980 - REVISED MAY 1995

- Meets IEEE Standard 488-1978 (GPIB)
- 8-Channel Bidirectional Transceivers
- Power-Up/Power-Down Protection (Glitch Free)
- **Designed to Implement Control Bus** Interface
- **SN75161B Designed for Single Controller**
- SN75162B Designed for Multiple **Controllers**
- High-Speed, Low-Power Schottky Circuitry
- Low Power Dissipation . . . 72 mW Max Per Channel
- Fast Propagation Times . . . 22 ns Max
- **High-Impedance pnp Inputs**
- Receiver Hysteresis . . . 650 mV Typ
- **Bus-Terminating Resistors Provided on Driver Outputs**
- No Loading of Bus When Device Is Powered Down ($V_{CC} = 0$)

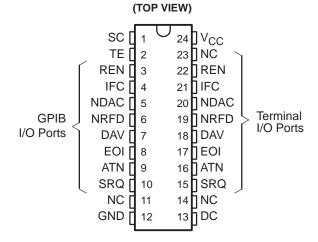
description

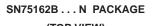
The SN75161B and SN75162B eight-channel, general-purpose interface bus transceivers are monolithic, high-speed, low-power Schottky devices designed to meet the requirements of IEEE Standard 488-1978. Each transceiver is designed to provide the bus-management and data-transfer signals between operating units of a single- or multiple-controller instrumentation system. When combined with the SN75160B octal bus transceiver, the SN75161B or SN75162B provides the complete 16-wire interface for the IEEE-488 bus.

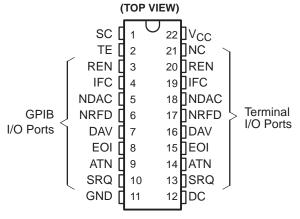
The SN75161B and SN75162B feature eight driver-receiver pairs connected in a front-to-back configuration to form input/output (I/O) ports at both the bus and terminal sides. A powerup/-down disable circuit is included on all bus and receiver outputs. This provides glitch-free operation during V_{CC} power up and power down.



SN75162B...DW PACKAGE







NC-No internal connection



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SLLS005B - OCTOBER 1980 - REVISED MAY 1995

description (continued)

The direction of data through these driver-receiver pairs is determined by the DC, TE, and SC (on SN75162B) enable signals. The SC input on the SN75162B allows the REN and IFC transceivers to be controlled independently.

The driver outputs (GPIB I/O ports) feature active bus-terminating resistor circuits designed to provide a high impedance to the bus when supply voltage V_{CC} is 0. The drivers are designed to handle loads up to 48 mA of sink current. Each receiver features pnp transistor inputs for high input impedance and hysteresis of 400 mV for increased noise immunity. All receivers have 3-state outputs to present a high impedance to the terminal when disabled.

The SN75161B and SN75162B are characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

Function Tables

SN75161B RECEIVE/TRANSMIT

CONTROLS			BUS-MANAGEMENT CHANNELS				DATA-TRANSFER CHANNELS			
DC	TE	ATN†	ATN†	SRQ	REN	IFC	EOI	DAV	NDAC	NRFD
			(Controlled by DC)				(C	ontrolled by	TE)	
Н	Н	Н	R		R	R	Т	_	R	R
Н	Н	L	ĸ	ı	I K	ĸ	R] '	rζ	K
L	L	Н	_			_	R	R		
L	L	L	ı	R	κ Ι	I	Т	K	I	'
Н	L	Х	R	Т	R	R	R	R	Т	Т
L	Н	Х	Т	R	Т	T	Т	T	R	R

H = high level, L = low level, R = receive, T = transmit, X = irrelevant

Direction of data transmission is from the terminal side to the bus side, and the direction of data receiving is from the bus side to the terminal side. Data transfer is noninverting in both directions.

SN75162B RECEIVE/TRANSMIT

	CONTROLS				BUS-MANAGEMENT CHANNELS				DATA-TRANSFER CHANNELS		
SC	DC	TE	ATN†	ATN†	SRQ	REN	IFC	EOI	DAV	NDAC	NRFD
				(Controll	ed by DC)	(Controlle	ed by SC)		(Co	ntrolled by	TE)
	Н	Н	Н	R	т			Т	т	R	R
	Н	Н	L	I N	'			R	'	K	K
	L	L	Н	т	R			R	R	т	+
	L	L	L	'	IX.			Т	K	'	'
	Н	L	Х	R	Т			R	R	Т	Т
	L	Н	Χ	Т	R			Т	Т	R	R
Н						Т	Т				
L						R	R				

H = high level, L = low level, R = receive, T = transmit, X = irrelevant

Direction of data transmission is from the terminal side to the bus side, and the direction of data receiving is from the bus side to the terminal side. Data transfer is noninverting in both directions.



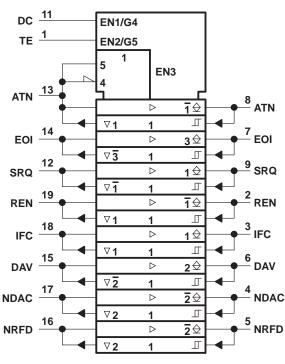
[†] ATN is a normal transceiver channel that functions additionally as an internal direction control or talk enable for EOI whenever the DC and TE inputs are in the same state. When DC and TE are in opposite states, the ATN channel functions as an independent transceiver only.

TATN is a normal transceiver channel that functions additionally as an internal direction control or talk enable for EOI whenever the DC and TE inputs are in the same state. When DC and TE are in opposite states, the ATN channel functions as an independent transceiver only.

CHANNEL-IDENTIFICATION TABLE

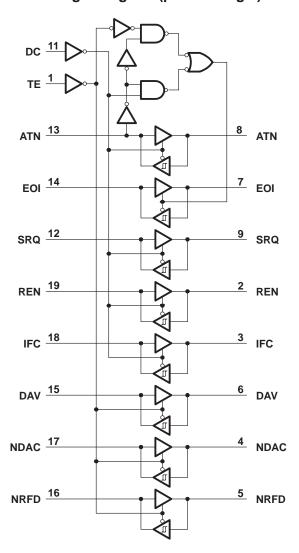
NAME	IDENTITY	CLASS
DC	Direction Control	
TE	Talk Enable	Control
sc	System Control (SN75162B only)	
ATN	Attention	
SRQ	Service Request	
REN	Remote Enable	Bus
IFC	Interface Clear	Management
EOI	End of Identity	
DAV	Data Valid	
NDAC	Not Data Accepted	Data
NRFD	Not Ready for Data	Transfer

SN75161B logic symbol[†]



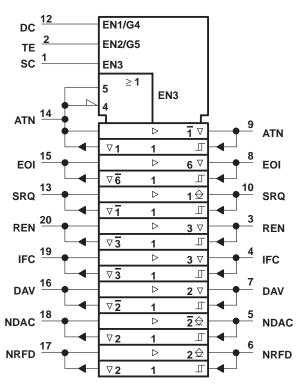
- [†]This symbol is in accordance with IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.
- ∇ Designates 3-state outputs

SN75161B logic diagram (positive logic)



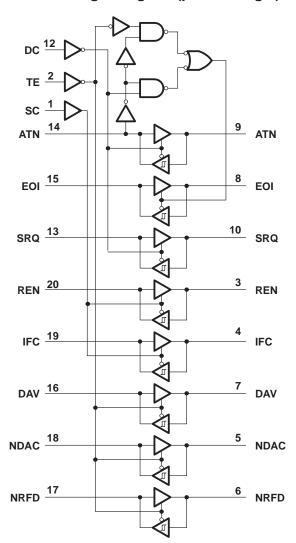


SN75162B logic symbol[†]



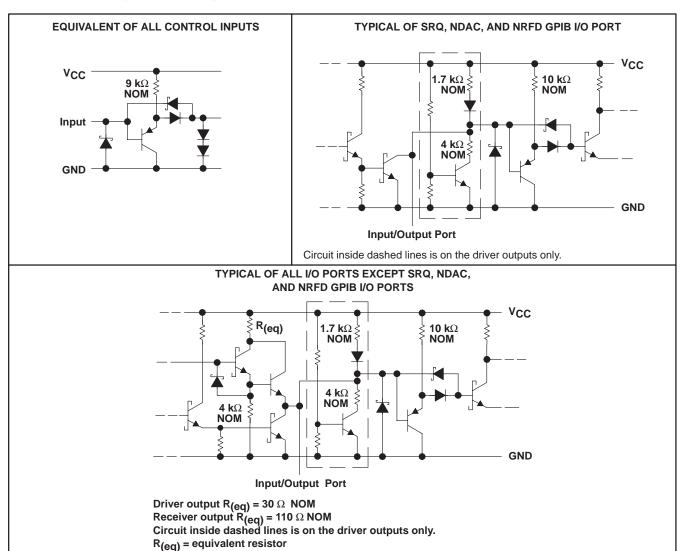
- †This symbol is in accordance with IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.
- ∇ Designates 3-state outputs

SN75162B logic diagram (positive logic)



Pin numbers shown are for the N package.

schematics of inputs and outputs



absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage, V _{CC} (see Note 1)	
Input voltage, V _I	
Low-level driver output current, I _{OL}	100 mA
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, T _A	0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range, T _{stq}	–65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16) inch from the case for 10 seconds	260°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.



SN75161B, SN75162B OCTAL GENERAL-PURPOSE INTERFACE BUS TRANSCEIVERS

SLLS005B - OCTOBER 1980 - REVISED MAY 1995

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{PACKAGE} & & \text{$T_{A} \leq 25^{\circ}$C} \\ & \text{POWER RATING} \end{array}$		T _A = 70°C POWER RATING
DW (20 pin)	1125 mW	9.0 mW/°C	720 mW
DW (24 pin)	1350 mW	10.8 mW/°C	864 mW
N (20 pin)	1150 mW	9.2 mW/°C	736 mW
N (22 pin)	1700 mW	13.6 mW/°C	1088 mW

recommended operating conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT		
Supply voltage, V _{CC}		4.75	5	5.25	V		
High-level input voltage, V _{IH}		2			V		
Low-level input voltage, V _{IL}				0.8	V		
I Pade Javas Landon de accionante I	Bus ports with 3-state outputs			-5.2	mA		
High-level output current, I _{OH}	Terminal ports			-800	μΑ		
Low lovel output output	Bus ports			48			
Low-level output current, IOL	Terminal ports			16	mA		
Operating free-air temperature, TA		0		70 °			

SLLS005B - OCTOBER 1980 - REVISED MAY 1995

electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TES	MIN	TYP [†]	MAX	UNIT	
VIK	Input clamp voltage		$I_{I} = -18 \text{ mA}$			-0.8	-1.5	V
V _{hys}	Hysteresis voltage (V _{IT+} – V _{IT})	Bus	See Figure 7	See Figure 7				V
V†	High-level output voltage	Terminal	ΙΟΗ = -800 μΑ	I _{OH} = -800 μA		3.5		V
VOH [‡]	r ligh-level output voltage	Bus	$I_{OH} = -5.2 \text{ mA}$		2.5	3.3		V
VOL	Low-level output voltage	Terminal	$I_{OL} = 16 \text{ mA}$			0.3	0.5	V
VOL	Low-level output voltage	Bus	$I_{OL} = 48 \text{ mA}$			0.35	0.5	V
II	Input current at maximum input voltage	Terminal	V _I = 5.5 V			0.2	100	μΑ
Ιн	High-level input current	Terminal and	$V_{I} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ $V_{I} = 0.5 \text{ V}$			0.1	20	μΑ
I _I L	Low-level input current	control inputs				-10	-100	μΑ
V., o.,	Voltage at bus port		Driver disabled	$I_{l(bus)} = 0$	2.5	3.0	3.7	V
VI/O(bus)				$I_{I(bus)} = -12 \text{ mA}$			-1.5	V
	Current into bus port	Power on	Driver disabled	$V_{I(bus)} = -1.5 \text{ V to } 0.4 \text{ V}$	-1.3			
				$V_{I(bus)} = 0.4 \text{ V to } 2.5 \text{ V}$	0		-3.2	
				V _{I(bus)} = 2.5 V to 3.7 V			2.5	mA
I _{I/O(bus)}				VI(bus) = 2.5 V to 5.7 V			-3.2	ША
				$V_{I(bus)} = 3.7 \text{ V to 5 V}$	0		2.5	5
				$V_{I(bus)} = 5 V \text{ to } 5.5 V$	0.7		2.5	
		Power off	$V_{CC} = 0$,	$V_{I(bus)} = 0 V to 2.5 V$			-40	μΑ
los	Short-circuit output current	Terminal			-15	-35	-75	mA
108	Onort-circuit output current	Bus				-50	-125	ША
Icc	Supply current		No load,	TE, DE, and SC low			110	mA
C _{I/O(bus)}	Bus-port capacitance		$V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V to } 0,$ $V_{I/O} = 0 \text{ to } 2 \text{ V},$	f = 1 MHz		16		pF

[†] All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C. ‡ V_{OH} applies for 3-state outputs only.

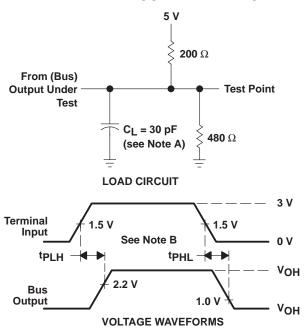
SN75161B, SN75162B OCTAL GENERAL-PURPOSE INTERFACE BUS TRANSCEIVERS

SLLS005B - OCTOBER 1980 - REVISED MAY 1995

switching characteristics, V_{CC} = 5 V, C_L = 15 pF, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
^t PLH	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	Terminal	nal Bus	C _L = 30 pF,		14	20	ns
^t PHL	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output	Terminal		See Figure 1		14	20	ris
^t PLH	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	Terminal	Bus (SRQ, NDAC, NRFD)	C _L = 30 pF, See Figure 1		29	35	ns
^t PLH	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	Bus	Terminal	C _L = 30 pF,		10	20	ns
^t PHL	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output	Dus		See Figure 2		15	22	113
^t PZH	Output enable time to high level		Bus (ATN, EOI, REN,				60	
t _{PHZ}	Output disable time from high level	TE,DC,		See Figure 3			45	ns
tpzL	Output enable time to low level	or SC	IFC, and	See Figure 3			60	115
tPLZ	Output disable time from low level]	DAV)				55	
^t PZH	Output enable time to high level						55	
tPHZ	Output disable time from high level	TE,DC,	l	Coo Firme 4			50	
tpzL	Output enable time to low level	or SC	Terminal	See Figure 4			45	ns
tPLZ	Output disable time from low level						55	

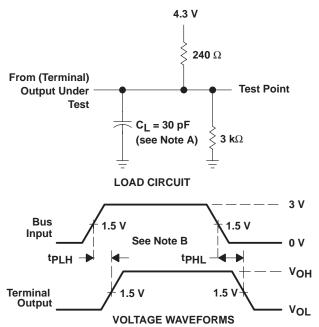
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 6 ns, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 6 ns, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 6 ns, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 7 on, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 8 ns, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 8 ns, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 9 ns, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$

Figure 1. Terminal-to-Bus Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



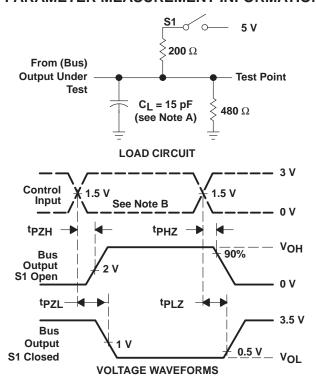
NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 6 ns, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 6 ns, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 6 ns, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 7 or $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 8 ns, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 9 or t_{Γ}

Figure 2. Bus-to-Terminal Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

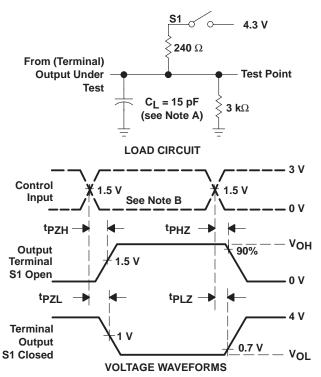


NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 6 ns, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 6 ns, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 6 ns, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 7 ms, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 8 ns, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 8 ns, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 9 ns, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$

Figure 3. Bus Enable and Disable Times Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

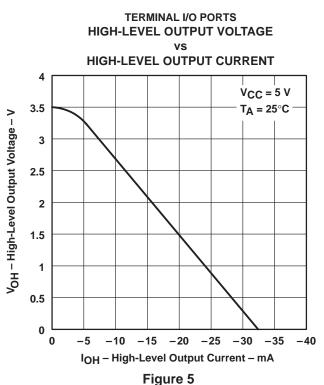


NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. The Input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_f \leq$ 6 ns, $t_f \leq$ 6 ns, $t_O =$ 50 Ω .

Figure 4. Terminal Enable and Disable Times Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



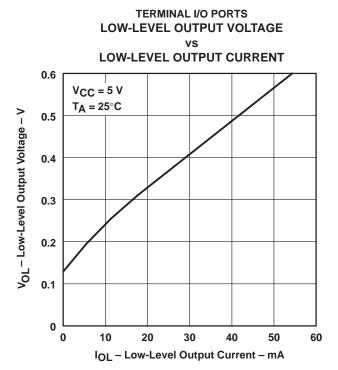
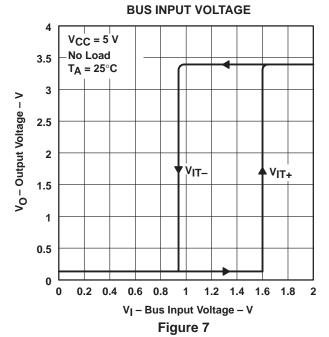


Figure 6

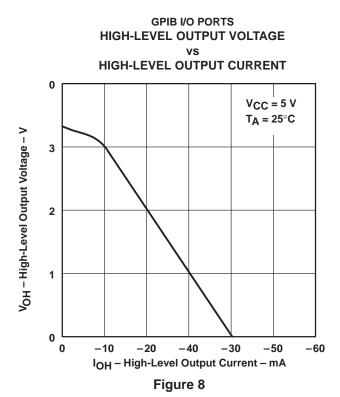
TERMINAL I/O PORTS OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs

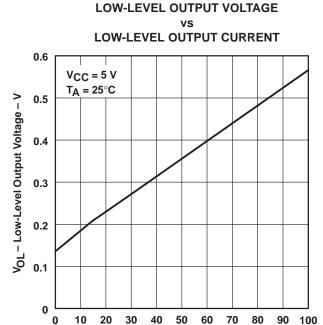




GPIB I/O PORTS

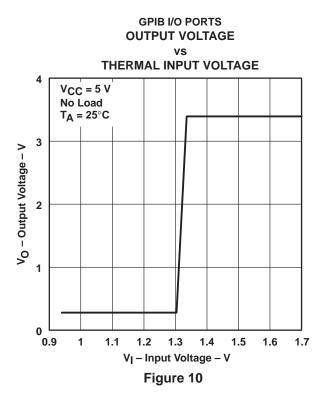
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

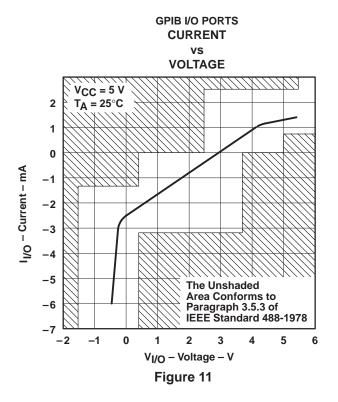




IOL - Low-Level Output Current - mA

Figure 9





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