



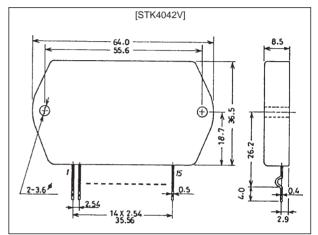
AF Power Amplifier (Split Power Supply) (80 W min, THD = 0.08%)

Features

- Compact packaging supports slimmer set designs
- Series designed from 20 up to 100 W (200 W) and pincompatibility (120 to 200 W have 18 pins)
- Simpler heat sink design facilitates thermal design of slim stereo sets
- Current mirror circuit application reduces distortion to 0.08%
- Supports addition of electronic circuits for thermal shutdown and load-short protection circuit as well as pop noise muting which occurs when the power supply switch is turned on and off

Package Dimensions

unit : mm **4075**



Specifications

Maximum Ratings at $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V _{CC} max		±65	V
Thermal resistance	θј-с		1.2	°C/W
Junction temperature	Tj		150	°C
Operating substrate temperature	Tc		125	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-30 to +125	°C
Available time for load shorted	ts *1	$V_{CC} = \pm 45 \text{ V}, R_L = 8 \Omega, f = 50 \text{ Hz}, P_O = 80 \text{ W}$	1	s

Recommended Operational Voltage at $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Recommended supply voltage	V _{CC}		±45	V
Load resistance	R _L		8	Ω

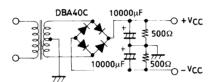
Operating Characteristics

at Ta = 25°C, V_{CC} = ±45 V, R_L = 8 Ω , VG = 40 dB, Rg = 600 Ω , 100k LPF ON, R_L (non-inductive)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
Quiescent current	Icco	V _{CC} = ±54 V	15		120	mA
Output power	P _O (1)	THD = 0.08%, f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz	80			W
Total harmonic distortion	THD	P _O = 1.0 W, f = 1 kHz			0.08	%
Frequency response	f _L , f _H	$P_0 = 1.0 \text{ W}, {}^{+0}_{-3} \text{ dB}$		20 to 50k		Hz
Input resistance	r _i	P _O = 1.0 W, f = 1 kHz		55		kΩ
Output noise voltage	V _{NO} *2	$V_{CC} = \pm 54 \text{ V}, R_g = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$			1.2	mVrms
Neutral voltage	V _N	V _{CC} = ±54 V	-70	0	+70	mV

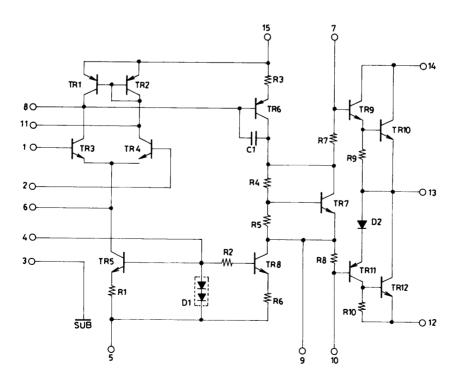
Note: Use rated power supply for test unless otherwise specified.

- *1 When measuring permissible load short time and output noise voltage use transformer power supply indicated below.
- *2 Output noise voltage represents the peak value on the rms scale (VTVM). The noise voltage waveform does not include the pulse noise.

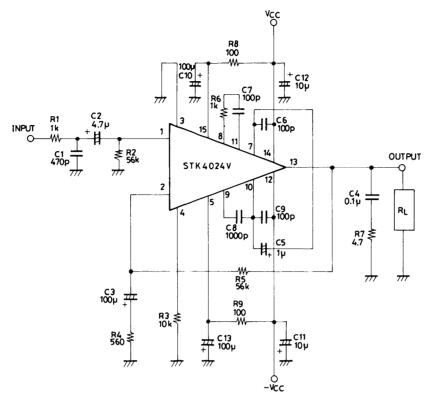


Specified Transformer Power Supply (MG-200 Equivalent)

Equivalent Circuit

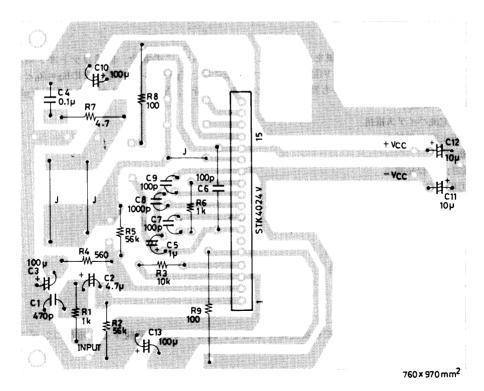


Application Circuit: 80W min Single Channel AF Power Amplifier



Unit (resistance: Ω , capacitance: F)

Sample Printed Circuit Pattern for Application Circuit (Copper-foiled side)



Unit (resistance: Ω , capacitance: F)

Description of External Parts

 R_1, C_1 : Input filter circuit

• Reduces high-frequency noise.

C₂ : Input coupling capacitor

• DC current suppression. A reduction in reactance is effective because of increases in capacitor reactance at low frequencies and 1/f noise dependence on signal source resistance which result in output noise worsening.

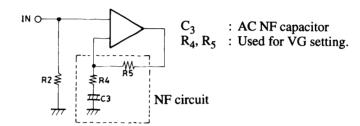
R₂ : Input bias resistor

• Biases the input pin to zero.

• Effects V_N stability (refer to NF circuit).

• Due to differential input, input resistance is more or less determined by this resistance value.

 R_4, R_5 : NFB circuit (AC NF circuit). Use of resistor with 1% error is suggested. $C_3 \, (R_2)$



• VG settings are obtained using R₄ and R₅ according to the following equation:

$$log20 \frac{R_5}{R_4} \hspace{1.5cm} 40 \hspace{0.1cm} dB \hspace{0.1cm} is \hspace{0.1cm} recommended.$$

• Low-frequency cutoff frequency settings are obtained using R₄ and C₃ according to the following equation:

$$f_L = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot R_4 \cdot C_3} \quad [Hz]$$

When changing the VG setting, you should change R_4 which requires a recheck of the low cutoff frequency setting. When the VG setting is changed using R_5 , the setting should ensure R_2 equals R_5 so that V_N balance stability is maintained. If the resistor value is increased more than the existing value, V_N balance may be disturbed and result in deterioration of V_N temperature characteristics.

R₃ : Differential constant-current bias resistor

 R_6, R_7 : For oscillation suppression and phase compensation applications (For use with differential stage applications)

 R_7, C_4 : For oscillation suppression and phase compensation applications (A Mylar capacitor is recommended for C_4 for use with output stage applications)

 C_6 , C_9 : For oscillation suppression and phase compensation applications

Power stage (Must be connected near the pin) C_6 : Positive (+) power C_9 : Negative (-) power C_8 : For oscillation suppression and phase compensation applications

(Oscillation suppression before power step clip)

C₅ : For oscillation suppression and distortion improvement applications

 R_8, C_{10} : Ripple filter circuit on positive (+) side. R_9, C_{13} : Ripple filter circuit on negative (-) side. C_{11}, C_{12} : For oscillation suppression applications

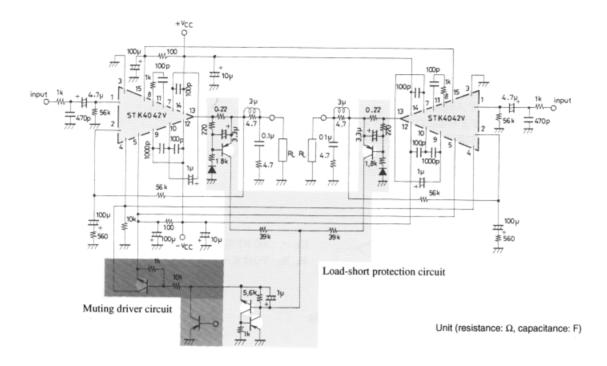
• Used for reducing power supply impedance to stable IC operation and should be connected near the IC pin. We recommend that you use an electrolytic capacitor.

R₁₀ : Output resistor

Increases load shorting endurance capacity during times of high output.

 R_{14}, L_1 : For oscillation suppression applications Increases oscillation stability against capacitance loads.

Sample Application Circuit (Protection circuit and muting circuit)



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