

Ordering number: EN 5173

Thick Film Hybrid IC

SANYO	No. 5173	STK405-120
		2ch AF Power Amplifier (Split Power Supply) 80W + 80W min, THD = 10%

Overview

The STK405-120, a member of the STK405-000 series, is a low-cost, 2-channel audio power amplifier hybrid IC that is ideal for a wide range of stereo sets. It has dedicated 6Ω output drive, in contrast with the STK401-000 series which supports 6Ω/3Ω output drive.

Features

- Class B amplifiers
- Output load impedance $R_L = 6\Omega$ support
- EIAJ-output compatible ($f = 1\text{kHz}$, THD = 10%)
- Low supply switching shock noise
- Pin assignment grouped into individual blocks of inputs, outputs and supply lines to minimize the adverse effects of pattern layout on operating characteristics
- External bootstrap circuit not necessary
- Standby operation possible using external circuit
- Voltage gain VG = 26dB for easy gain distribution within the set
- Member of 10W/ch to 80W/ch pin-compatible series

Series Organization

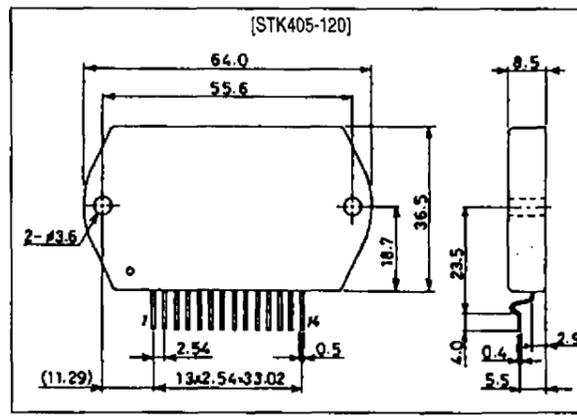
The following devices form a series with differing output capacity. Some of the following devices are under development. Contact your Sanyo sales representative if you require more detailed information.

Type No.	Output power	Supply voltage [V]	
		$V_{CC\ max}$	V_{CC}
STK405-010	10W + 10W	±26.0	±14.0
STK405-030	20W + 20W	±30.5	±18.5
STK405-050	30W + 30W	±34.5	±22.0
STK405-070	40W + 40W	±39.0	±25.0
STK405-090	50W + 50W	±42.0	±26.5
STK405-100	60W + 60W	±45.0	±29.0
STK405-110	70W + 70W	±50.0	±31.0
STK405-120	80W + 80W	±52.5	±33.0

Package Dimensions

unit: mm

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STK405-120

Specifications

Maximum Ratings at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	$V_{CC \text{ max}}$		± 52.5	V
Thermal resistance	θ_{j-c}	Per power transistor	1.8	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Junction temperature	T_J		150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating substrate temperature	T_c		125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-30 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Available time for load short-circuit	t_s	$V_{CC} = \pm 33.0\text{V}$, $R_L = 6\Omega$, $f = 50\text{Hz}$, $P_O = 80\text{W}$	1	s

Operating Characteristics at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $R_L = 6\Omega$ (noninductive load), $R_g = 600\Omega$, $V_G = 26\text{dB}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
Quiescent current	I_{CCO}	$V_{CC} = \pm 42.0\text{V}$, no load	-	13	20	mA
Output power	P_O	$V_{CC} = \pm 33.0\text{V}$, $f = 1\text{kHz}$, $\text{THD} = 10.0\%$	80	-	-	W
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$V_{CC} = \pm 33.0\text{V}$, $f = 1\text{kHz}$, $P_O = 5.0\text{W}$	-	0.04	0.1	%
Frequency response	f_L, f_H	$V_{CC} = \pm 33.0\text{V}$, $P_O = 1.0\text{W}$, -3dB	-	20 to 50k	-	Hz
Input impedance	r_i	$V_{CC} = \pm 33.0\text{V}$, $f = 1\text{kHz}$, $P_O = 1.0\text{W}$	-	55	-	$\text{k}\Omega$
Output noise voltage	V_{NO}	$V_{CC} = \pm 42.0\text{V}$, $R_g = 10\text{k}\Omega$	-	-	1.2	mVrms
Neutral voltage	V_N	$V_{CC} = \pm 42.0\text{V}$	-100	0	+100	mV

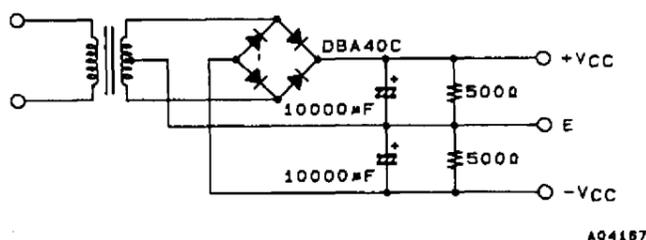
Notes.

All tests are measured using a regulated voltage supply unless otherwise specified.

Available time for load short-circuit and output noise voltage are measured using the transformer supply specified below.

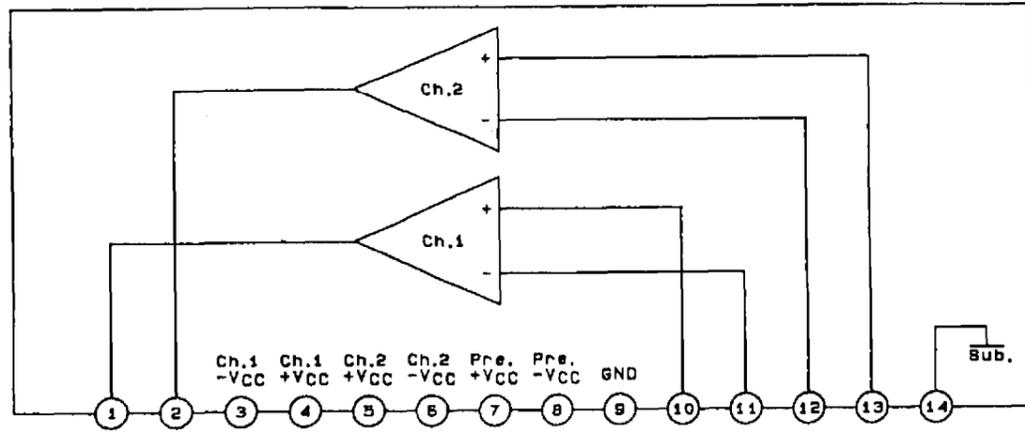
The output noise voltage is the peak value of an average-reading meter with an rms value scale (VTVM). A regulated AC supply (50Hz) should be used to eliminate the effects of AC primary line flicker noise.

Specified Transformer Supply (MG-200 or Equivalent)



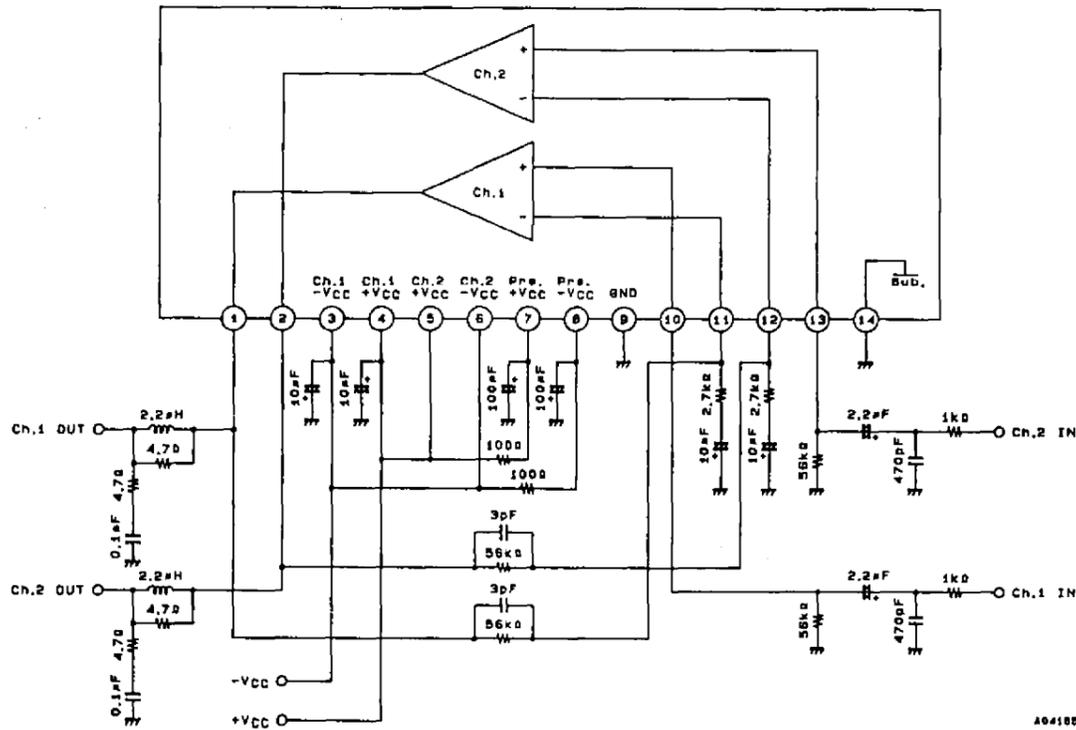
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Block Diagram



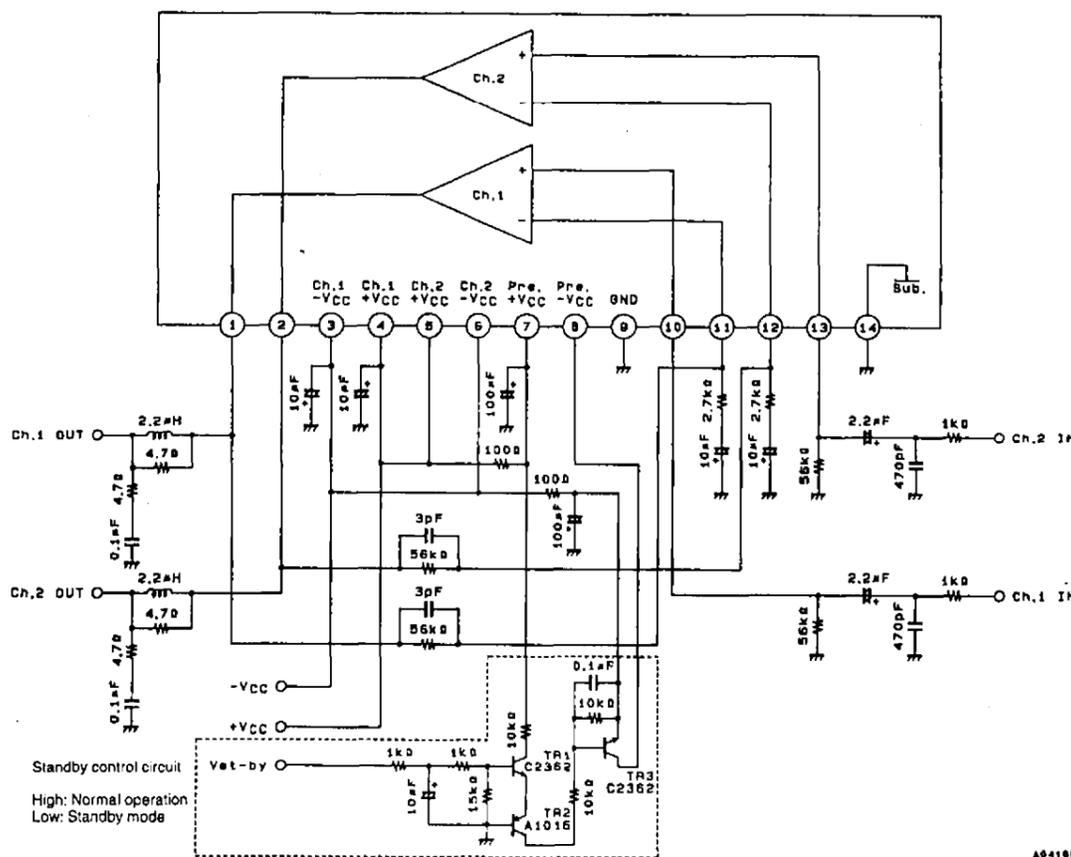
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Test Circuit



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Sample Application Circuit (Standby Mode Supported)



Heatsink Design Considerations

The heatsink thermal resistance, θ_{c-a} , required to dissipate the STK405-120 device total power dissipation, P_d , is determined as follows:

Condition 1: IC substrate temperature not to exceed 125°C.

$$P_d \times \theta_{c-a} + T_a < 125^\circ\text{C} \dots\dots\dots (1)$$

where T_a is the guaranteed maximum ambient temperature.

Condition 2: Power transistor junction temperature, T_j , not to exceed 150°C.

$$P_d \times \theta_{c-a} + P_d/N \times \theta_{j-c} + T_a < 150^\circ\text{C} \dots\dots\dots (2)$$

where N is the number of power transistors and θ_{j-c} is the power transistor thermal resistance per transistor. Note that the power dissipated per transistor is the total, P_d , divided evenly among the N power transistors.

Expressions (1) and (2) can be rewritten making θ_{c-a} the subject.

$$\theta_{c-a} < (125 - T_a)/P_d \dots\dots\dots (1)'$$

$$\theta_{c-a} < (150 - T_a)/P_d - \theta_{j-c}/N \dots\dots\dots (2)'$$

The heatsink required must have a thermal resistance that simultaneously satisfies both expressions.

The heatsink thermal resistance can be determined from (1)' and (2)' once the following parameters have been defined.

- Supply voltage: V_{CC}
- Load resistance: R_L
- Guaranteed maximum ambient temperature: T_a

The total device power dissipation when STK405-120 $V_{CC} = \pm 33.0\text{V}$ and $R_L = 6\Omega$, for a continuous sine wave signal, is a maximum of 74W, as shown in the P_d - P_O characteristic graph.

When estimating the power dissipation for an actual audio signal input, the rule of thumb is to select P_d corresponding to 1/10 P_O max (within safe limits) for a continuous sine wave input. For example,

$$P_d = 53\text{W (for } 1/10 P_O \text{ max} = 8\text{W)}$$

The STK405-120 has 4 power transistors, and the thermal resistance per transistor, θ_{j-c} , is 1.8°C/W. If the guaranteed maximum ambient temperature, T_a , is 50°C, then the required heatsink thermal resistance, θ_{c-a} , is:

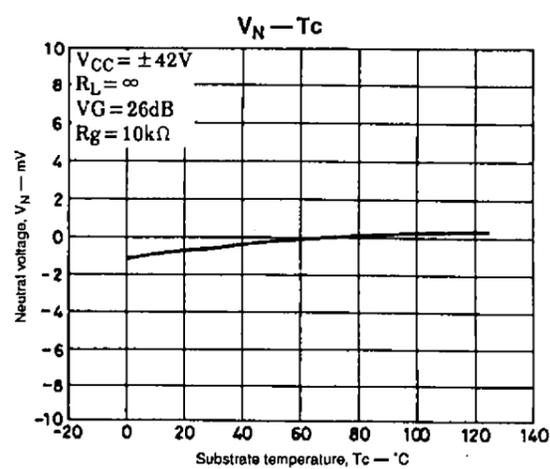
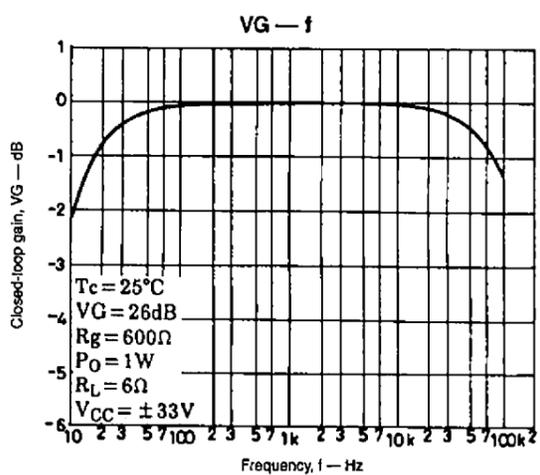
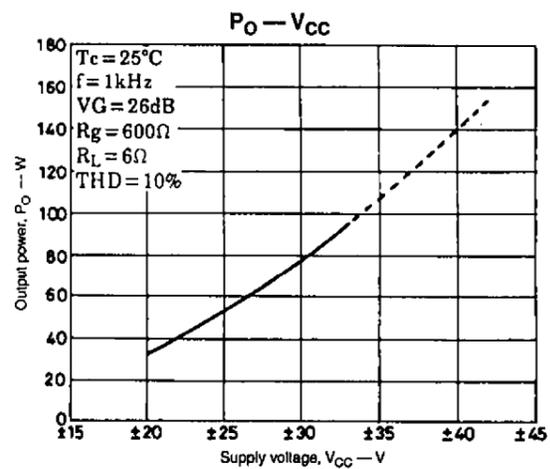
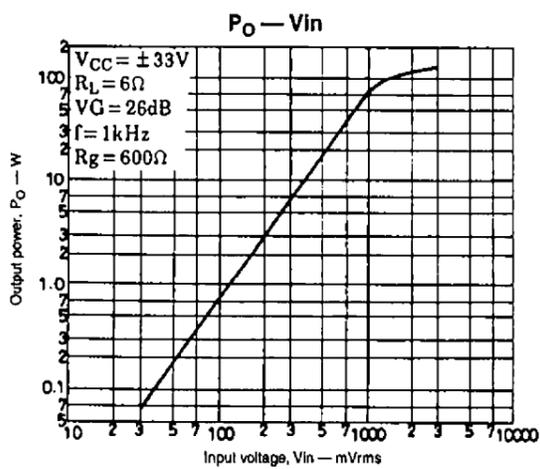
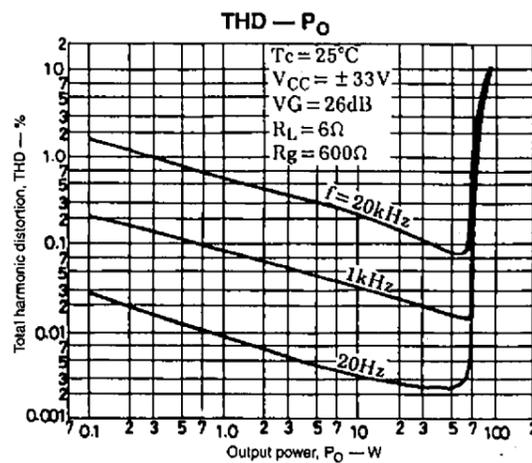
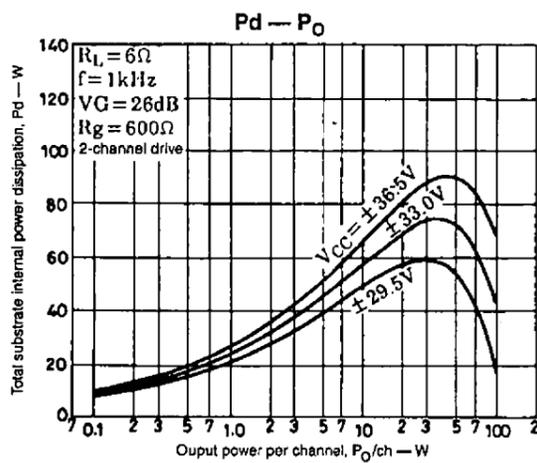
STK405-120

From expression (1): $\theta_{c-a} < (125 - 50)/53$
 < 1.41

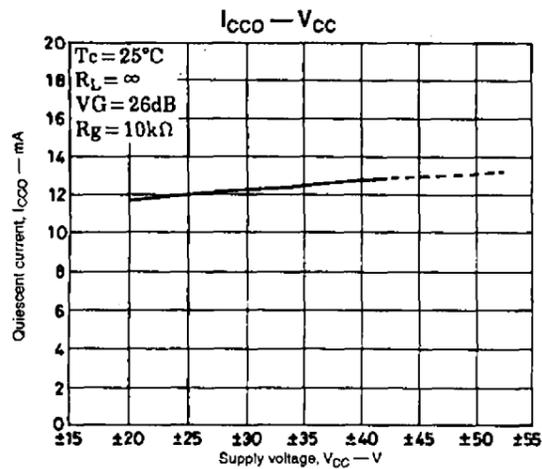
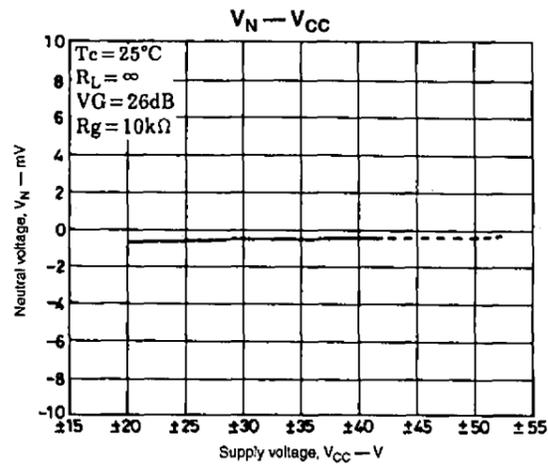
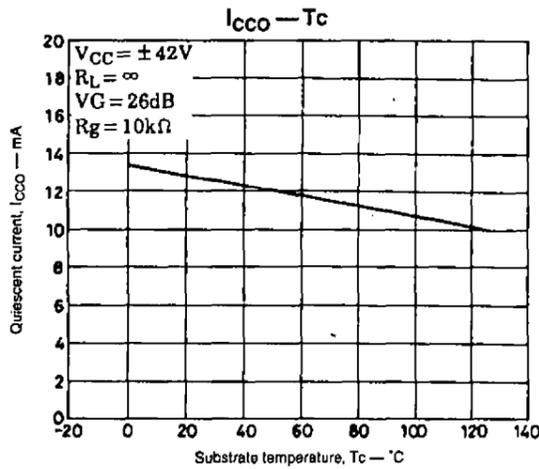
From expression (2): $\theta_{c-a} < (150 - 50)/53 - 1.8/4$
 < 1.43

Therefore, to satisfy both expressions, the required heat-sink must have a thermal resistance less than 1.41°C/W.

This heatsink design example is based on a constant-voltage supply, and should be verified within your specific set environment.



STK405-120



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