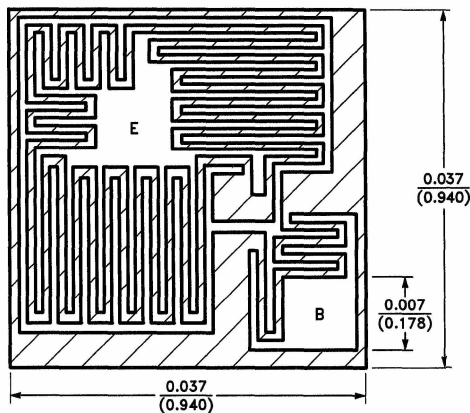




TL/G/10034-4

**DESCRIPTION**

Process 06 is a monolithic, double-diffused, silicon epitaxial Darlington.

**APPLICATION**

This device is designed for applications requiring extremely high current gain at collector currents up to 1.5A and high breakdown voltage.

**PRINCIPLE DEVICE TYPES**

**TO-202 EBC:** NSDU45A

**TO-226 EBC:** 2N7053

**TO-237 EBC:** 92PU45A

**TO-92 EBC:** 2N7052

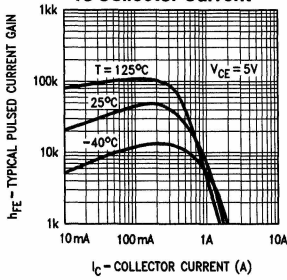
**TO-92 ECB:** 2N7051

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )**

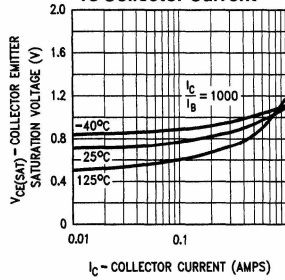
| Symbol       | Conditions                                                                                                                         | Min                    | Typ    | Max               | Units            |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|--------|-------------------|------------------|
| $BV_{CEO}$   | $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0$                                                                                                      | 100                    |        |                   | V                |
| $BV_{EBO}$   | $I_E = 1 \text{ mA}, I_C = 0$                                                                                                      | 12                     |        |                   | V                |
| $I_{CBO}$    | $V_{CB} = 80\text{V}, I_E = 0$                                                                                                     |                        |        | 100               | nA               |
| $I_{CES}$    | $V_{CE} = 80\text{V}, V_{BE} = 0$                                                                                                  |                        |        | 100               | nA               |
| $I_{EBO}$    | $V_{EB} = 7\text{V}$                                                                                                               |                        |        | 100               | nA               |
| $h_{FE}$     | $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$<br>$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$<br>$I_C = 1 \text{ A}, V_{CE} = 5\text{V}$ | 1,000<br>10,000<br>500 | 40,000 | 20,000<br>200,000 |                  |
| $V_{CE(s)}$  | $I_C = 100 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0.1 \text{ mA}$                                                                                       |                        | 0.75   | 1.1               | V                |
| $V_{BE(s)}$  | $I_C = 100 \text{ mA}, I_B = 0.1 \text{ mA}$                                                                                       |                        | 1.3    | 1.5               | V                |
| $C_{cb}$     | $V_{CB} = 10\text{V}, I_E = 0, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$                                                                                  |                        | 3      | 6                 | pF               |
| $C_{ib}$     | $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{V}, I_E = 0, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$                                                                                 |                        | 14     | 20                | pF               |
| $h_{fe}$     | $I_C = 100 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5\text{V}, f = 20 \text{ MHz}$                                                                     |                        | 8      |                   |                  |
| $P_{D(max)}$ | $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                           | 12                     |        |                   | W                |
| TO-202       | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                           | 2                      |        |                   | W                |
| TO-226       | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                           | 1                      |        |                   | W                |
| TO-237       | $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                           | 2                      |        |                   | W                |
|              | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                           | 850                    |        |                   | mW               |
| TO-92        | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                           | 700                    |        |                   | mW               |
| $T_J(max)$   | All Plastic Parts                                                                                                                  | 150                    |        |                   | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

# Process 06

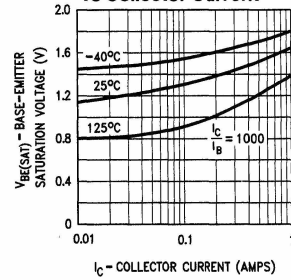
**Typical Pulse Current vs Collector Current**



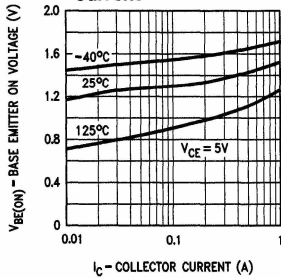
**Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs Collector Current**



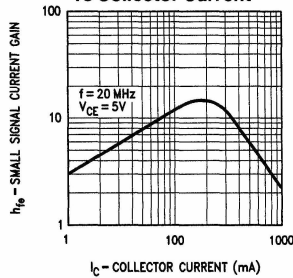
**Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs Collector Current**



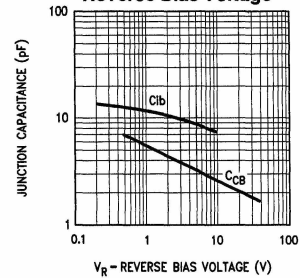
**Base-Emitter on Voltage vs Collector Current**



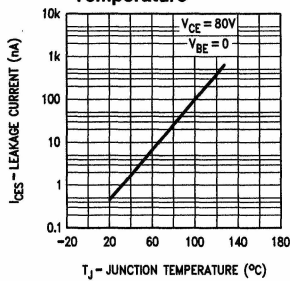
**Small Signal Current Gain vs Collector Current**



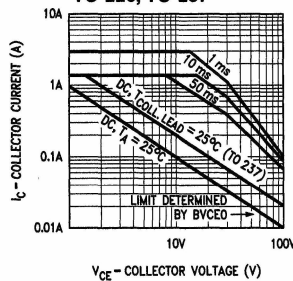
**Junction Capacitance vs Reverse Bias Voltage**



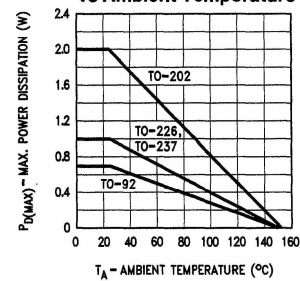
**Typical Collector-Emitter Leakage Current vs Temperature**



**Safe Operating Area TO-226, TO-237**



**Maximum Power Dissipation vs Ambient Temperature**



TL/G/10034-5