

**TRIACS**

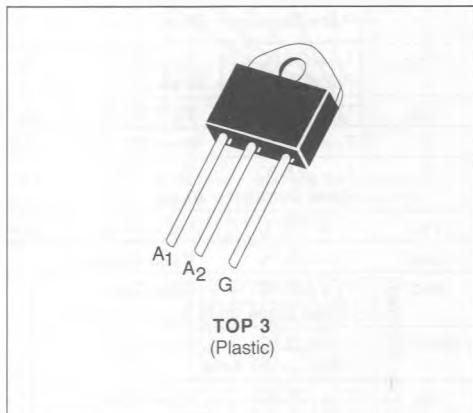
- GLASS PASSIVATED CHIP
- IGT SPECIFIED IN FOUR QUADRANTS

**DESCRIPTION**

This new design of plastic uninsulated power triacs offers maximum efficiency with maximum ease of mounting.

**ADVANTAGES**

- NO TAPPING REQUIRED FOR FIXING
- EXCELLENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE AND HIGH RELIABILITY CONSTRUCTION


**ABSOLUTE RATINGS (limiting values)**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS on-state Current (360° conduction angle)	45	A
$I_{TSM}$	Non Repetitive Surge Peak on-state Current ( $T_j$ initial = 25 °C - Half sine wave)	315	A
	$t = 8.3$ ms	300	
$I^2t$	$I^2t$ Value for Fusing	450	$A^2s$
$di/dt$	Critical Rate of Rise of on-state Current (1)	10	$A/\mu s$
	Repetitive $F = 50$ Hz	50	
$T_{stg}$ $T_j$	Storage and Operating Junction Temperature Range	- 40 to 125 - 40 to 125	°C °C

Symbol	Parameter	BTB 41-					Unit
		200B	400B	600B	700B	800B	
$V_{DRM}$	Repetitive Peak off-state Voltage (2)	200	400	600	700	800	V

(1)  $I_G = 1$  A    $di/dt = 1 A/\mu s$

(2)  $T_i = 125$  °C.

**THERMAL RESISTANCES**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$R_{th(j-a)}$	Junction to Ambient	50	°C/W
$R_{th(c-h)}$	Contact (case-heatsink) with Grease	0.2	°C/W
$R_{th(j-c)}$ DC	Junction to Case for DC	0.95	°C/W
$R_{th(j-c)}$ AC	Junction to Case for 360 ° Conduction Angle ( $F = 50$ Hz)	0.7	°C/W

## GATE CHARACTERISTICS (maximum values)

$$P_{GM} = 40 \text{ W } (t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}) \quad I_{GM} = 10 \text{ A } (t_p = 10 \mu\text{s})$$

$$P_G(\text{AV}) = 1 \text{ W} \quad V_{GM} = 16 \text{ V } (t_p = 10 \mu\text{s})$$

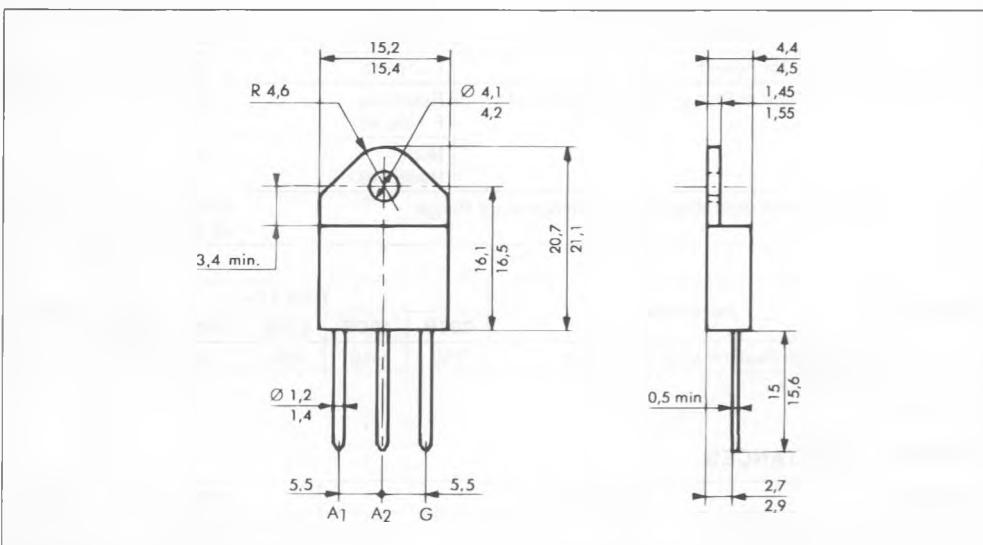
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Test Conditions			Quadrants	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{GT}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_D = 12 \text{ V}$	$R_L = 33 \Omega$	I-II-III	1		50	mA
	Pulse Duration > 20 $\mu\text{s}$			IV	1		100	
$V_{GT}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_D = 12 \text{ V}$	$R_L = 33 \Omega$	I-II-III-IV			1.5	V
$V_{GD}$	$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$V_D = V_{DRM}$	$R_L = 3.3 \text{ k}\Omega$	I-II-III-IV	0.2			V
$I_H^*$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_T = 500 \text{ mA}$	Gate Open			30	80	mA
$I_L$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_D = 12 \text{ V}$	$I_G = 200 \text{ mA}$	I-II-III-IV			100	mA
$V_{TM}^*$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{TM} = 60 \text{ A}$	$t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$				1.8	V
$I_{DRM}^*$	$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{DRM}$ Specified				1.5	6	mA
$dv/dt^*$	$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	Gate Open Linear Slope up to $V_D = 67\% V_{DRM}$			250			V/ $\mu\text{s}$
$(dv/dt)_c^*$	$T_C = 75^\circ\text{C}$	$V_D = V_{DRM}$	$I_T = 60 \text{ A}$		5			V/ $\mu\text{s}$
$t_{g1}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_D = V_{DRM}$	$I_T = 60 \text{ A}$	I-II-III-IV		2.5		$\mu\text{s}$
	$I_G = 1 \text{ A}$	$dv/dt = 10 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$						

\* For either polarity of electrode A<sub>2</sub> voltage with reference to electrode A<sub>1</sub>.

## PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

TOP 3 Plastic



Cooling method : by conduction (method C)

Marking : type number

Weight : 5 g

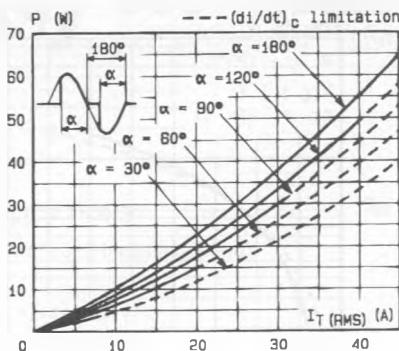


Fig.1 - Maximum mean power dissipation versus RMS on-state current ( $f = 60$  Hz).

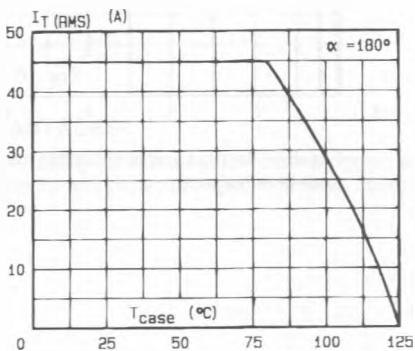


Fig.3 - RMS on-state current versus case temperature.

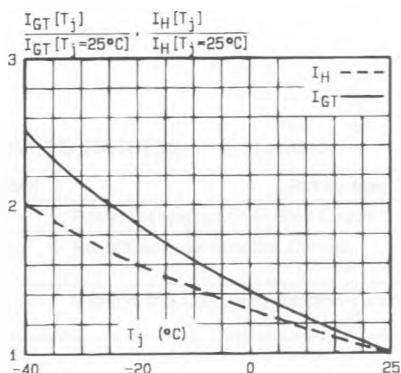


Fig.5 - Relative variation of gate trigger current and holding current versus junction temperature.

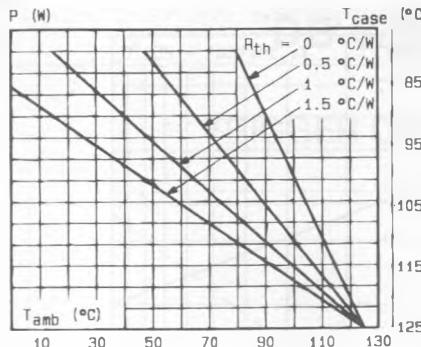


Fig.2 - Correlation between maximum mean power dissipation and maximum allowable temperatures ( $T_{amb}$  and  $T_{case}$ ) for different thermal resistances heatsink + contact.

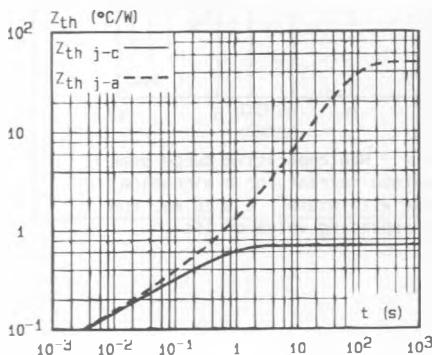


Fig.4 - Thermal transient impedance junction to case and junction to ambient versus pulse duration.

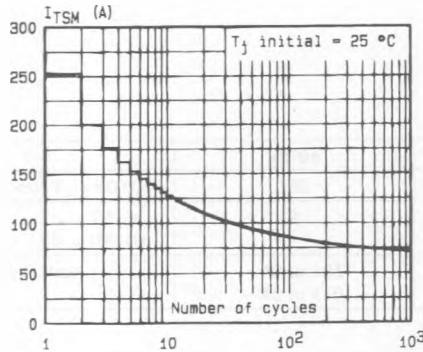


Fig.6 - Non repetitive surge peak on-state current versus number of cycles.

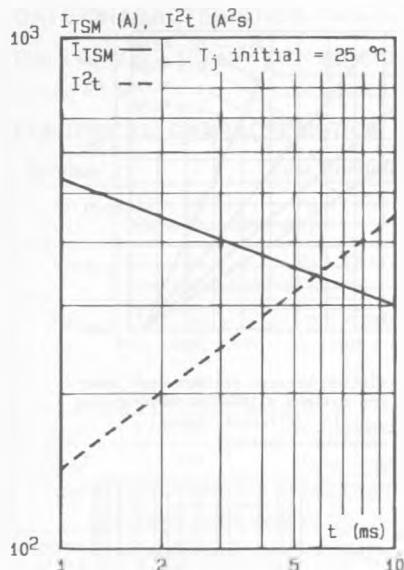


Fig.7 - Non repetitive surge peak on-state current for a sinusoidal pulse with width :  $t \leq 10$  ms, and corresponding value of  $I^2t$ .

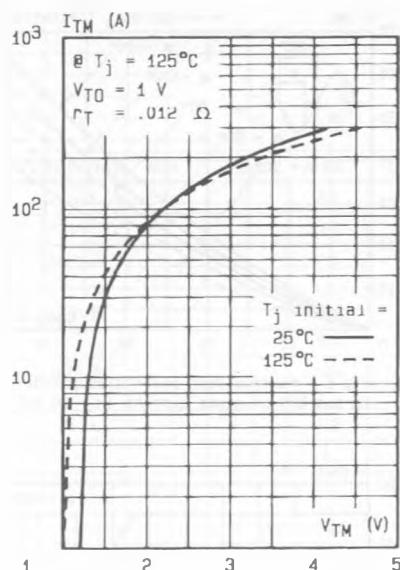


Fig.8 - On-state characteristics (maximum values).